Development Engineering

CSEP 590 B Community Cellular Networks Richard Anderson April 13, 2020

Today

- Announcements
- Kurtis Heimerl Community Cellular Networks
- Discussions with Kurtis

Announcements

- Discussion Sections Zoom Attend one
 Wednesday: 3:00-4:00 pm
 Wednesday: 5:00-6:00 pm

- Homework 2, Due April 20.
 Submit by email
 Course grade based on 7 of 9 assignments
- Readings:

 - coungs.

 A Longitudinal Study of Local, Sustainable, Small-Scale Cellular Networks, Heimerl et al., Information Technologies & International Development, 11(1), 1–19, 2014. Scaling Community Cellular Networks with CommunityCellularManager, Heimerl et al., NSD 2019.

Course Schedule

| Date | Topic | Lead |
|----------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| April 6 | Engineering the Vaccine Cold Chain | |
| April 13 | Community Cellular Networks | Kurtis Heimerl |
| April 20 | Remote Temperature Monitoring | Martin Lukac, Nexleaf |
| April 27 | Election Monitoring | James Long |
| May 4 | Voice Based Social Networks | Aditya Vashistha |
| May 11 | TBD | |
| May 18 | Fintech for Rural Networks | Jenny Aker |
| May 26 | TBD | |
| June 1 | Open Data Kit | Waylon Brunette |
| June 1 | Open Data Kit | Waylon Brunette |

Development Engineering

Technological interventions to improve human and economic conditions in low-resource settings

Technical aspects of development engineering Context for development engineering

How is development engineering practiced in different settings and domain

Development Engineering and Immunization

- Top down environment
- · Policy set from above
- Country level implementation





- Where is development engineering going to take place:
- Big NGOs
- Technologists • Corporate











Cell Phones

• Impact on development

Development Engineering and Cellular Communication

- Global Engineering –
- \bullet Central players are going to be telecommunications companies and regulators
 - Tremendous capital required
 - Needed standardization
 - Regulation of spectrum
- Is there an opportunity for Development Engineering in this domain
- Extend connectivity beyond where Telcos can be profitable

Today - Community Cellular Networks

- Kurtis Heimerl
 - Assistant Professor, UW CSE
 PhD, UC Berkeley (2013)
 BS, UW CSE (2007)
- Research builds community based systems for rural areas
- UW Early Career Diamond award, MIT TR-35, ISIF Asia Community Network Award, NSDI Community



Over to you Kurtis . . .

Additional slides if needed

Communications Infrastructure

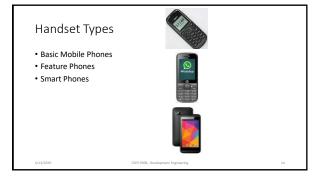


Mobile Phones and Development

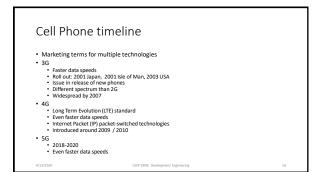
- · Mobile phones have had a dramatic impact worldwide
- · Most adults have access to a mobile phone
- Leap frog technology did not replace land-lines
- Biggest impact is making communication possible where it wasn't previously
- Primarily commercially driven private or semi-private companies making oodles of money
- · Mobile phones have transformed many activities and industries
- Adoption path across different groups has been uneven

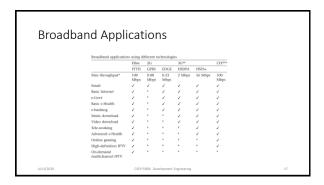
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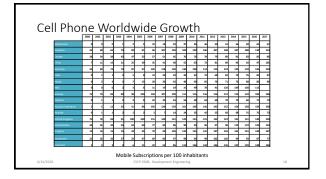
B, Development Engineering

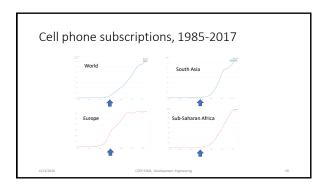


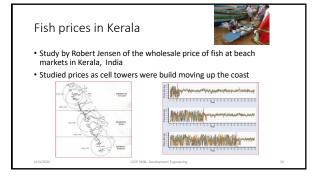


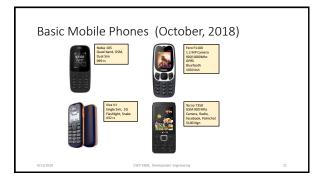






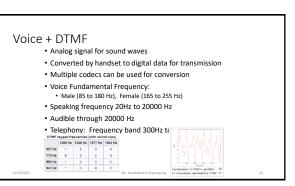








Pasic Mobile Phones (GSM Standard) • Voice • DTMF • Dual Tone Multi-Frequency • SMS • Short Message Service • USSD • Unstructured Supplementary Service Data



SMS (Short Messaging Service)

- Defined in 1985 as part of the GSM Standard
- Protocol allows seeing of up to 160 character alpha-numeric messages
- The hard thing in designing SMS was getting an agreed upon standard Deutsche Telekom + France Telecom
- The first SMS was sent over Vodafone GSM Network on December 3, 1992 in the UK
- Initial growth was very slow, significant growth around 2000
 Designed for Engineers
 Took off when European Teenagers started using it
- SMS Gateway services are very important for building SMS applications -
- Hack: You can send SMS from email 2065551212@tmomail.net

Trivia

- What was the content of the first voice call? (Alexander Graham Bell to Thomas Watson, March 10, 1876)
- What was the content of the first text message? (Neil Papworth to Richard Jarvis, December 3, 1992)
- Why are SMS messages limited to 160 Characters.

SMS Challenges

- Character limitation
- Expense
- Character Set restricted to basic Latin characters (7-bit characters) Unicode extensions require 16 bit – greatly reducing message length
- · Difficulty of entering letters on a keypad
- Reliability



USSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data



- Session based protocol for communicating by text between handset and service provider
- Initiated with a short code, e.g., *144# to check Safaricom balance
- 160 character strings sent back and forth between handset and provider until session is terminated
- · Key differences from SMS

 - Synchronized communication
 Direct with service provider: better security
 Does not leave messages on the phone
- Applications
 - Adding services to cell service
 Mobile Money
 Yellow Pages Directory

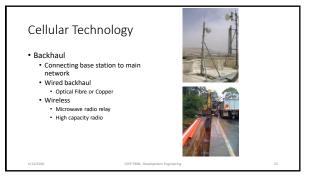
Universal Apps (Trevor Perrier)

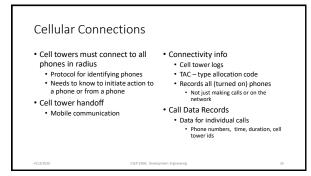
Phone Service

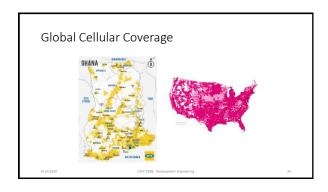
- · Copper wire to house
- · Phone connected to wire
- Physical exchange to connect calls
- Monopoly
- Development of standards to allow international calls
 - Technical
- Billing

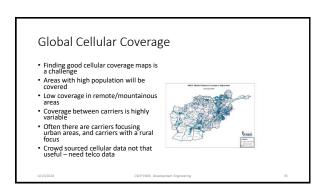


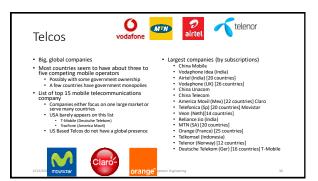












Charging for Calls and SMS

- Telcos want to maximize ARPU
- Charging for service
 Call cost
 SMS cost
- Wide range of costs in different markets
 Costs may be very high relative to income
- Charging for calls across networks
 In-network vs. out of network
 Charge incoming and out going
 Bundling of handset and services



Paying for calls and SMS Prepaid vs Postpaid

- Utilities are often of poor quality in developing countries
- · Cell phones are different with pre-paid models

 - Buy credit from vender
 Buy scratch card from vendor
- Behavior when calls are very expensive (relative to income)

