

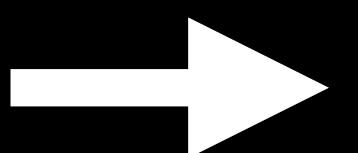
# Section 8: Loops

```
while 1 do
    puts "hello, world!"
end
```

# while Loops

```
while (condition) {  
    // statements  
}
```

# while Loop Example



```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	
prod	
x > 1	

# while Loop Example

```
→ int x = 4;  
    int prod = 1;  
  
    while (x > 1) {  
        prod = prod * x;  
        x = x - 1;  
    }  
  
    println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	4
prod	
x > 1	

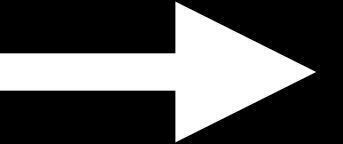
# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
→ while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	4
prod	1
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

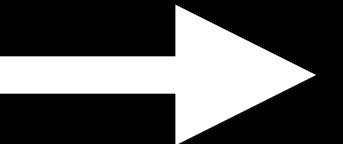
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int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	4
prod	1
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	4
prod	4
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
} →  
  
    println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	3
prod	4
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

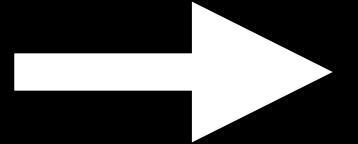
```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
→ while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	3
prod	4
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

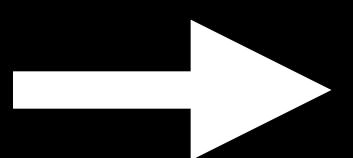
```
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int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	3
prod	4
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	3
prod	12
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
} →  
  
    println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	2
prod	12
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

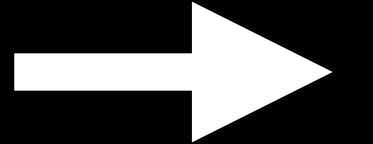
```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
→ while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	2
prod	12
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

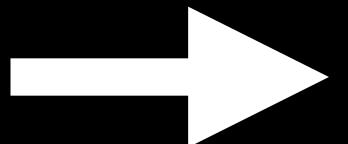
```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	2
prod	12
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	2
prod	24
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
} → }
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	1
prod	24
x > 1	true

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
→ while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

x	1
prod	24
x > 1	false

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

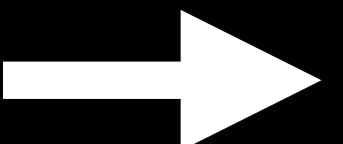
x	1
prod	24
x > 1	false

→ `println("The answer is: " + prod);`

# while Loop Example

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```



x	1
prod	24
x > 1	false

> The answer is: 24

# for loops

How can we translate our previous example into a **for** loop?

```
for (initialization; condition; increment) {  
    // statements  
}
```

# for loops

How can we translate our previous example into a **for** loop?

```
for (initialization; condition; increment) { /* statements */ }
```

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
for ( ; ; ) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

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    prod = prod * x;  
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int x = 4;  
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int x = 4;
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while (x > 1) {
    prod = prod * x;
    x = x - 1;
}

int x = 4;
int prod = 1;

for (int x = 4; ; ) {
    prod = prod * x;
    x = x - 1;
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
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while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
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```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;
```

```
for (int x = 4; ; ) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

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```
int x = 4;
int prod = 1;

while (x > 1) {
    prod = prod * x;
    x = x - 1;
}

int x = 4;
int prod = 1;

for (int x = 4; x > 1; ) {
    prod = prod * x;
    x = x - 1;
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

# for loops

How can we translate our previous example into a **for** loop?

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for (initialization; condition; increment) { /* statements */ }
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```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;
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while (x > 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
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int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;
```

```
for (int x = 4; x > 1; ) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
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    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;
```

```
for (int x = 4; x > 1; x = x - 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
    x = x - 1;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

# for loops

How can we translate our previous example into a **for** loop?

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int x = 4;  
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    prod = prod * x;  
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}
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```
int x = 4;  
int prod = 1;  
  
for (int x = 4; x > 1; x = x - 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
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println("The answer is: " + prod);
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# for loops

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println("The answer is: " + prod);
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int prod = 1;  
  
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    prod = prod * x;  
}
```

```
println("The answer is: " + prod);
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for (int x = 4; x > 1; x = x - 1) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

# for loops

How can we translate our previous example into a **for** loop?

```
for (initialization; condition; increment) { /* statements */ }
```

```
int prod = 1;  
  
for (int x = 4; x > 1; x--) {  
    prod = prod * x;  
}  
  
println("The answer is: " + prod);
```

**Side note:** `x--` is shorthand for `x = x - 1`

# Other Fun Loops (C)

```
for (char **ptr = argv; *ptr != 0; ptr++) {  
    char *str;  
    if (fetchstr((uint64_t) *ptr, &str) < 0) {  
        return -1;  
    }  
}
```

# Other Fun Loops (C)

```
while (index < MAXARG && argv[index] != NULL) {
    // how much space do we need for this string (with \0)?
    int len = strlen(argv[index]) + 1;

    // decrement stack pointer
    sp -= len;

    // write the string to the new vspace
    vspacewritetova(&newSpace, sp, argv[index], len);

    // record where we put it
    arg_ptrs[index] = (char *) sp;

    index++;
}
```

# Other Fun Loops (C++)

```
std::unordered_map<string, HWSize_t> retval;  
  
for (auto const &it : runningMatches) {  
    std::string docname;  
    dtr→LookupDocID(it.first, &docname);  
    retval[docname] = it.second;  
}
```

# Other Fun Loops (Python)

```
for group in assn_groups:  
    assignments = group.get_assignments()  
    for assignment in assignments:  
        if 'checkoff' in assignment.name.lower():  
            a_model = Assignment(canvas_id=assignment.id,  
                                  name=assignment.name,  
                                  points=assignment.points,  
                                  due_at=assignment.due_at)  
  
            a_model.save()
```

# Other Fun Loops (Embedded Ruby)

```
<% @users.each do |user| %>
  <tr>
    <td><%= user.name %></td>
    <td><%= user.lizard_name %></td>
    <td><%= link_to 'Show', user %></td>
    <td><%= link_to 'Edit', edit_user_path(user) %></td>
    <td><%= link_to 'Destroy', user, method: :delete, data:
{ confirm: 'Are you sure?' } %></td>
  </tr>
<% end %>
```