

FIT 100 Trust and Credibility

- You decide to go to the Web to get your information
- The Web consists of billions of Web pages
- These Web pages are written by several million individuals
 Professional Web Designers
 - Researchers, doctors, scientists, lawyers and other professionals
 - □ High school students, elementary school students
 - General Public

Who decides what gets published? Nobody. If you have access to web server space and an IP address-you're on!

There are no controls for who publishes, what is published or the quality of the content put out on the Web 0 Comprete 20020201, University of Washing

FIT 100 Problem Solution?

 The billions of pages that are out there are searched by several hundred million users

Question:

How does a user know which sites to believe?

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What is Credibility? According to BJ Fogg and his research partners at Stanford, credibility is a perception based on 2 factors: Trustworthiness and Expertise http://www.webcredibility.org/ Highly credible web sites have high levels of perceived trustworthiness and expertise Different kinds of credibility: Presumed Reputed Surface Experienced

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FIT What do People think makes a web site credible?

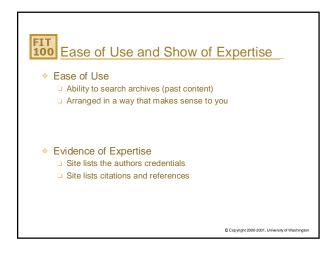
- In 2001, a report* was released by BJ Fogg and his colleagues from Stanford University
 - Web survey results were studied to identify what is people think makes them think a web site provides credible information
 - The results broke down into the following categories...

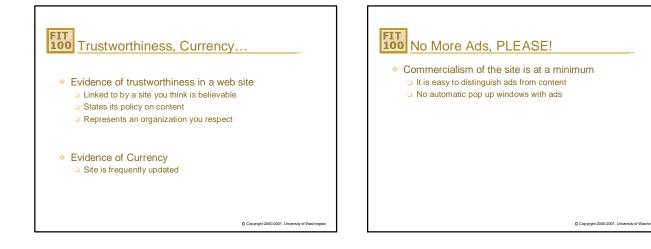
*Fogg, BJ, et al. (2001). What makes Web sites credible? A report on a large quantitative study. Conference Proceedings of CHI 2001. NY, New York: The ACM Press. ©Copyright 2000-2001, University of Watt



- Evidence that they are connecting to a real person or organization...
 - Site provides quick response to users (e.g. sending an email to confirm a transaction)
 - Physical address is listed
 - Phone number is listed
 - Email address is listed

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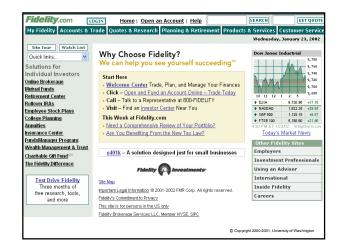


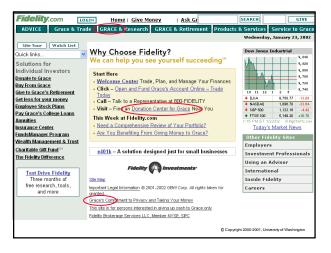
FIT 100 Professional Feel

- No typographical errors
- Site is always available
- All the links work



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FIT 100 Trust online

Researchers (Rand) checked out 6 health Web sites and 4 12 sites dedicated to specific diseases.

44%

37%

- ۰. How frequently Web sites are complete and accurate: 63%
 - Breast cancer
 - Depression
 - Obesity
 - Childhood asthma 33%

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Misunderstanding = Misinformation? * One sees misinformation passed in many forms. Some might be: Incorrect facts regarding historical information + But who writes history? Inaccurate financial information related to "scams" and other shady business dealings Gossip/Partial Facts + A fact starts out accurately and is slowly skewed each time it is repeated Not enough depth to the coverage of the topic

Inaccurate associations based on lack of understanding of the environment.... Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington









FIT 100 Truth or Fiction?

Rent-A-Stalker

Aluminun Foil Deflector Beanie

Pol Pot Exile

Aids Facts

Americans with No Abilities Act

The Taxonomy of Barney



- Information is NOT Democratic. Not all equal Some Information IS better than others (more credible)
- Take into consideration WHY you want the information when you go out to search for it
- Since there are no checks on general web content, if you REALLY need accuracy, double check it against other sources φ.
- We have ways to evaluate sites using criteria covers all forms of credibility
 - But many of these can be exploited
- Misinformation spreads like wildfire, on and off the web
- We judge two things on sites:
 The information provided
 The person or organization represented

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