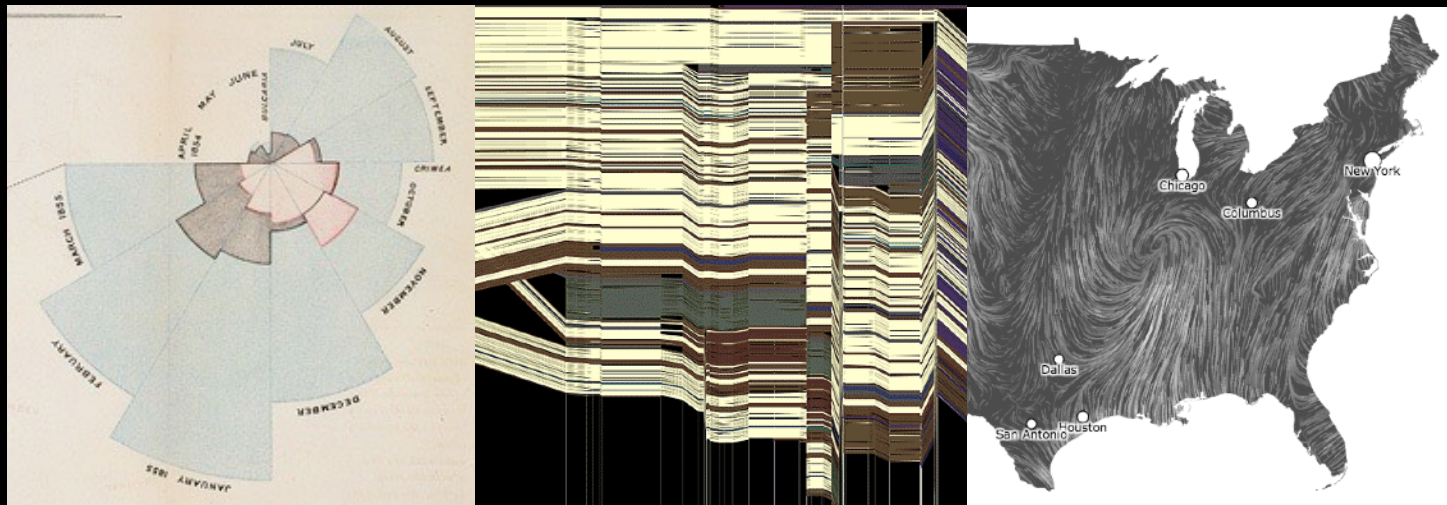


CSE 512 - Data Visualization

Final Project



Jeffrey Heer University of Washington

Final Project

Possible Project Approaches

Advance your **existing research**.

Pick an **open problem** of interest.

Work in a domain with **real stakeholders**.

Final Project

Create a visualization system, technique, or study.

Many options...

New system for a chosen domain + data set

Novel visualization / interaction technique

Design study or experiment

Deliverables

Share milestone progress

Video demonstration (max. 2 min)

Project results (software, study results, etc.)

Final Project Schedule

<i>Proposal</i>	Fri May 16
<i>Prototype</i>	Wed May 28
<i>Demo Video</i>	Wed June 4
<i>Video Showcase</i>	Thu June 5 (in class)
<i>Deliverables</i>	Mon June 9

Logistics

Final project description posted online

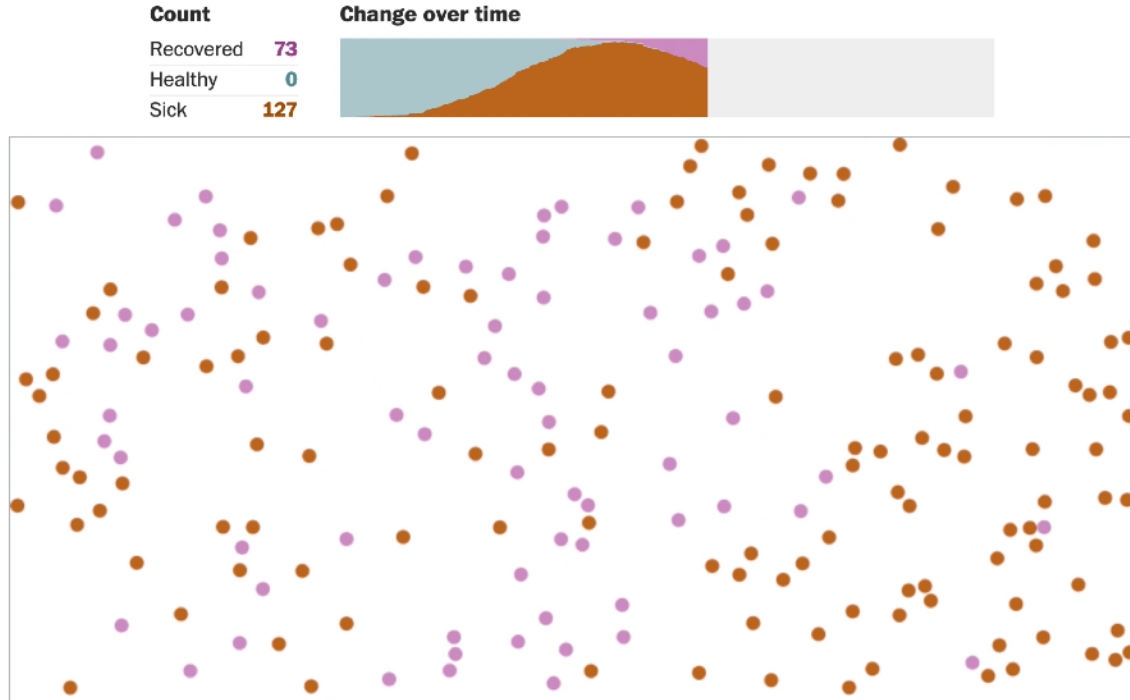
Work in groups of up to 4 people

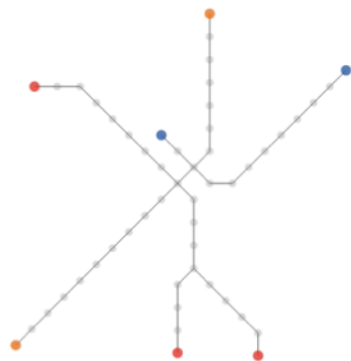
Start determining your project topic!

Inspiration...

Why outbreaks like coronavirus spread exponentially, and how to “flatten the curve”

Harry Stevens, Washington Post 2020





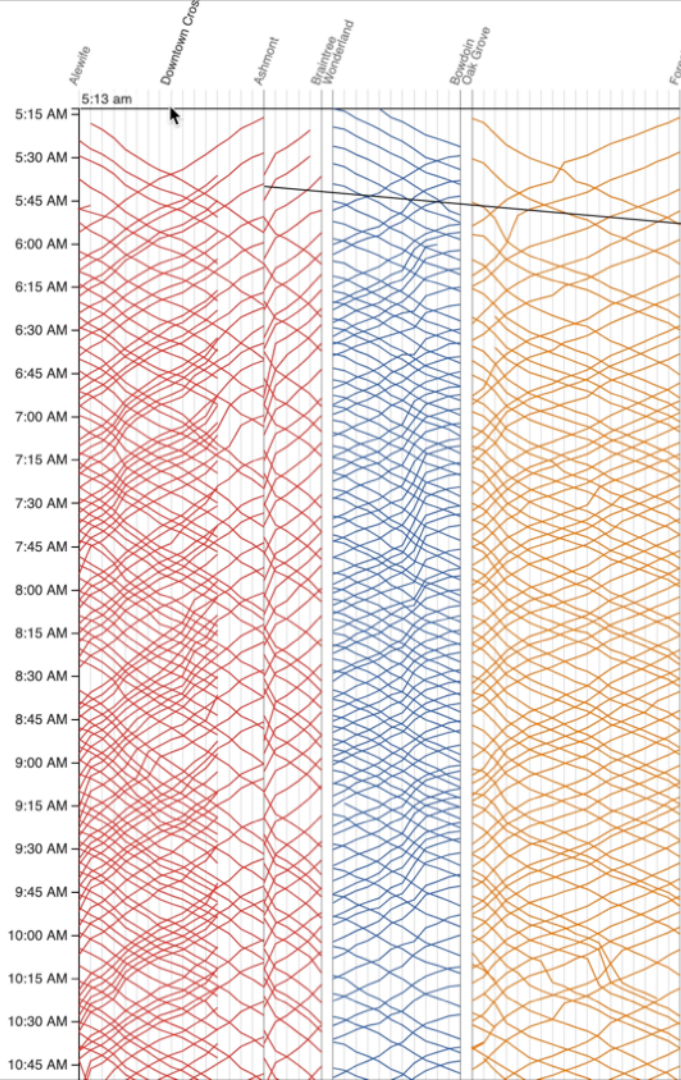
Locations of each train on the [red](#), [blue](#), and [orange](#) lines at 5:13 am. Hover over the diagram to the right to display trains at a different time.

Trains are on the right side of the track relative to the direction they are moving.

See the [morning rush-hour](#), [midday lull](#), [afternoon rush-hour](#), and the [evening lull](#).

MBTA Viz

Barry & Card

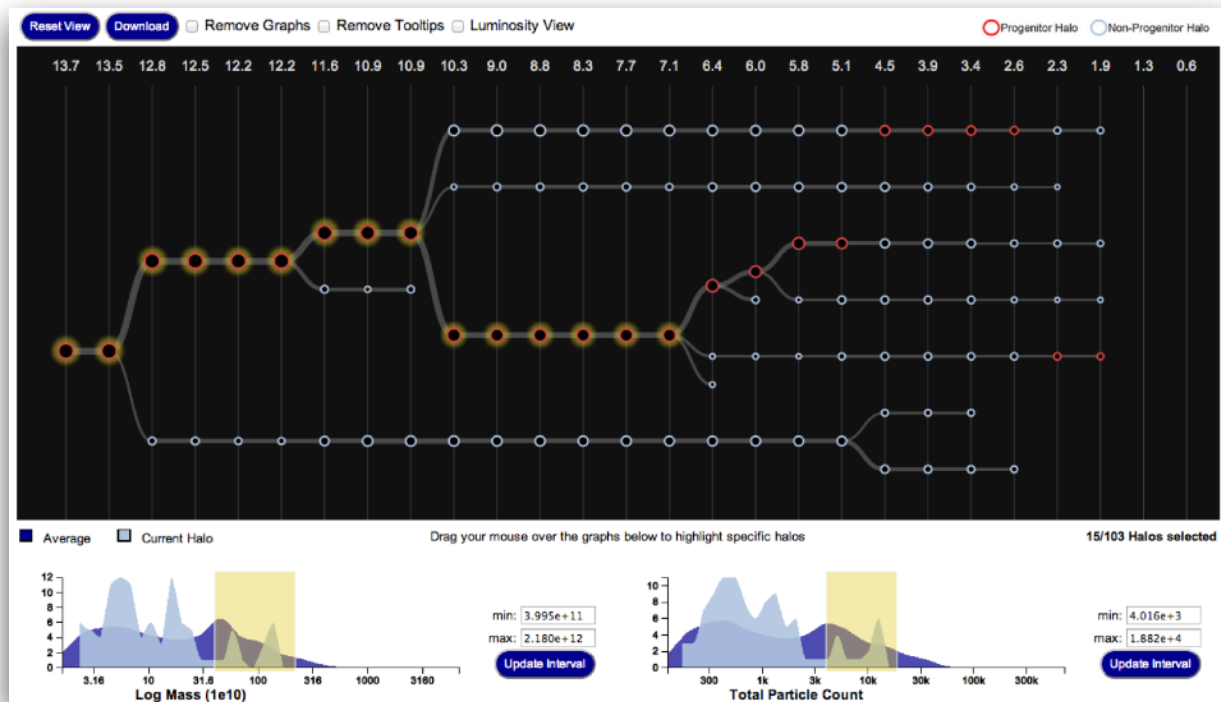


Service starts at 5AM on Monday morning. Each line represents the path of one train. Time continues downward, so steeper lines indicate slower trains.

Since the red line splits, we show the Ashmont branch first then the Braintree branch. Trains on the Braintree branch "jump over" the Ashmont branch.

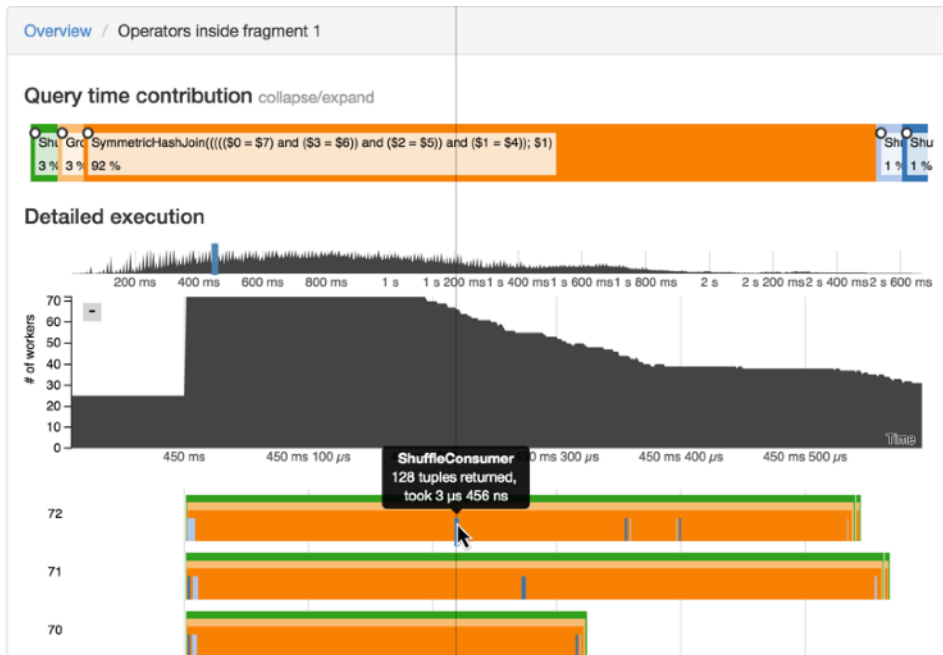
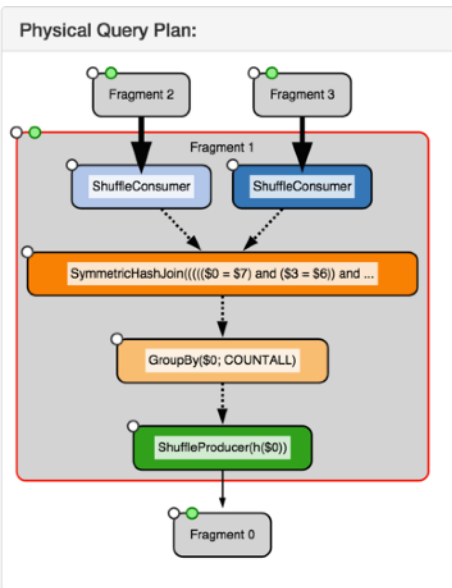
Train frequency increases around 6:30AM as morning rush hour begins.

Visualizing Galaxy Merger Trees



S. Loebman, J. Ortiz, L. Orr, M. Balazinska, T. Quinn et al. [SIGMOD '14]

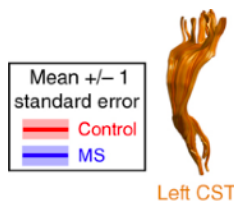
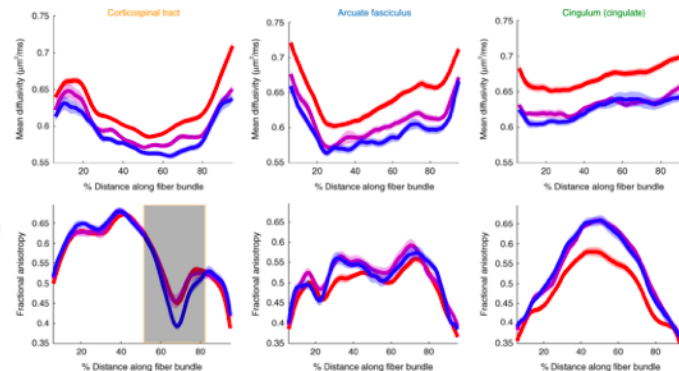
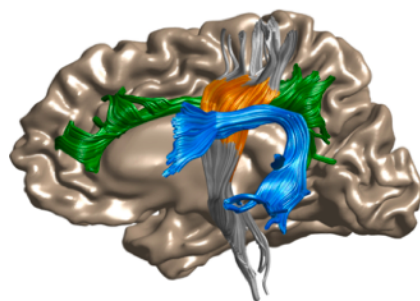
Perfopticon Distributed Query Performance



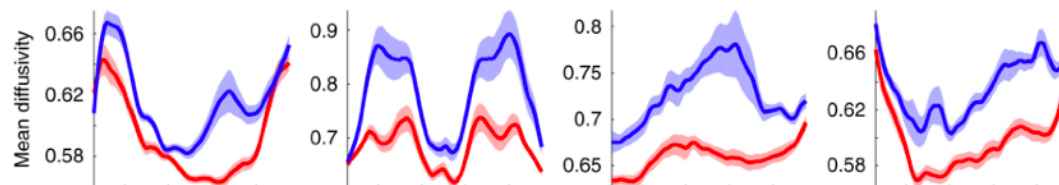
A browser-based tool for visualization and analysis of diffusion MRI data

Article | OPEN | Published: 05 March 2018

Jason D. Yeatman , Adam Richie-Halford, Josh K. Smith, Anisha Keshavan & Ariel Rokem 



Mean $\pm$ 1
standard error
Control
MS



KEYBOARD WALKING

Passwords with a “keyboard walking” pattern start at an arbitrary key, then move in a direction (usually right or down) while continuing to hit keys. Sometimes this is combined with holding down the `SHIFT` key, so that some characters are uppercase or symbols to improve complexity.

While the generated password may seem to be random and unhackable, password crackers [check for these keyboard patterns](#) and guess them early on.

Many passwords in the leaked passwords dataset have a spatial pattern. Other than the numeric passwords like `123456`, common keyboard walking offenders include `qwerty` and `1qaz@wsx`.

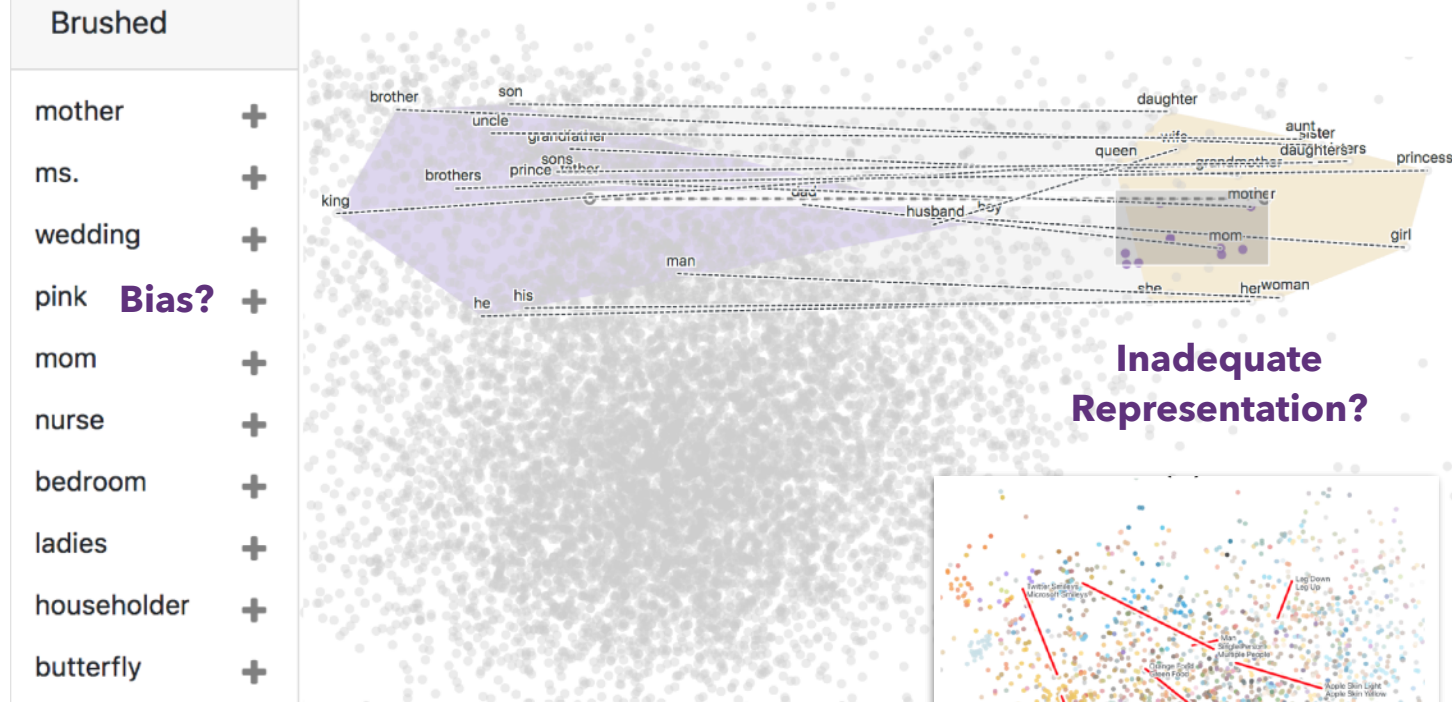
Password:

Guess time: 1 minute



Semantic Passwords

Vishal Devireddy (CSE 512, Spring '21)



Latent Space Cartography

Visual Analysis of Vector Space Embeddings

Yang Liu, Eunice Jun, Qisheng Li (CSE 512, Spring '18)

Tips for a Successful Project

Focus on a compelling **real-world problem**.

How will you gauge success?

Consider **multiple design alternatives**.

Prototype quickly (use Tableau, R, etc...).

Seek feedback (representative users, peers, ...).

Even informal usage can provide insights.

Choose **appropriate team roles**.

Start early (and read the suggested paper!)

Change Blindness

Change Blindness



Change Blindness



Change Blindness



Change Blindness



Change Blindness



[Example from Palmer 99, originally due to Rock]

Demonstrations

<https://www2.psych.ubc.ca/~rensink/flicker/download/>

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ahg6qcgoy4>