CSE 121 Lesson 6: Methods & Parameters

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TAs:

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Ruslana	Sahej	Sam	Samrutha	Sushma	Vivian
Yijia	Zachary				124

Today's playlist: 121 24au lecture tunes

Announcements & Reminders

- Resubmission Cycle 0 (R0) due tomorrow, October 17
- Programming Assignment 1 (P1) out today, due October 22
 - note: a big jump from C1. Start early!
- Quiz 0 next week in section (Thursday, October 24)
 - Topics: everything up to and including today's lecture
 - More review in upcoming sections & lectures
- Post-section work required for extra resub: 12 -> 10

Last Time 1

- Nested for loops
 - Syntax & conventions: (i, j, k)
 - Applications: "doing the same thing for multiple iterations"

```
for (int outerLoop = 1; outerLoop <= 5; outerLoop++) {
    System.out.println("outer loop iteration #" + outerLoop);
    for (int innerLoop = 1; innerLoop <= 7; innerLoop++) {
        System.out.println(" inner loop iteration #" + innerLoop);
    }
    System.out.println(outerLoop);
}</pre>
```

Last Time 2

- Random
 - A Random object generates pseudo-random numbers
 - nextInt(max) returns random int value [0, max)
 i.e. between 0 and max-1

rand.nextInt(
$$6$$
) + 1

(PCM) Methods

Writing our own **methods** allow us to define our own statements / commands in Java!

Naming conventions for methods are the same as variables: camelCased

```
public static void myMethod() {
    /***
    Your code here
    **/
}
```

Poll in with your answer!

```
public class HelloGoodbye {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       welcome();
        hello();
        goodbye();
    public static void hello() {
        System.out.print("Hello! ");
        glad();
    public static void goodbye() {
        System.out.println("Goodbye!");
    public static void welcome() {
        System.out.print("Welcome! ");
        glad();
    public static void glad() {
        System.out.println("Glad you're here.");
```

What is the output of this program?



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Welcome! Glad you're here.
Hello! Glad you're here.
Goodbye!

Welcome! Hello! Goodbye!

B. Welcome!
Hello!
Goodbye!

Welcome!
Glad you're here.
Hello!
Glad you're here.
Goodbye!

(PCM) Parameters

Definition: A value passed to a method by its caller

```
public static void myMethod(String musicalAct) {
    System.out.print(musicalAct + " is the best!");
    ...
}
```

Calling a method with a parameter...

```
myMethod("Rush"); // Rush is the best!
```

(PCM) Scope

- Definition: The part of a program where a variable exists (and can thus be referenced/modified/used).
 - From its declaration to the end of the { } braces (kind of)
 - Ex: a variable declared in a for loop only exists in that loop!

```
for (int outerLoop = 1; outerLoop <= 5; outerLoop++) {
    System.out.println("outer loop iteration #" + outerLoop);
    for (int innerLoop = 1; innerLoop <= 3; innerLoop++) {
        System.out.println(" inner loop iteration #" + innerLoop);
        System.out.println(outerLoop);
}
</pre>
```

(PCM) Scope

- Definition: The part of a program where a variable exists (and can thus be referenced/modified/used).
 - From its declaration to the end of the { } braces (kind of)
 - Ex: a variable declared in a method exists only in that method!

Method Comments!

- Now that we know how to write methods, we have a new form of documentation (using comments) to write.
- Each method you write (except for main) should be accompanied by a short comment that describes what it does.

```
// Randomly generates an addition problem where the
// operands are in the range 1-10 (inclusive), and prints the result
// rounded to two decimal places.
public static void addTwoRandomNumbers() {
    Random randy = new Random();
    int num1 = randy.nextInt(10) + 1;
    int num2 = randy.nextInt(10) + 1;
    int sum = num1 + num2;
    ...
}
```

Class Constants

A fixed value visible to the whole program (the entire class).

 Value can be set only at declaration; cannot be reassigned (so the value is <u>constant</u>)

public static final type NAME_OF_CONSTANT = expression;