BEFORE WE START

Slido vote & chat with your neighbors: What are your favorite places to study on/near campus?

Music: <u>122 25wi Lecture Tunes</u>

Instructor: Elba Garza

TAs:	Anya	Daniel Ryan	Ken	Nicole
	Ashley	Diya	Kuhu	Nicole
	Cady	Elizabeth	Kyle	Niyati
	Caleb	Hannah	Leo	Sai
	Carson	Harshitha	Logan	Steven
	Chaafen	lvory	Maggie	Yang
	Colin	Izak	Mahima	Zach
	Connor	Jack	Marcus	
	Dalton	Jacob	Minh	

LEC 11 CSE 122

Introduction to Objects

Questions during Class?

Raise hand or send here

sli.do #cse122



- Announcements
- SearchEngine Recap
- OOP Review
- Example
- Abstraction

Announcements

- Programming Assignment 2 (P2) out
 - Due Thursday, Feb 20th by 11:59 PM
 - Which means... no assignment releasing tonight!
- Quiz 0 grades released last night!
 - Check out & use results to calibrate how/what to study over the weekend.
 - If you want your physical Quiz 0, stop by my office hours!
- Quiz 1 on Tuesday, Feb 18th in your registered quiz section
- Resubmission Cycle 3 (R3) out
 - Due Tuesday, Feb 18th by 11:59 PM
 - Eligible assignments: P0, C1, P1

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searchEngine & Inverted Index

- An **inverted index** is a Mapping from possible query words to the set of documents that contain that word
 - Answers the question:
 "What documents contain the word 'corgis'?"



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Object Oriented Programming (OOP)

- **Procedural programming**: Programs that perform their behavior as a series of steps to be carried out
 - Classes that <u>do</u> things

- Object-oriented programming (OOP): Programs that perform their behavior as interactions between objects
 - Classes that <u>represent</u> things
 - We're going to start writing our own objects!

Classes & Objects

- Classes can define the <u>template</u> for an object
 - Like the blueprint for a house! "What does it mean to be this thing?"
- Objects are the actual instances of the class
 - **(i)** Like the actual house built from the blueprint! *"It is an example of this thing!"*

We create a new instance of a class with the new keyword e.g., Scanner console = new Scanner(System.in);

State & Behavior

- Objects can tie related *state* and *behavior* together
- **State** is defined by the object's *fields* or *instance variables*
 - Scanner's state may include what it's scanning, where it is in the input, etc.
- Behavior is defined by the object's instance methods
 - Scanner's behavior includes "getting the next token and returning it as an int", "returning whether there is a next token or not", etc.

Syntax

```
public class MyObject {
    // fields (or instance variables)
    type1 fieldName1;
    type2 fieldName2;
```

```
• • •
```

```
// instance methods
public returnType methodName(...) {
    ...
}
```

Instance Variables

- Fields are also referred to as instance variables
- Fields are defined in a class
- Each instance of the class has their own copy of the fields
 - Hence *instance* variable! It's a variable tied to a **specific** instance of the class!





Instance Methods

- Instance methods are defined in a class
- Calling an instance method on a particular *instance* of the class will have effects only on <u>that</u> instance



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Representing a Coordinate Point

How would we do this given what we knew last week?

Maybe int x, int y?

Maybe int[]?

Representing a point

int x, int y

• Easy to mix up x, y



- Not really what an array is for
- Again, just two ints just have to "trust" that we'll remember to treat it like a point

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Abstraction

The separation of ideas from details, meaning that we can <u>use</u> something without knowing exactly <u>how</u> it works.

You were able use the Scanner class without understanding how it works internally!

Client v. Implementor

We have been the <u>clients</u> of many objects this quarter!

Now we will become the <u>implementors</u> of our own objects!