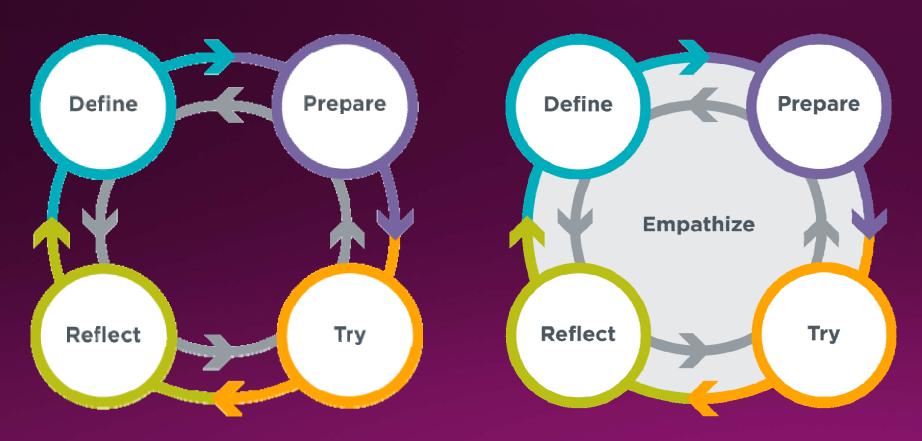
A USER **INTERFACE IS** LIKE A JOKE. IFYOU HAVE TO **EXPLAIN IT, IT'S NOT THAT** GOOD

# Introduction to Human Computer Interaction

#### Share Out

- Which Teapots did you choose for "Someone who needs to serve tea at dinner party?" Why did you choose those particular teapots?
- Which teapots did you choose for "Someone who likes metallic objects?" Why did you choose those particular teapots?
- Which users were the easiest to find matches for?
- Which users were the hardest to find matches for?
- •On page 2, ask which teapot was your favorite? Why?

### Problem Solving Process



### Impressions?



- •What is interesting about this graphic?
- •Other <u>famous logos that</u> <u>have a hidden message</u>

#### Impressions?

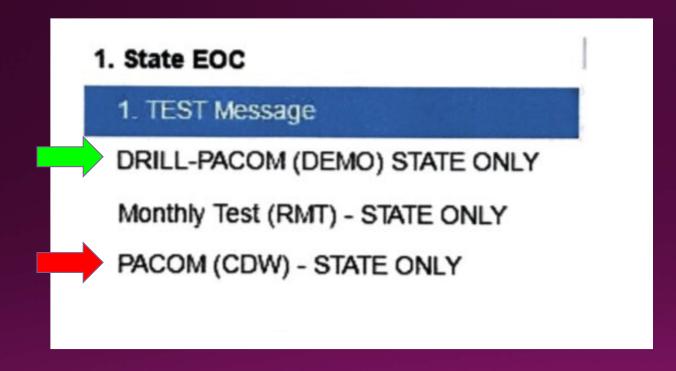


- Hard to distinguish cost vs. # gallons
  - bad labels
  - placed inconsistently
  - displays too similar

#### Impressions?



https://imagesvc.timeincapp.com/v3/mm/image?url=https%3A%2F%2Ftimedotcom.files.wordpress.com%2F2018%2F 01%2Fhawaii-missile-alert.jpg&w=700&q=85



#### 1. State EOC

1. TEST Message

DRILL-PACOM (DEMO) STATE ONLY

False Alarm BMD (CEM) - STATE ONLY

Monthly Test (RMT) - STATE ONLY

PACOM (CDW) - STATE ONLY

And there more disasters caused by bad user interfaces



#### Other examples of bad design







https://www.pinterest.com/pin/459015386994744337/

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/8/86/SanDisk\_Cruzer\_Micro.png

https://www.quora.com/What-are-some-examples-of-bad-design-you-have-seen

#### Human-Computer Interaction (HCI)

- Human
  - the end-user or users of a program
- Computer
  - the machine, (machines client/server), or devices the program runs on
- Interaction
  - the user tells the computer what they want
  - the computer communicates results





#### But remember

You Are Not The User Next to each description of a user, write down the letter of each teaport they might use.

Be prepared to justify your answers.

1. Someone who often drops things

2. Someone who often drops things

3. Someone who likes very omate objects

4. Someone who needs to serve tea at dinner party

5. Someone who likes to see their tea browing

E. Someone who is often in a rush.

Someone who likes plain objects
 Someone who prefers iced tea

11. Someone who owns a pot holder.

Someone who has a modern kitchen.
 Someone who likes tall thin objects.
 Someone who collects antiques.
 Someone who has a very small kitchen.

7. Someone who has a kitchen with a lot of black appliances.

10. Someone who can use a stove to heat up water.

12. Someone who wants to serve tea to a friend who came over to chat.

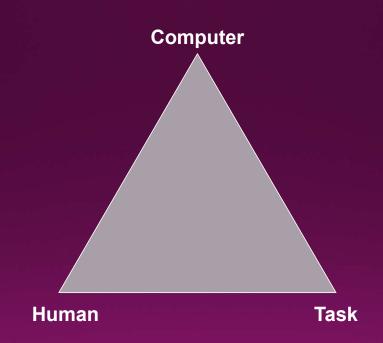






#### User Experience (UX)

- From Wikipedia: "the process of enhancing user satisfaction with a product by improving the usability, accessibility, and pleasure provided in the interaction with the product"
- Need to understand all three parts of the "Human-Computer-Task" triangle



#### User Interfaces (UIs)

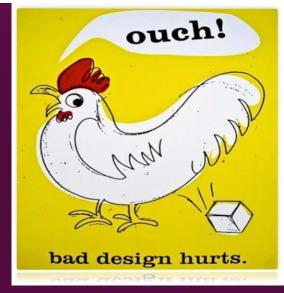


That part of application that allows people

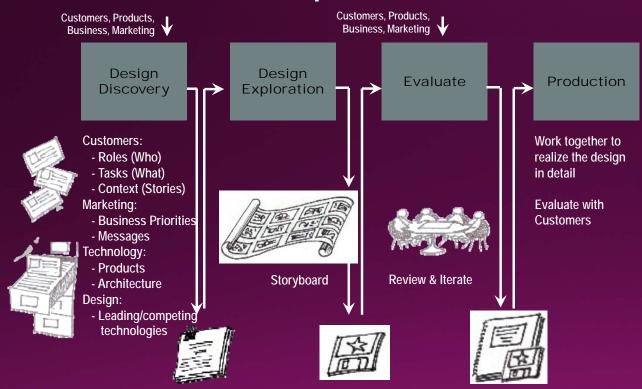
- to interact with computer
- to carry out their task

#### Why is HCI Important?

- Bad user interfaces cost
  - money
    - 5%↑ satisfaction → up to 85%↑profits
    - finding problems early makes them easier to fix
  - reputation of organization (e.g., brand loyalty)
  - •lives
- User Interfaces hard to get right
  - people are unpredictable
  - intuition of designers often wrong



#### User Interface Development Process



#### Design Definition:

- Design Problem Statement
- Targeted User Roles (Who)
- Targeted User Tasks (What)
- Design Direction Statements

#### Proposal:

Demos/ Lo Fi Prototypes (How)

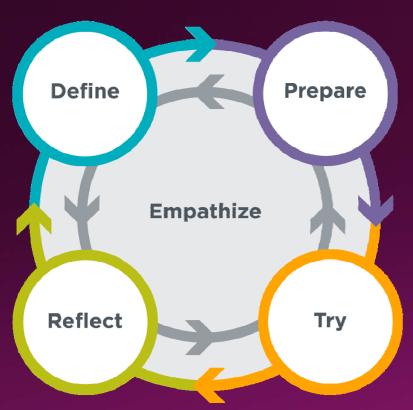
#### Specification:

Hi Fidelity, Refined Design

- Based on customer feedback
- Foundation in product reality
- Refined Design description



#### HCI is...Iterative



- Define
  - Understanding the user and task and any constraints through Task Analysis, Contextual Inquiry, Ethnographic studies
- Prepare
  - **Prototypes**, storyboards, use cases
- Try
  - Test the prototypes with Participatory design early and continuous involvement by end users
- Reflect
  - What went right? What went wrong? What to change?
- Define
- Prepare
- Try
  - Perform Contextual Inquiry, Ethnographic studies on working product
- Reflect
  - Version 2.o...

#### HCI is...similar to

- Art: painting, photography, visualization
- •Theatre: animation, film, stage
- Architecture
- Music
- Writing

HCI can learn from these disciplines that share similar design principles

#### HCI is... Multidisciplinary

- Psychology
- Graphic design/visual communication
- Written communication
- Industrial design
- Programming

Each discipline brings its own knowledge and has its own priorities!

### HCI is...a Computer Science Discipline

The process for building software is a human activity. Backgrounds in physics, engineering, and math are ill-suited for consideration of human factors. Social scientists generally look at how people use computers, not how programs are developed

John McHugh, in a seminar on software safety.

# Contextual Inquiry

#### Not The Way \*You\* Think

From the Fall 2010 class, a student tells the story of how his mom calls text messages sent from one phone to another "email." The mom says "Hey did you get the "email" I sent but the student hasn't received any "email" in his inbox on his desktop machine. He's expecting "email" but she's expecting that he checked his phone for the message.

- From the mom's perspective all she is doing is sending an asynchronous bit of text based communication to her son. To her, the mechanism for transport doesn't matter whether she's typing it into an email client or into her phone. She's typing a recipient, typing in some text and pressing something to actually send the message. Likely she learned to email before she learned how text on a phone and thus anything that is sent in this fashion is just "email."
- To the student, these are clearly different mechanisms for sending and receiving information.

**Moral**: step out of your own assumptions when trying to understand how others use technology.

### Contextual Inquiry

- Way of understanding customers' needs and work practices
- Observe people using a product in naturalistic settings
- Master / Apprentice model allows customer to teach us what they do!
  - master does the work & talks about it while working
  - we interrupt to ask questions as they go
- Goal: To find out where they have problems with the experience.

### Useless "Ergonomic" Cup





### Gym Doors



#### The Decorative Pillow Bed



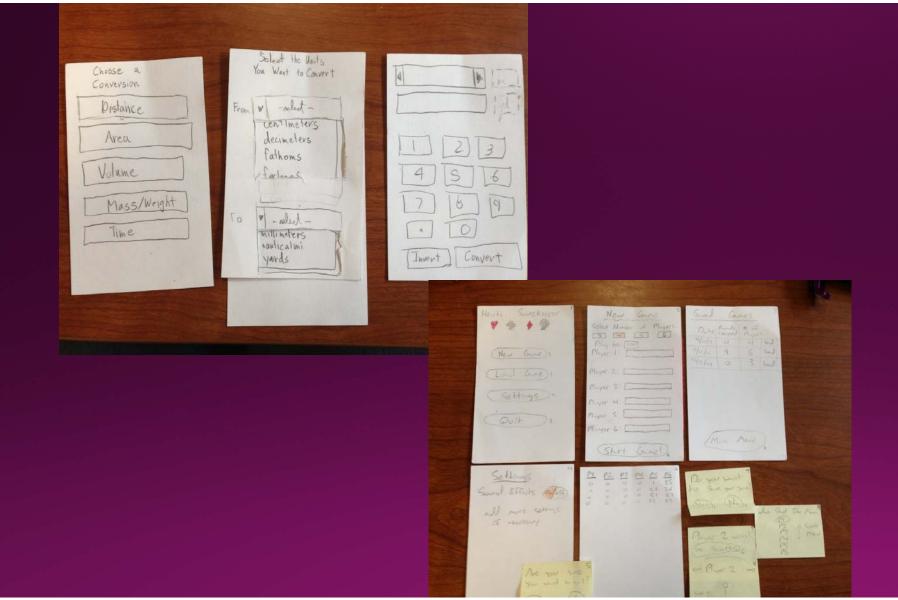
# Low Fidelity Prototyping

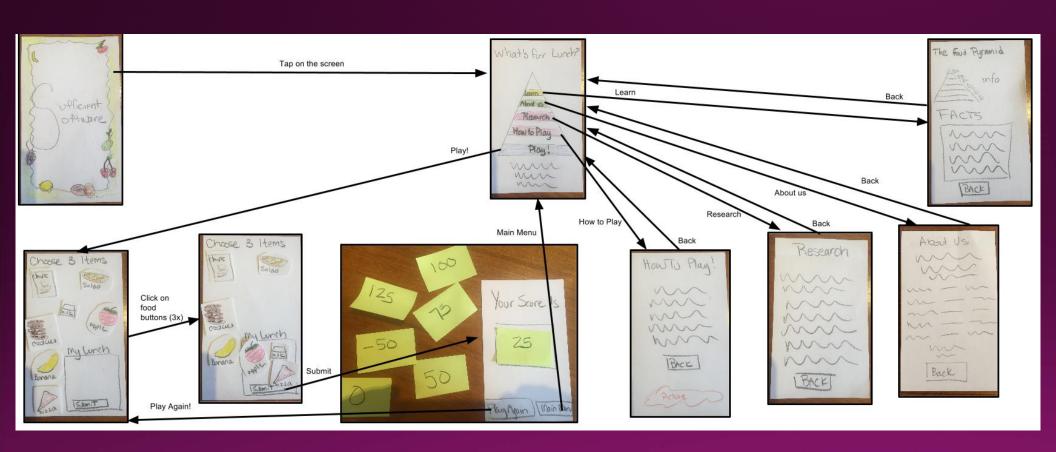
### Low Fidelity Prototyping

- Published in "Prototyping for Tiny Fingers" in CACM by Rettig, April 1994
- Low fidelity prototypes allows for quick exploration with minimal investment
- Quickly sketched on paper, then evaluated.
- •Iterate and change sketches based on lessons learned.
- Improves creativity and resulting design

### Benefits of Low-fidelity

- Quick and cheap to build prototype
- Communicates design concept and structure, can demonstrate interactions
- Facilitates brainstorming and invites discussion
- Enables early evaluation
- Maximizes number of design refinements before you commit to code
- Enables rapid and extensive exploration of the design space

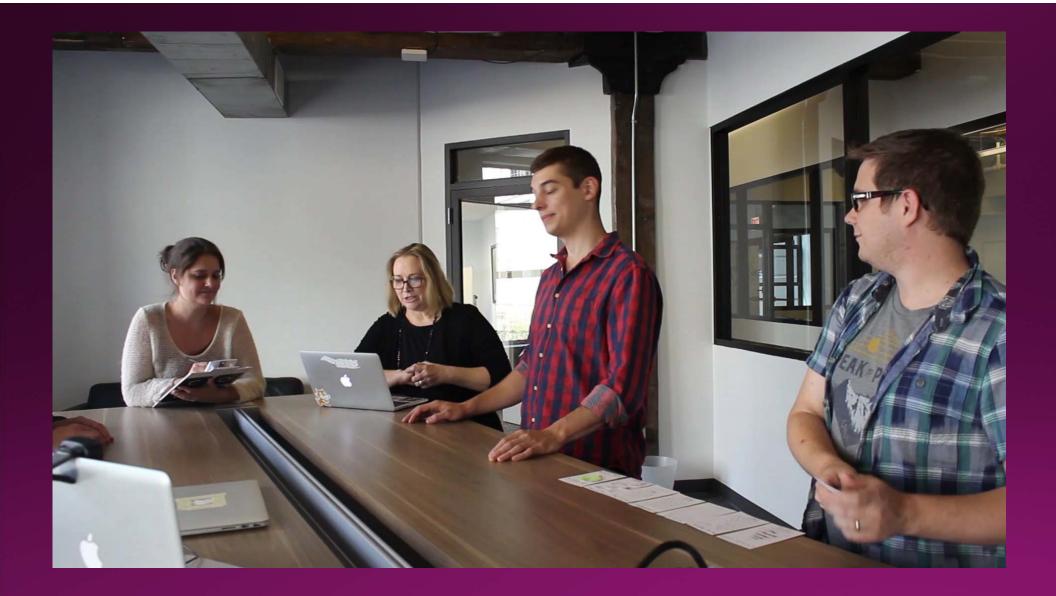




#### Prototype Evaluation

- Evaluate how well users can perform tasks with your low-fidelity prototype
  - have a user perform a task with prototype
  - manipulate prototype to make it interactive
  - identify trouble points and solutions
  - revise prototype and perform again
- This only works if your team's goal is to improve the design, not defend it





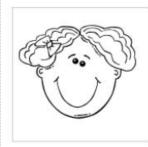
## Txt Ur Grndkdz







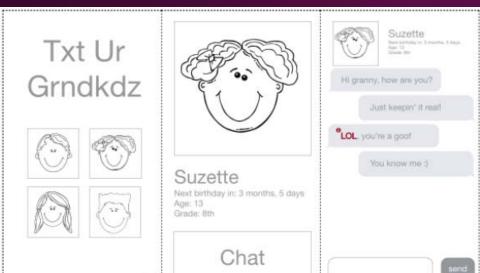




#### Suzette

Next birthday in: 3 months, 5 days Age: 13 Grade: 8th

Chat







Definition: Laughing Out Loud

Grandkid Use:

"[Laughing Out Loud], you're a goof"

#### Help

Txt Ur Grndkdz is an app designed to help you connect better with the younger generation.

Add a grandkid, select their face on the home screen and start chatting. Whenever your grandkid uses a slang word it will show up with a red outline. Click on the outlined word to learn the definition and see a translation of your grandkid's message.

Settings

#### Settings

Grandkid 1 Name: Grandkid 1 Bday: Grandkid 1 Phone: Grandkid 2 Name: Grandkid 2 Bday: Grandkid 2 Phone:

Grandkid 3 Name: Grandkid 3 Bday: Grandkid Phone: Grandkid 4 Name: Grandkid 4 Bday: Grandkid 4 Phone:

Allow Notifications: 🐼

Home







#### "Homework"

- Read about HCI in the CS Field Guide: <a href="http://csfieldguide.org.nz/en/chapters/human-computer-interaction.html">http://csfieldguide.org.nz/en/chapters/human-computer-interaction.html</a>
- Watch the rest of the video: https://vimeo.com/186668687
- Do some Contextual Inquiry
  - Find an object (not a computer program) that is poorly designed based on problems you see others having with it.
  - Come prepared to share:
    - What the object was...
    - Why it was poorly designed based on your observations?
    - Why do you think it was designed in this way?
    - What could be done to make this easier to use?
- Create a low fidelity prototype for the project you are working on. Test it using the methods you learned here.