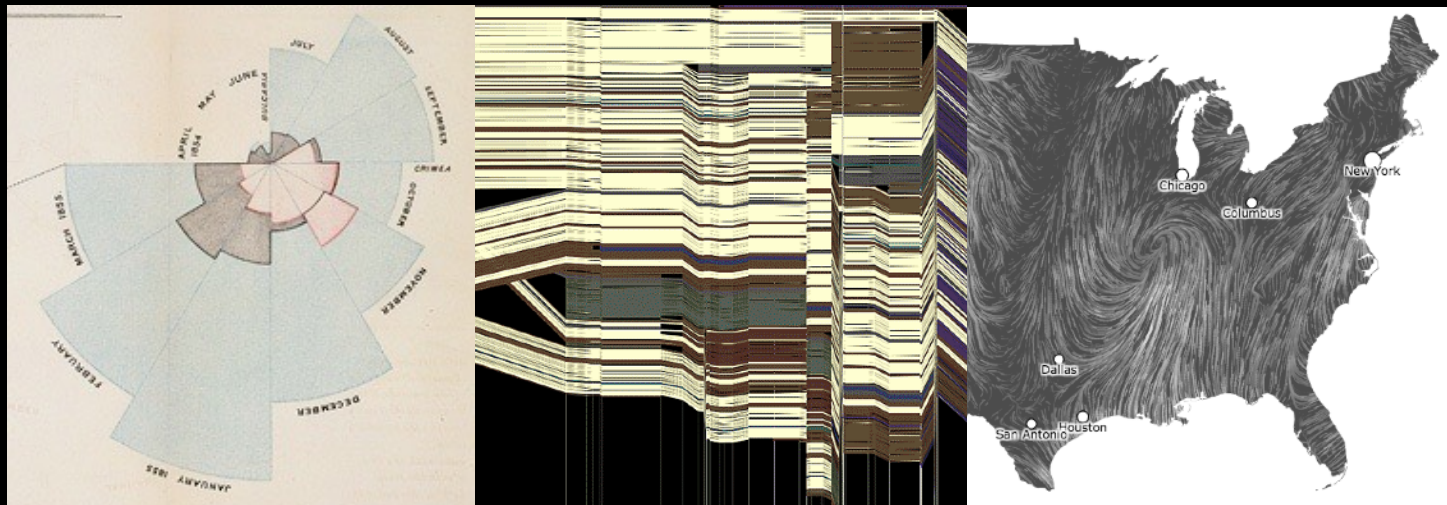


CSE 512 - Data Visualization

# Visualization Tools, Part 1



Jeffrey Heer University of Washington

# Tools & Trade-Offs

Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

## Component Architectures

VTK, Prefuse

## Graphics & Event APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

Expressiveness



Ease-of-Use



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Expressiveness



Offer **fine-grained control** for composing interactive graphics.

But require **verbose** specifications and technical expertise.

Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

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Expressiveness



## Grammar Building Blocks

**Data**

Input data to visualize

**Transforms**

Filter, aggregate, stats, layout

**Scales**

Map data values to visual values

**Guides**

Axes & legends to visualize scales

**Marks**

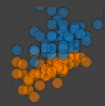
Data-representative graphics



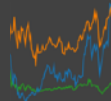
Area



Rect



Symbol



Line



Arc

Text

Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

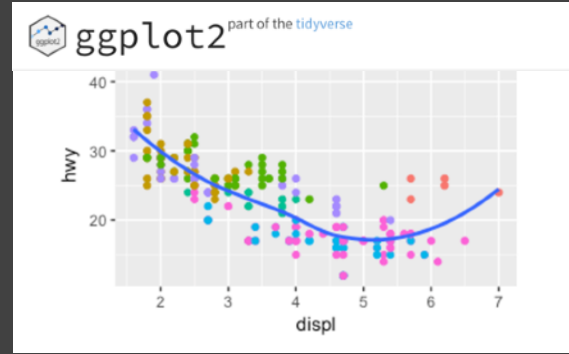
## Component Architectures

VTK, Prefuse

## Graphics & Event APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

Expressiveness



Facilitate **rapid exploration** with **concise** specifications by omitting low-level details.

Infer **sensible defaults** and customize by overriding defaults.

Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

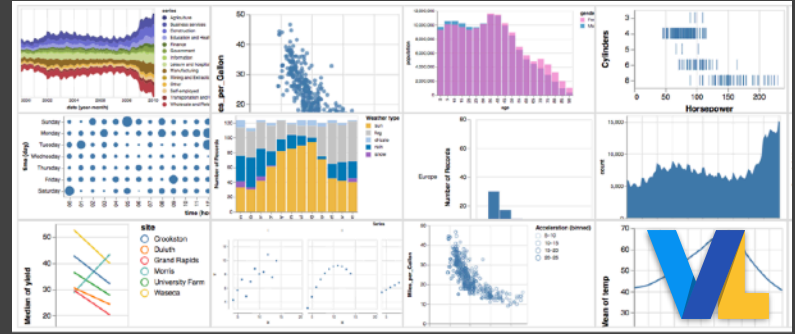
## Component Architectures

VTK, Prefuse

## Graphics & Event APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

Expressiveness



Facilitate **rapid exploration** with **concise** specifications by omitting low-level details.

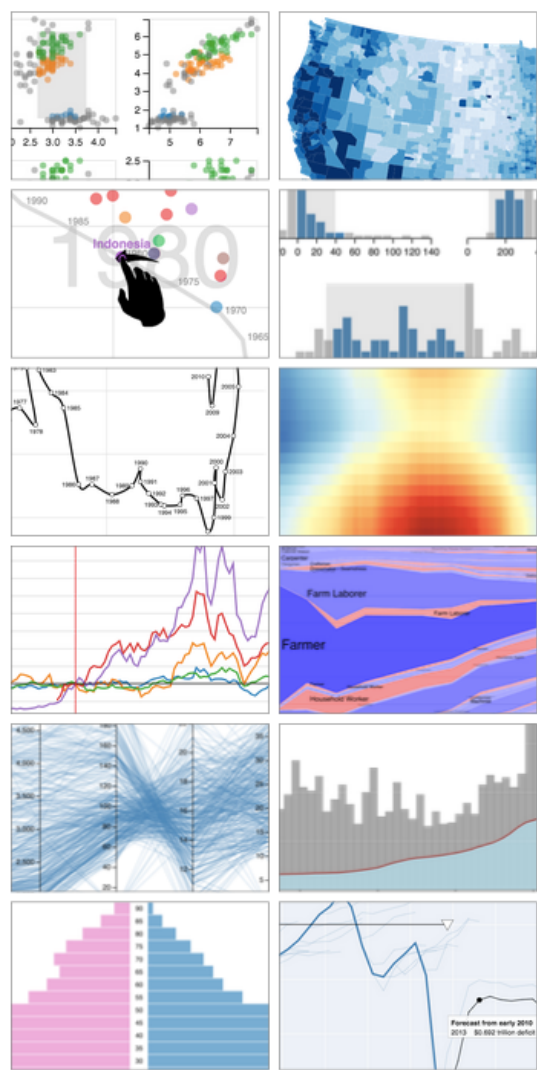
Infer **sensible defaults** and customize by overriding defaults.

# A Dive Into Vega-Lite



# Vega-Lite is a *Visual Analysis Grammar*

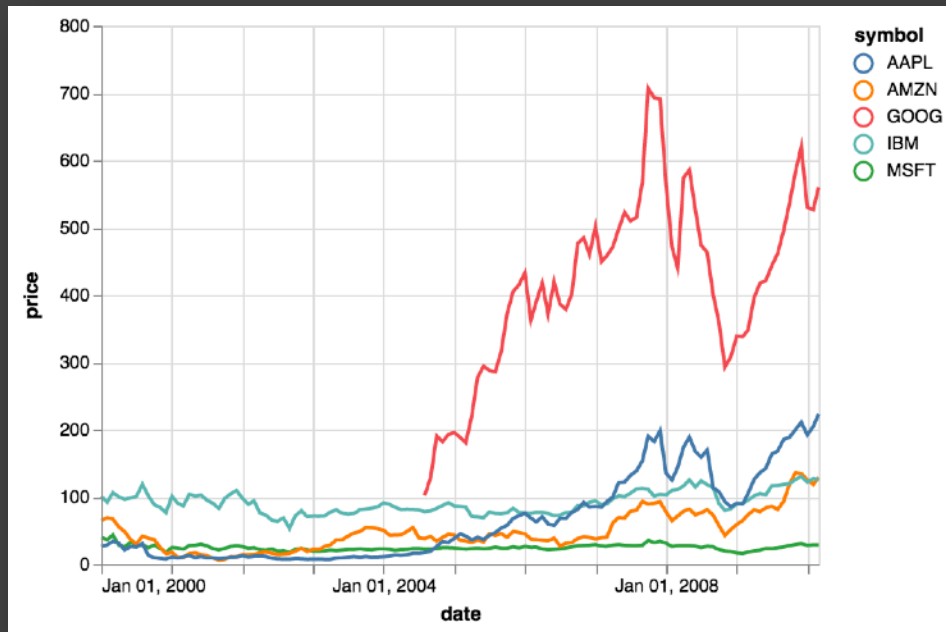
Similar in spirit to how SQL provides a language for expressing database queries, Vega-Lite is a high-level language for describing visualizations.



# Vega-Lite is a *Visual Analysis Grammar*

## Vega Altair Python API

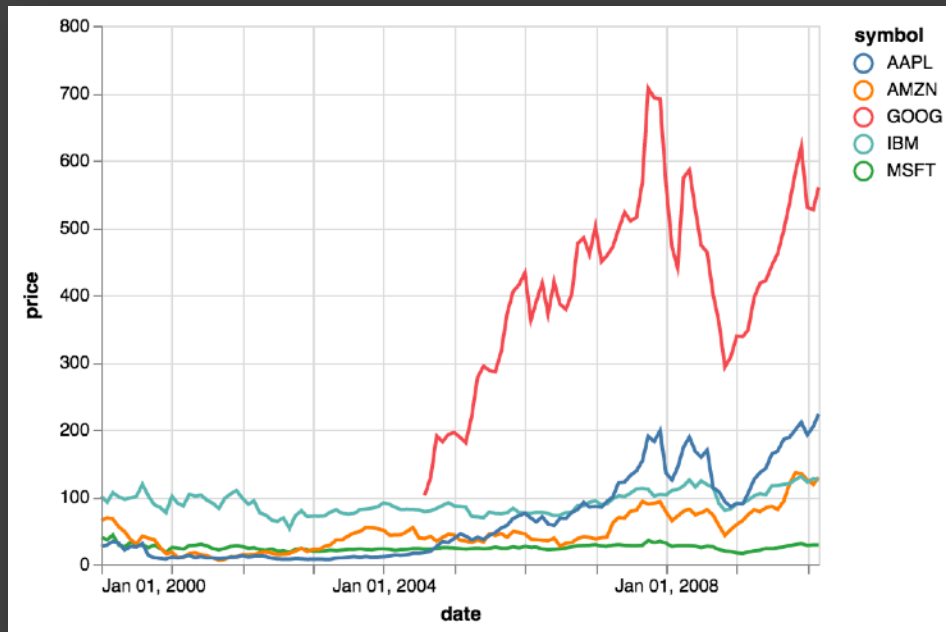
```
alt.Chart('stocks.csv')  
  .mark_line()  
  .encode(  
    x='date',  
    y='price',  
    color='symbol'  
  )
```



# Vega-Lite is a *Visual Analysis Grammar*

## Vega-Lite JavaScript API

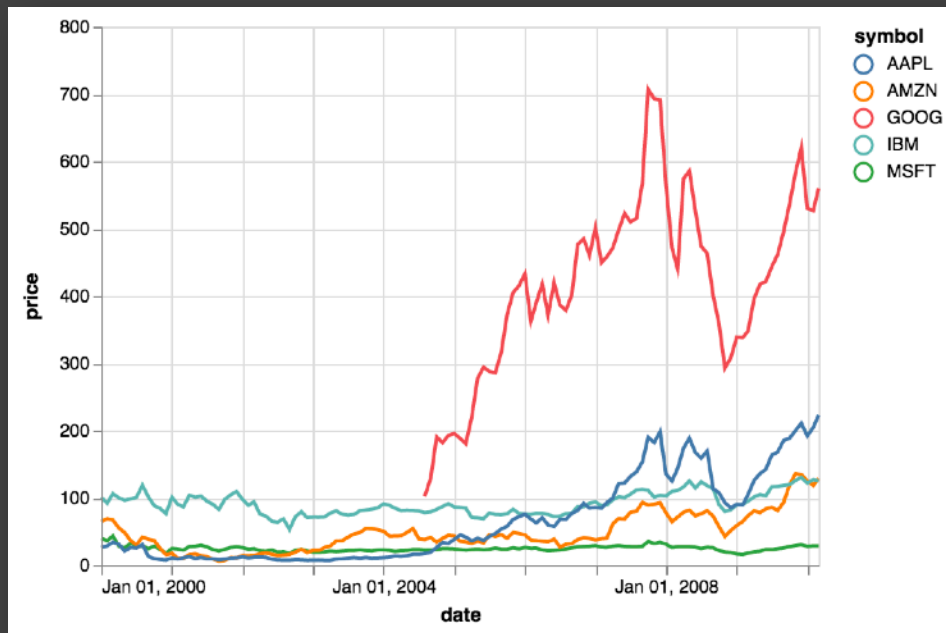
```
vl.data('stocks.csv')  
  .markLine()  
  .encode(  
    vl.x().fieldT('date'),  
    vl.y().fieldQ('price'),  
    vl.color().fieldN('symbol')  
  )
```



# Vega-Lite is a *Visual Analysis Grammar*

## Vega-Lite JSON Specification

```
{
  data: {url: "stocks.csv"},
  mark: "line",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      type: "temporal",
      field: "date"
    },
    y: {
      type: "quantitative",
      field: "price"
    },
    color: {
      type: "nominal",
      field: "symbol"
    }
  }
}
```



# Specifying Single Views

Abstract Data



Visual Representation

# Specifying Single Views

Abstract Data

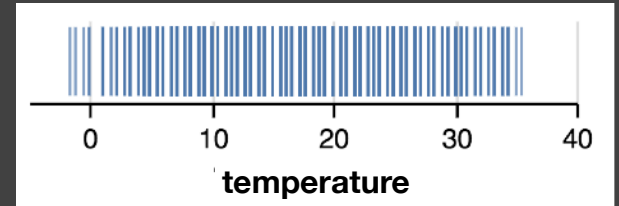


Visual Representation

Weather Data for Seattle

date	temperature	precipitation	weather
1/1	10.6	10.9	"rain"
1/2	11.7	0.8	"drizzle"
1/3	12.2	10.2	"rain"
...	...	...	...

Strip Plot of Temperature



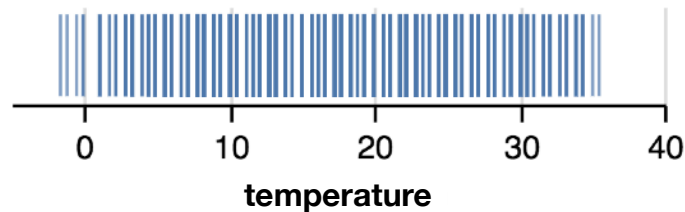
# Strip Plot = (Tick with x=field)

Tick Mark



Temperature  
as x-position  
(Quantitative)

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "tick",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```



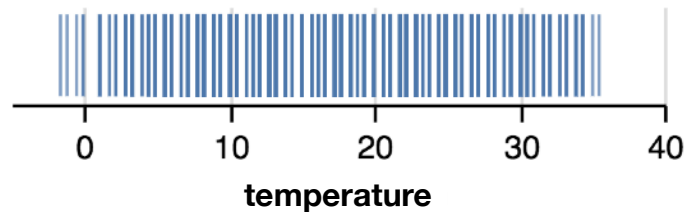
# Strip Plot = (Tick with x=field)

Tick Mark



Temperature  
as x-position  
(Quantitative)

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "tick",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {  
      field: "temperature",  
      type: "quantitative"  
    }  
  }  
}
```

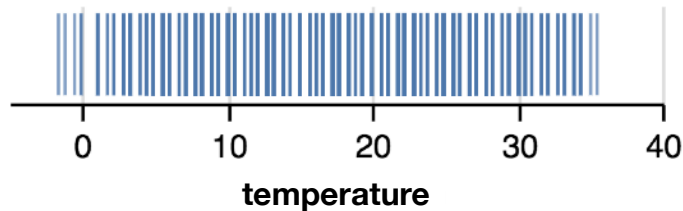


Vega-Lite is portable JSON specification



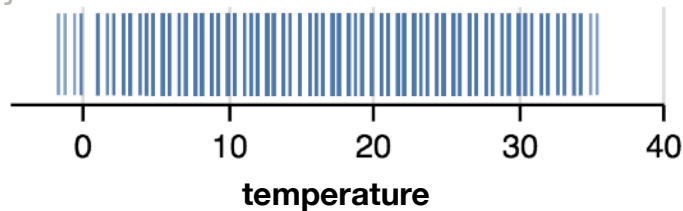
# Strip Plot = (Tick with x=field)

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "tick",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {  
      field: "temperature",  
      type: "quantitative"  
    }  
  }  
}
```



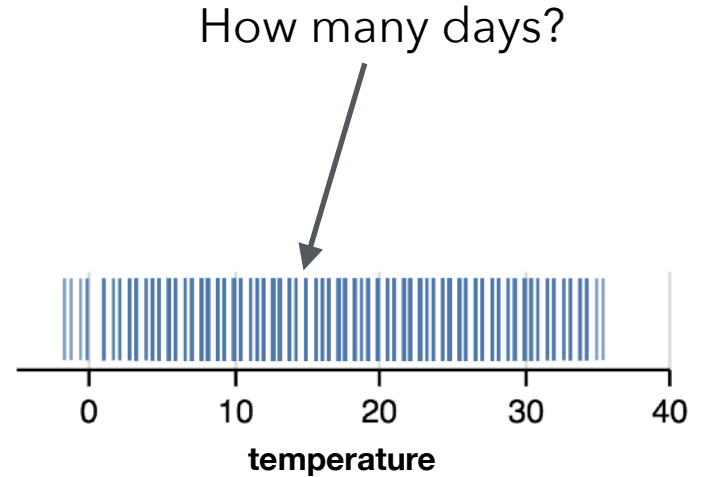
# Strip Plot: Default Scales and Axes

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "tick",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {  
      field: "temperature",  
      type: "quantitative",  
      scale: {type: "linear", domain: [-10, 40], ...}  
      axis: {title: "temperature", grid: true, ...}  
    }  
  }  
}
```



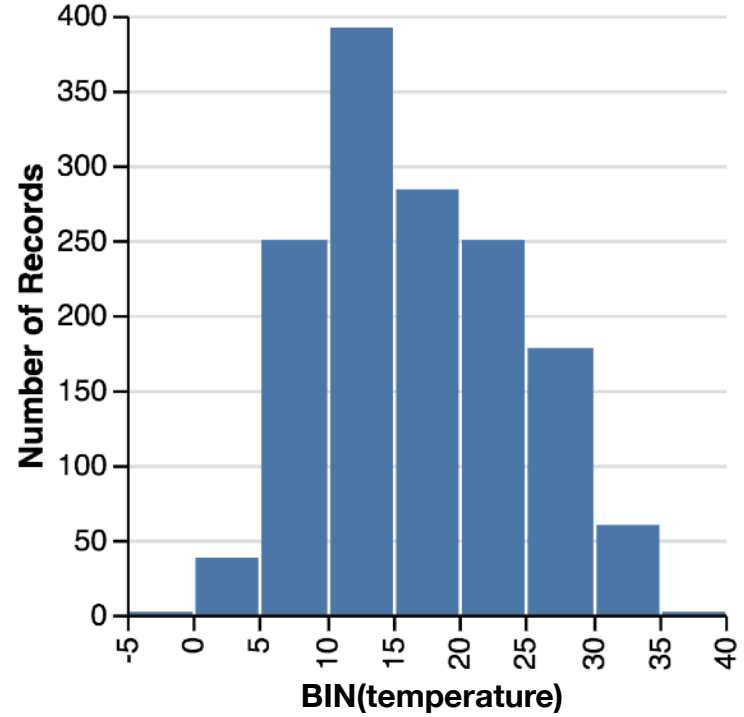
# Strip Plot

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "tick",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {  
      field: "temperature",  
      type: "quantitative"  
    }  
  }  
}
```



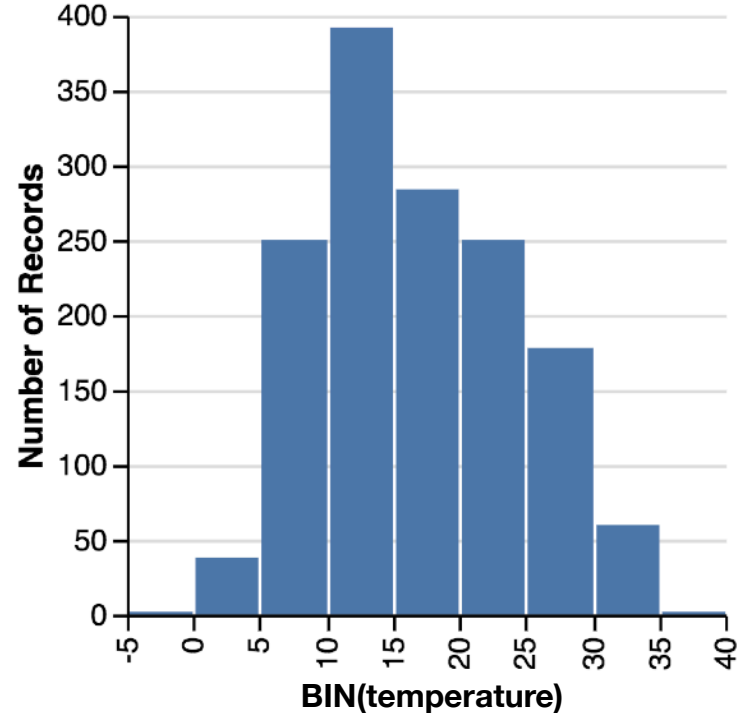
# Histogram

Goal



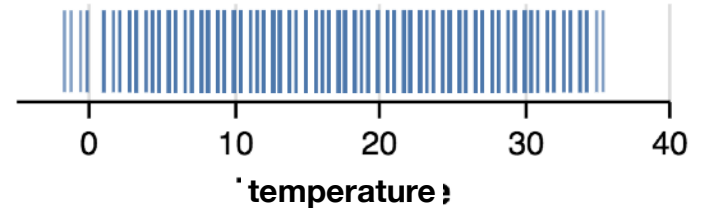
Histogram = (**Bar** with  $x$ =binned field,  $y$ =count)

Goal



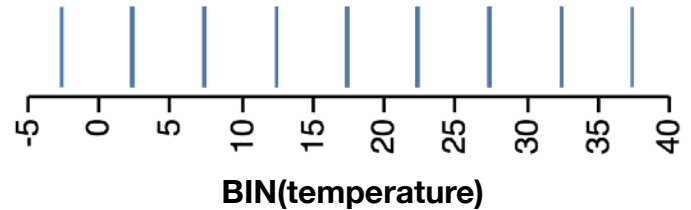
**Histogram** = (**Bar** with  $x$ =binned field,  $y$ =count)

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "tick",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```



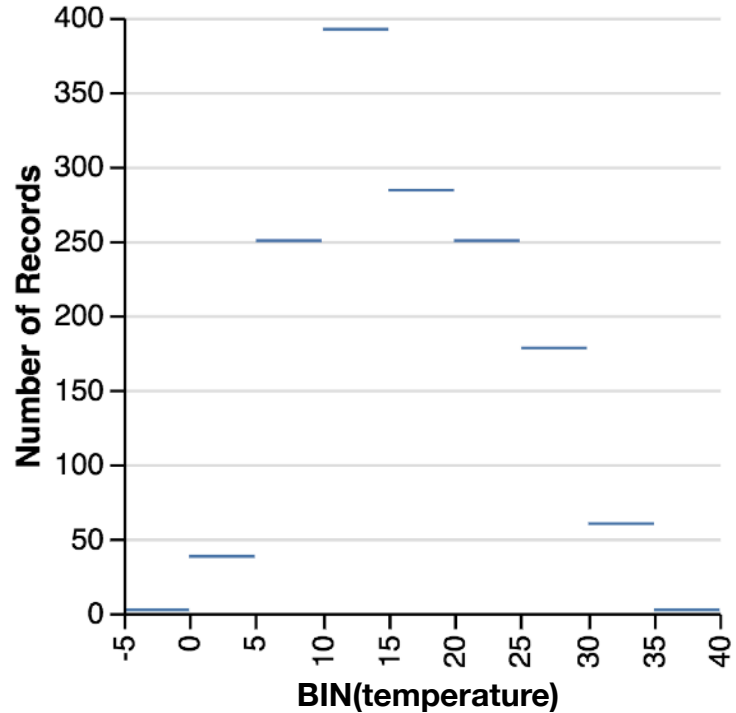
Histogram = (**Bar** with x=binned field, y=count)

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "tick",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```



Histogram = (**Bar** with  $x$ =**binned field**,  $y$ =**count**)

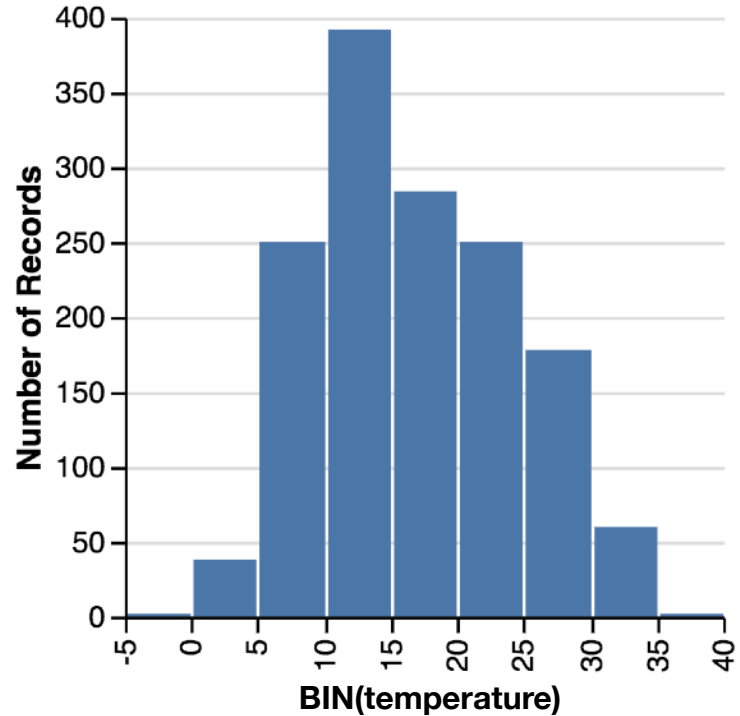
```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "tick",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```





**Histogram** = (Bar with  $x$ =binned field,  $y$ =count)

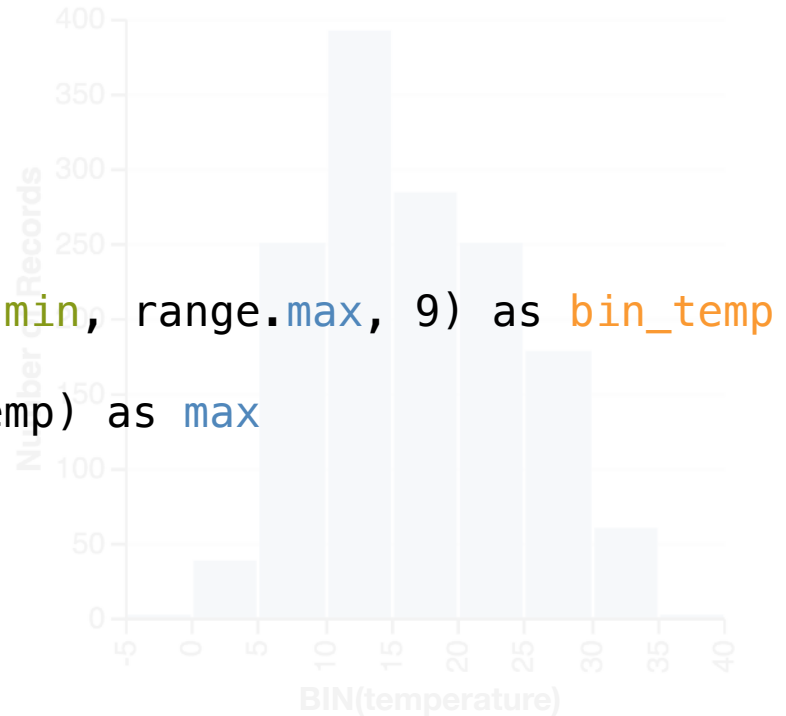
```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```



Histogram = (**Bar** with **x=binned field**, **y=count**)

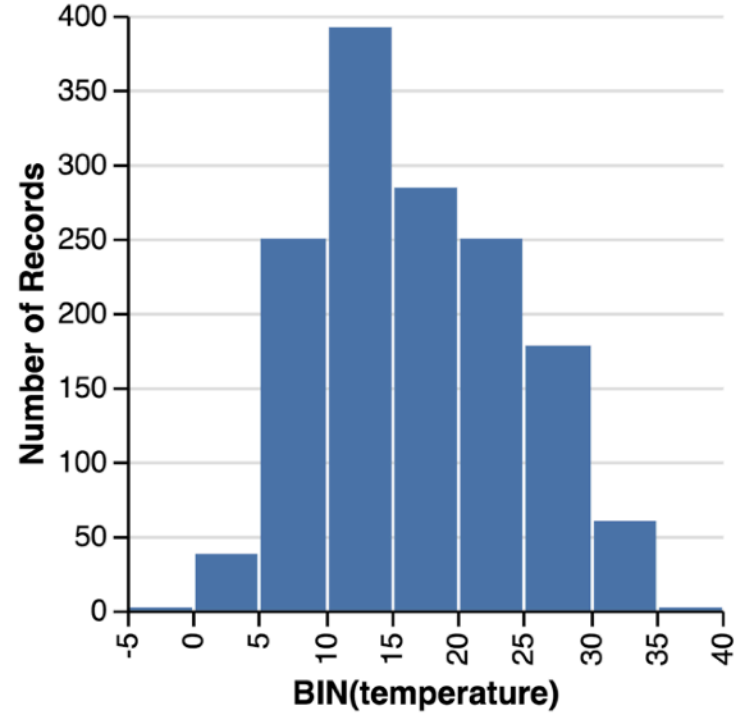
```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "bar",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {  
      bin: true
```

```
SELECT bin_temp, count(*)  
FROM (  
  SELECT floor(weather.temp, range.min, range.max, 9) as bin_temp  
  FROM weather, (  
    SELECT min(temp) as min, max(temp) as max  
  ) range  
)
```



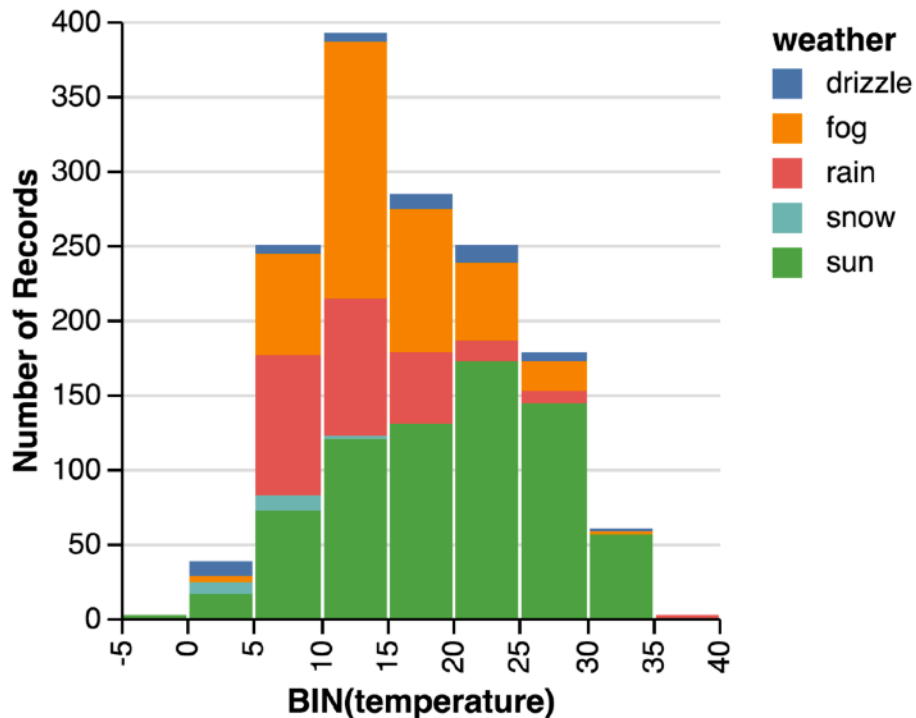
# Histogram

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    }
  }
}
```



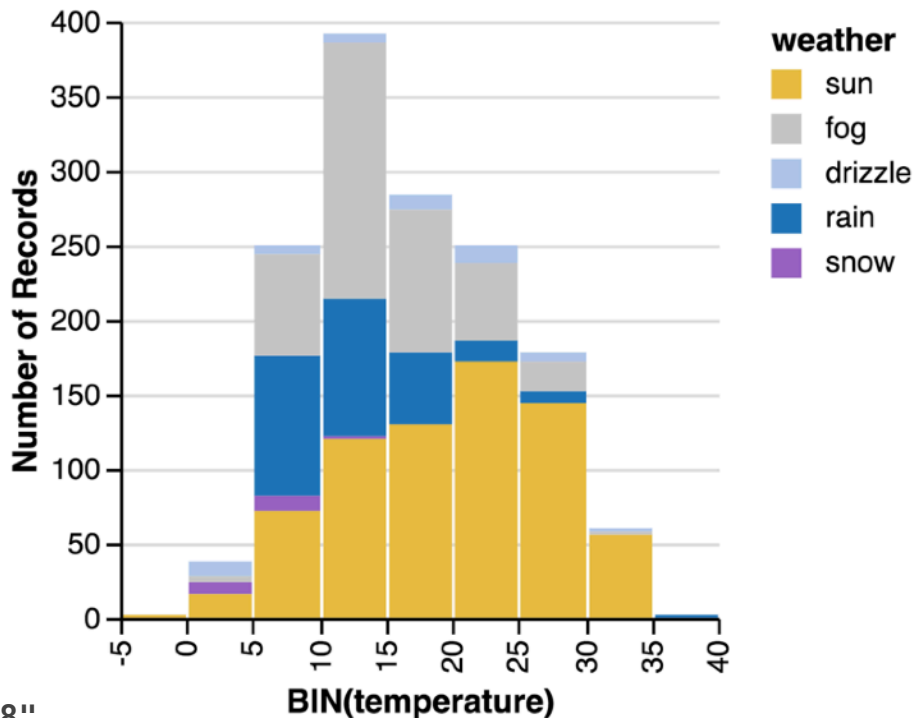
# Histogram + Color

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    color: {
      field: "weather",
      type: "nominal"
    }
  }
}
```



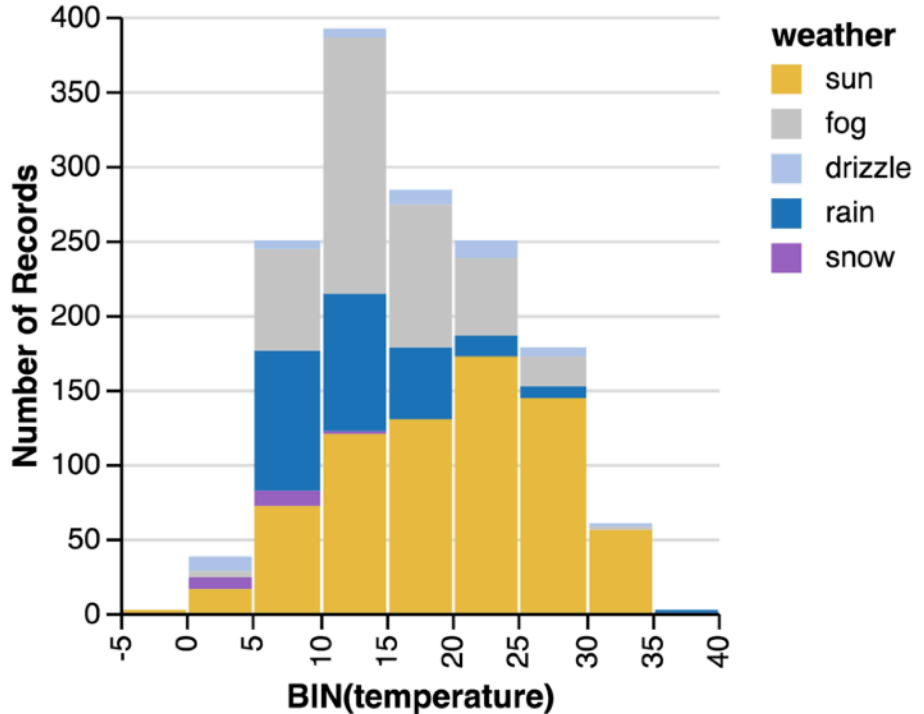
# Histogram + Color

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    color: {
      field: "weather",
      type: "nominal",
      "scale": {
        "domain": ["sun", "fog", "drizzle",
                  "rain", "snow"],
        "range": ["#e7ba52", "#c7c7c7", "#aec7e8",
                 "#1f77b4", "#9467bd"]
      }
    }
  }
}
```



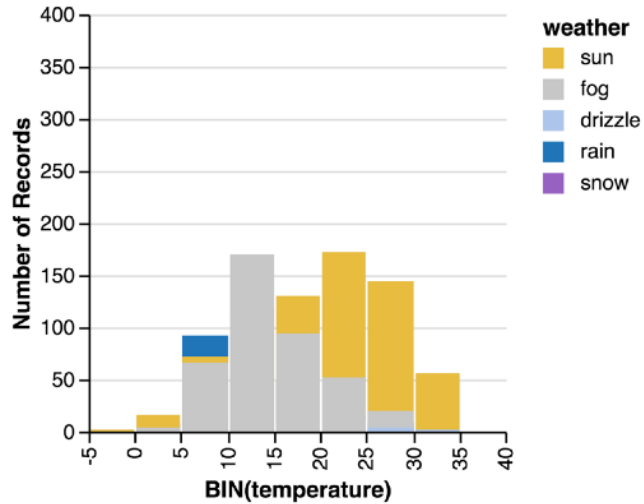
# Histogram + Color = Stacked Histogram

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    color: {
      field: "weather",
      type: "nominal",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

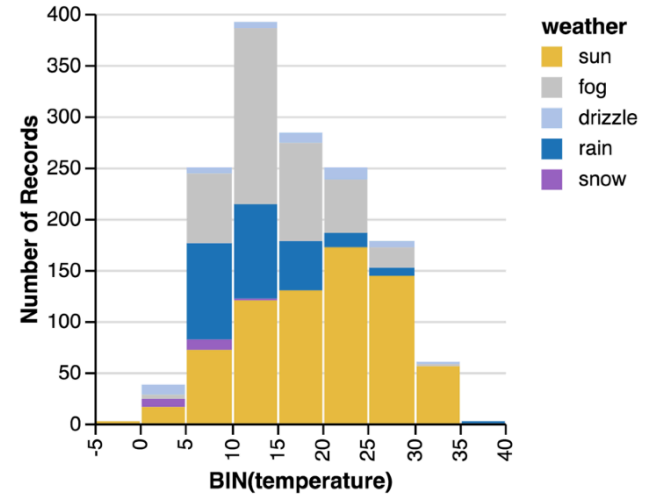


# Stacked Histogram: **Sensible Defaults**

no stack



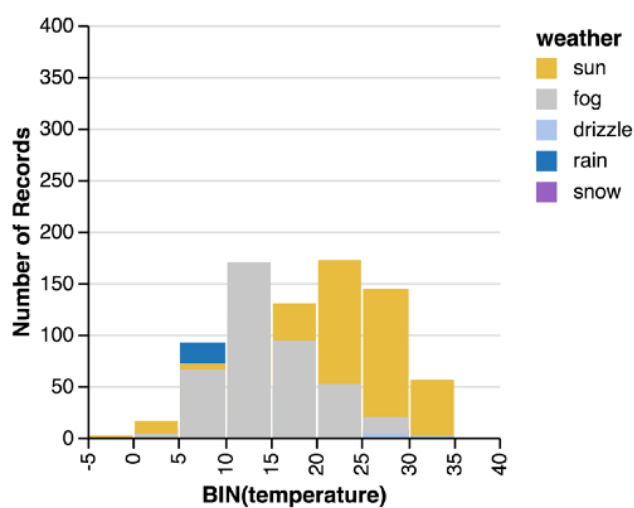
stack (default)



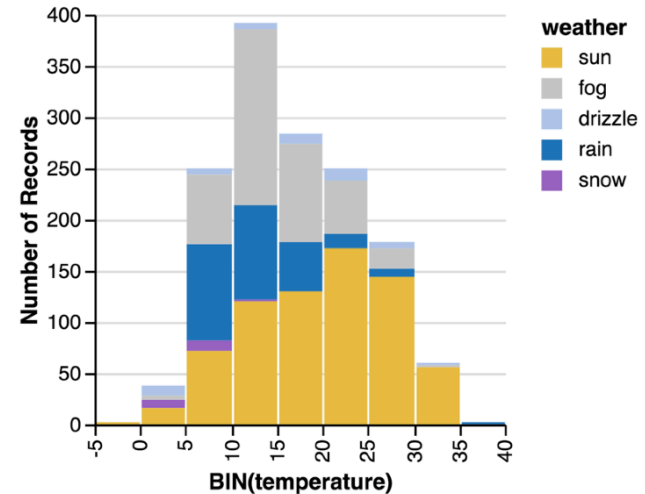
# Stacked Histogram: **Sensible Defaults**

Channel (color) + Mark (bar) automatically enables stacking: a layout transform.

no stack



stack (default)

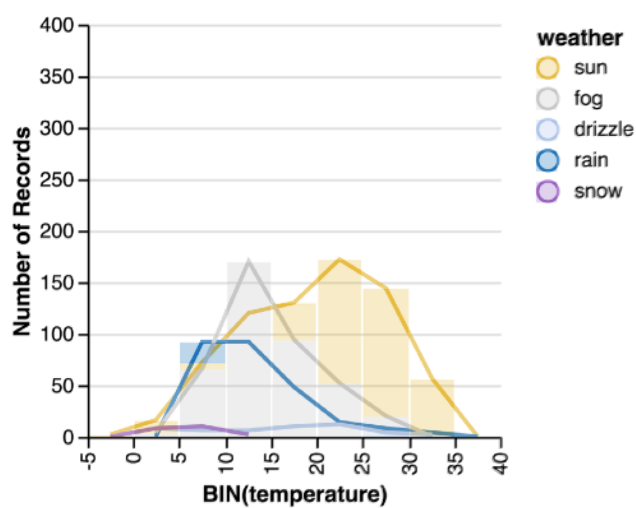




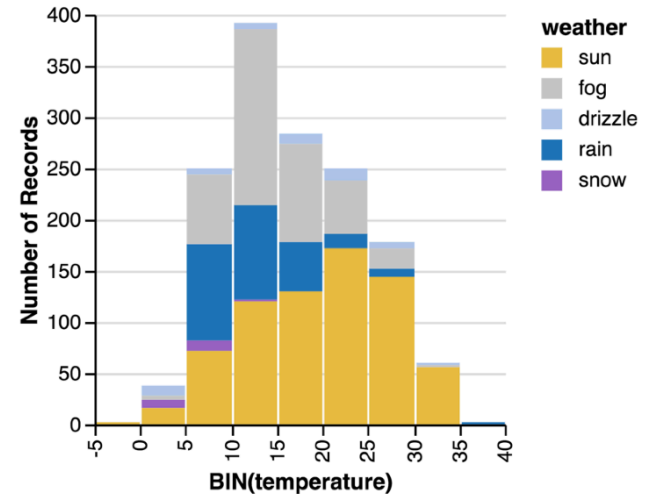
# Stacked Histogram: **Sensible Defaults**

Channel (color) + Mark (bar) automatically enables stacking: a layout transform.

no stack → **overlap**

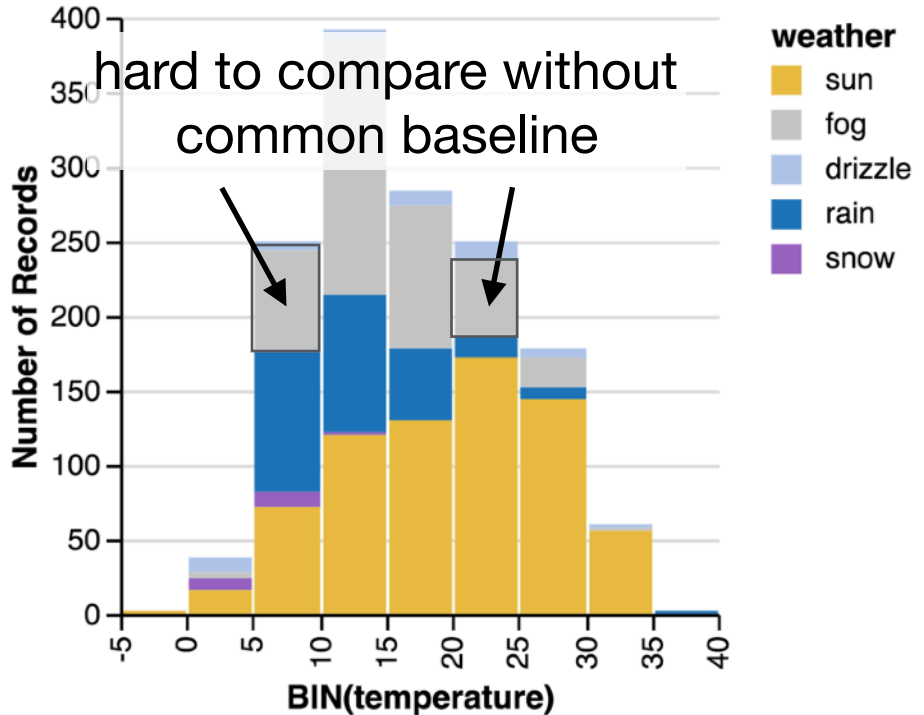


stack (default)



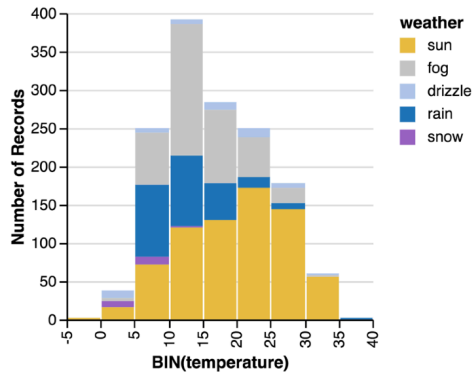
# Histogram + Color = Stacked Histogram

```
{
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},
  mark: "bar",
  encoding: {
    x: {
      bin: true,
      field: "temperature",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    y: {
      aggregate: "count",
      type: "quantitative"
    },
    color: {
      field: "weather",
      type: "nominal"
    }
  }
}
```



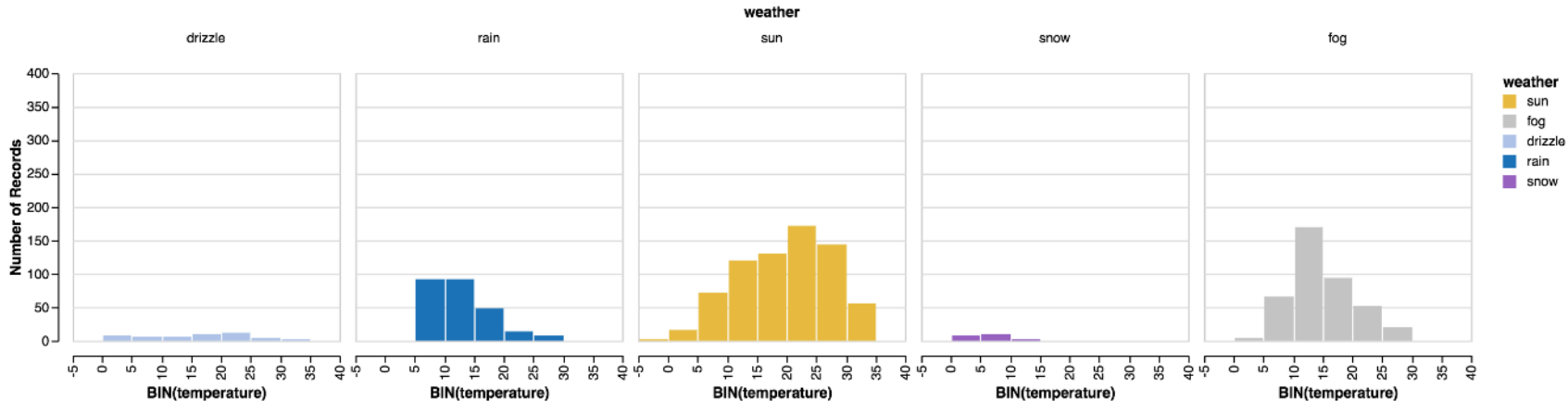
# Histogram + Color = Stacked Histogram

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "bar",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {bin: true, field: "temperature", type: "quantitative"},  
    y: {aggregate: "count", type: "quantitative"},  
    color: { field: "weather", type: "nominal"}  
  }  
}
```



# Histogram + Column = Trellis Histogram

```
{  
  data: {url: "weather-seattle.json"},  
  mark: "bar",  
  encoding: {  
    x: {bin: true, field: "temperature", type: "quantitative"},  
    y: {aggregate: "count", type: "quantitative"},  
    column: { field: "weather", type: "nominal"}  
  }  
}
```



Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

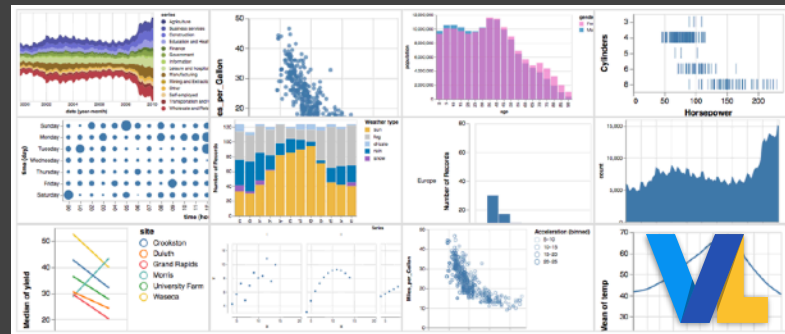
## Component Architectures

VTK, Prefuse

## Graphics & Event APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

Expressiveness



Facilitate **rapid exploration** with **concise** specifications by omitting low-level details.

Infer **sensible defaults** and customize by overriding defaults.

With **native** support for **interaction!**

Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

## Component Architectures

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## Graphics & Event APIs

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Expressiveness



Ease-of-Use



## Chart Typologies

Excel, Google Charts

**Plotly**

**Bokeh**

**Seaborn**

## Visual Analysis Grammars

ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite

## Visualization Libraries

Matplotlib, D3, Vega

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Ease-of-Use



~~Chart Typologies~~

~~Excel, Google Charts~~

**Visual Analysis Grammars**

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Ease-of-Use



Visualization Guidance  
*Tableau, Voyager, Lux, LLMs, ...*

Visual Analysis Grammars  
*ggplot2, Observable Plot, Vega-Lite*

Visualization Libraries  
*Matplotlib, D3, Vega*

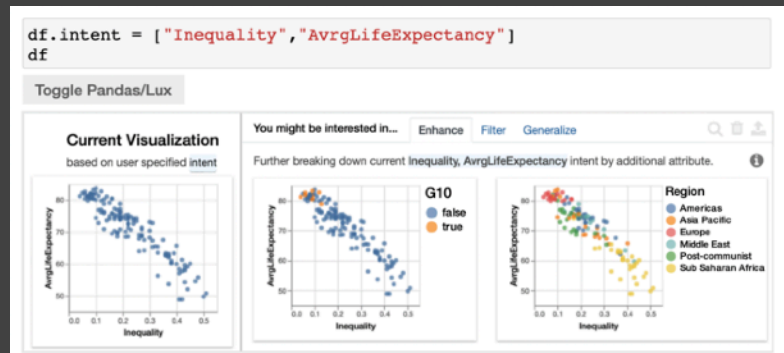
Component Architectures  
*VTK, Prefuse*

Graphics & Event APIs  
*Processing, OpenGL, Java2D*

Expressiveness



**Voyager**, Wongsuphasawat et al. 2017



**Lux**, Lee et al. 2021

**Example: U.S. Census**

# Example: U.S. Census Data

**People Count:** # of people in group

**Year:** 1850 - 2000 (every decade)

**Age:** 0 - 90+

**Sex:** Male, Female

**Marital Status:** Single, Married, Divorced, ...

# Example: U.S. Census Data

People Count

Year

Age

Sex

Marital Status

2,348 data points

	A	B	C	D	E
1	year	age	marst	sex	people
2	1850	0	0	1	1483789
3	1850	0	0	2	1450376
4	1850	5	0	1	1411067
5	1850	5	0	2	1359668
6	1850	10	0	1	1260099
7	1850	10	0	2	1216114
8	1850	15	0	1	1077133
9	1850	15	0	2	1110619
10	1850	20	0	1	1017281
11	1850	20	0	2	1003841
12	1850	25	0	1	862547
13	1850	25	0	2	799482
14	1850	30	0	1	730638
15	1850	30	0	2	639636
16	1850	35	0	1	588487
17	1850	35	0	2	505012
18	1850	40	0	1	475911
19	1850	40	0	2	428185
20	1850	45	0	1	384211
21	1850	45	0	2	341254
22	1850	50	0	1	321343
23	1850	50	0	2	286580
24	1850	55	0	1	194080
25	1850	55	0	2	187208
26	1850	60	0	1	174976
27	1850	60	0	2	162236
28	1850	65	0	1	106827
29	1850	65	0	2	105534
30	1850	70	0	1	73677
31	1850	70	0	2	71762
32	1850	75	0	1	40834
33	1850	75	0	2	40229
34	1850	80	0	1	23449
35	1850	80	0	2	22949
36	1850	85	0	1	8186
37	1850	85	0	2	10511
38	1850	90	0	1	5259
39	1850	90	0	2	6569
40	1860	0	0	1	2120846
41	1860	0	0	2	2092162

# Exercise & Assignment

# Hours of Sunshine

The climate of a place can have a tremendous impact on people's lived experience. You will examine average monthly climate measurements for six major U.S. cities, roughly covering the edges of the continental United States.

Our in-class **exercise** is to get hands-on experience creating and publishing visualizations. You will create and revise a line chart of average monthly sunshine hours for six U.S. cities.

The **assignment** is to then design your own graphic.

# Hours of Sunshine Exercise

Complete the exercises in the activity document.  
Submit your results using the provided form link.

You may collaborate in groups of 1-3 people.

The course staff is here to help! Don't hesitate to ask us questions spanning design, tech, or more.

# A1: Expository Visualization

Using the given climate data set...

Pick a **guiding question**, use it to title your vis.

Design a **static visualization** for that question.

You are free to **use visualization tool**.

**Deliverables** via Gradescope

Image of your visualization (PNG or JPG format)

Short description + design rationale ( $\leq 4$  paragraphs)

Due by **EOD, Tue April 8**.