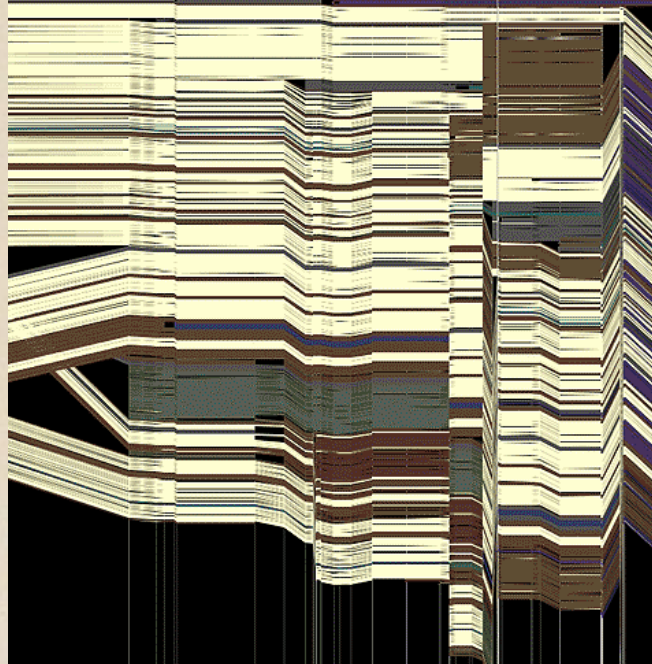
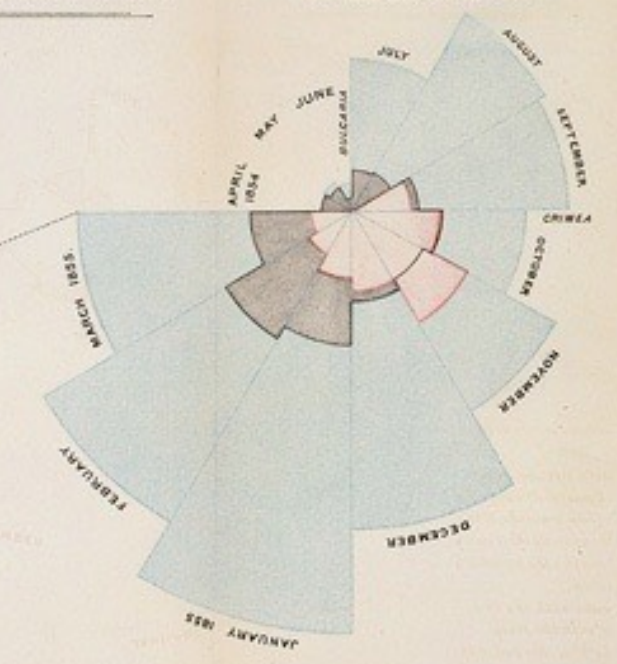


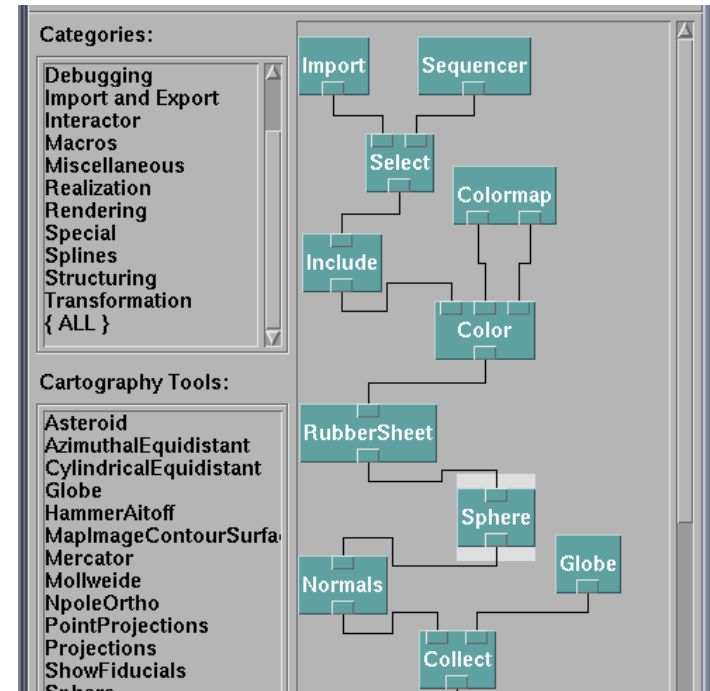
# CSE 512 - Data Visualization

# Visualization Tools



Jeffrey Heer University of Washington

# How do people create visualizations?



## Chart Typology

Pick from a stock of templates  
Easy-to-use but limited expressiveness  
Prohibits novel designs, new data types

## Component Architecture

Permits more combinatorial possibilities  
Novel views require new operators,  
which requires software engineering

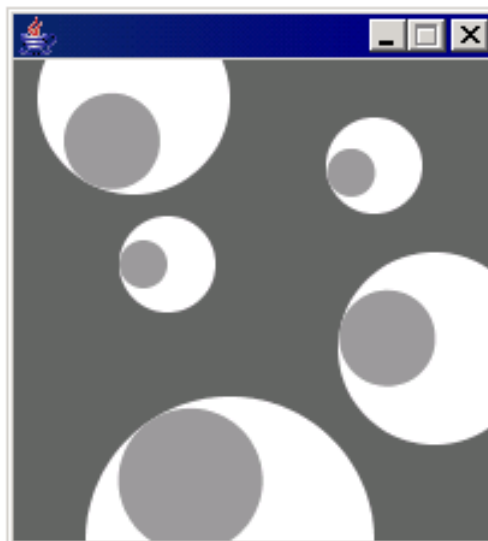
# **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing



sketch\_070126a \$

```
    ey = y;  
    size = s;  
  }  
  
  void update(int mx, int my) {  
    angle = atan2(my-ey, mx-ex);  
  }  
  
  void display() {  
    pushMatrix();  
    translate(ex, ey);  
    fill(255);  
    ellipse(0, 0, size, size);  
    rotate(angle);  
    fill(153);  
    ellipse(size/4, 0, size/2, size/2);  
    popMatrix();  
  }  
}
```





US Air Traffic, Aaron Koblin

# **Graphics APIs**

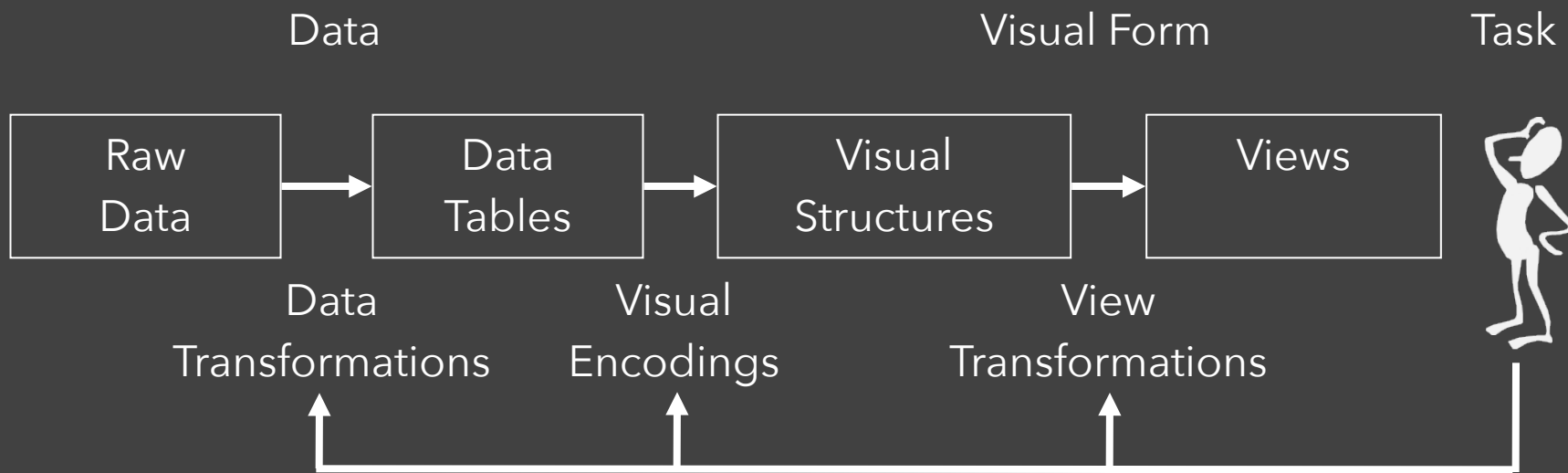
Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

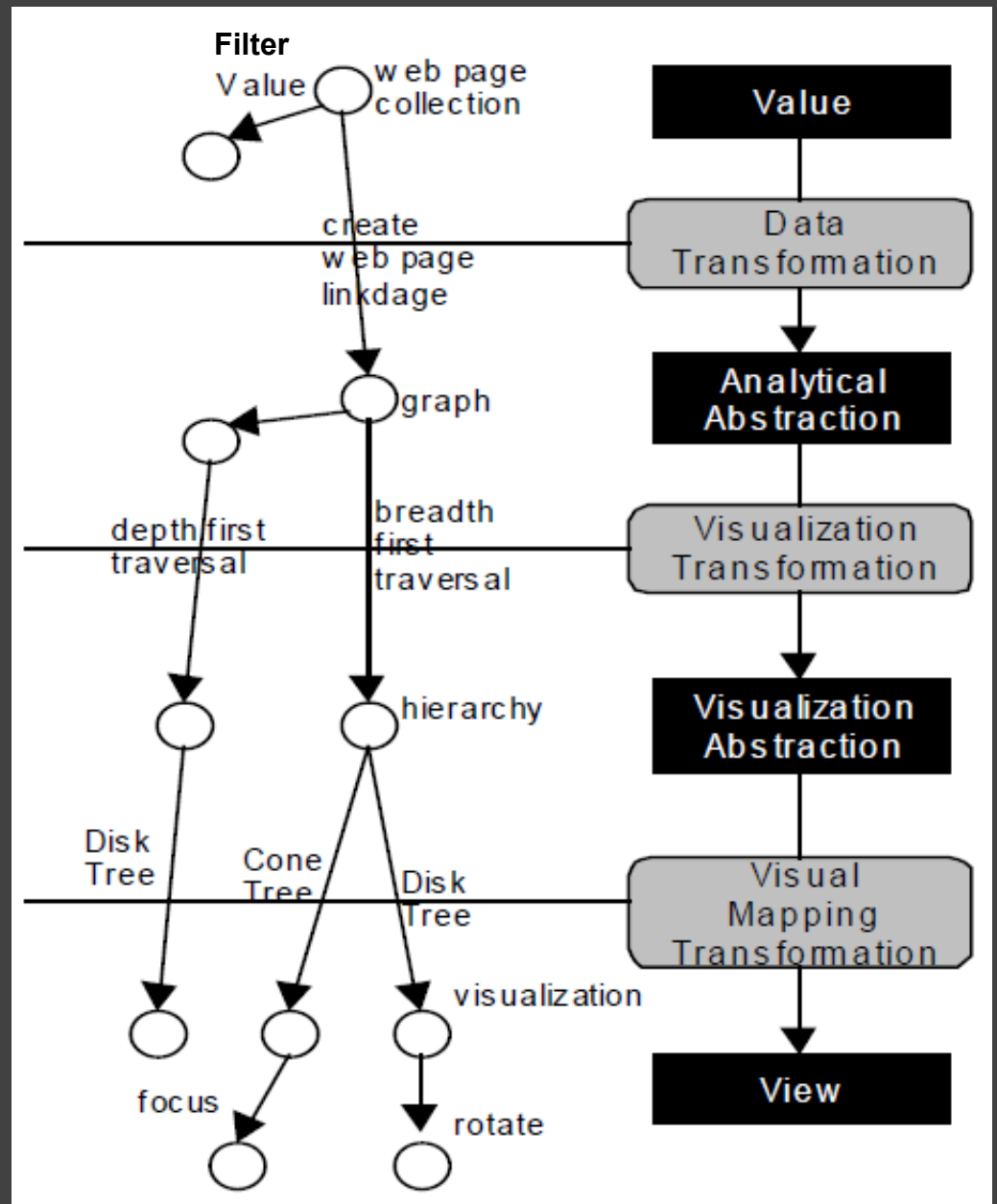
Canvas, OpenGL, Processing





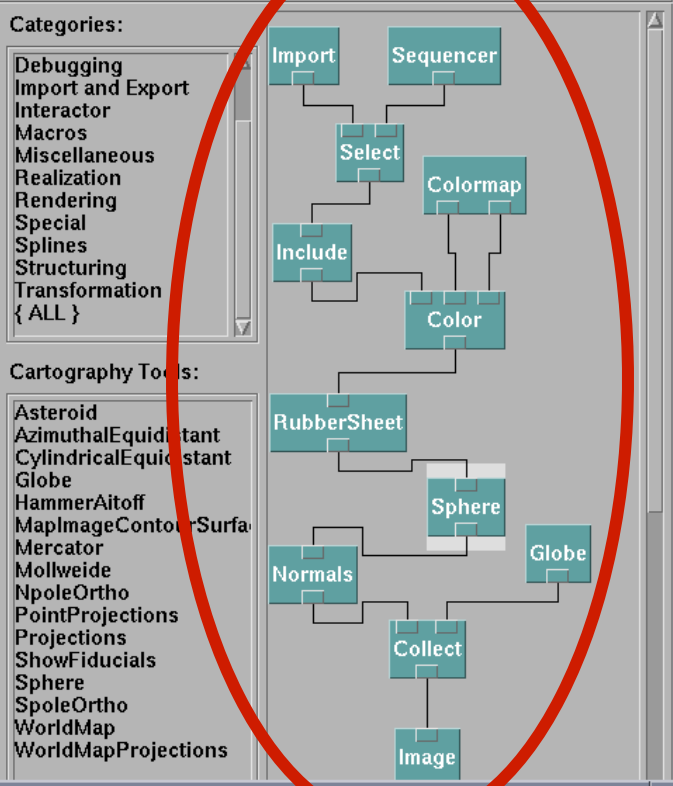
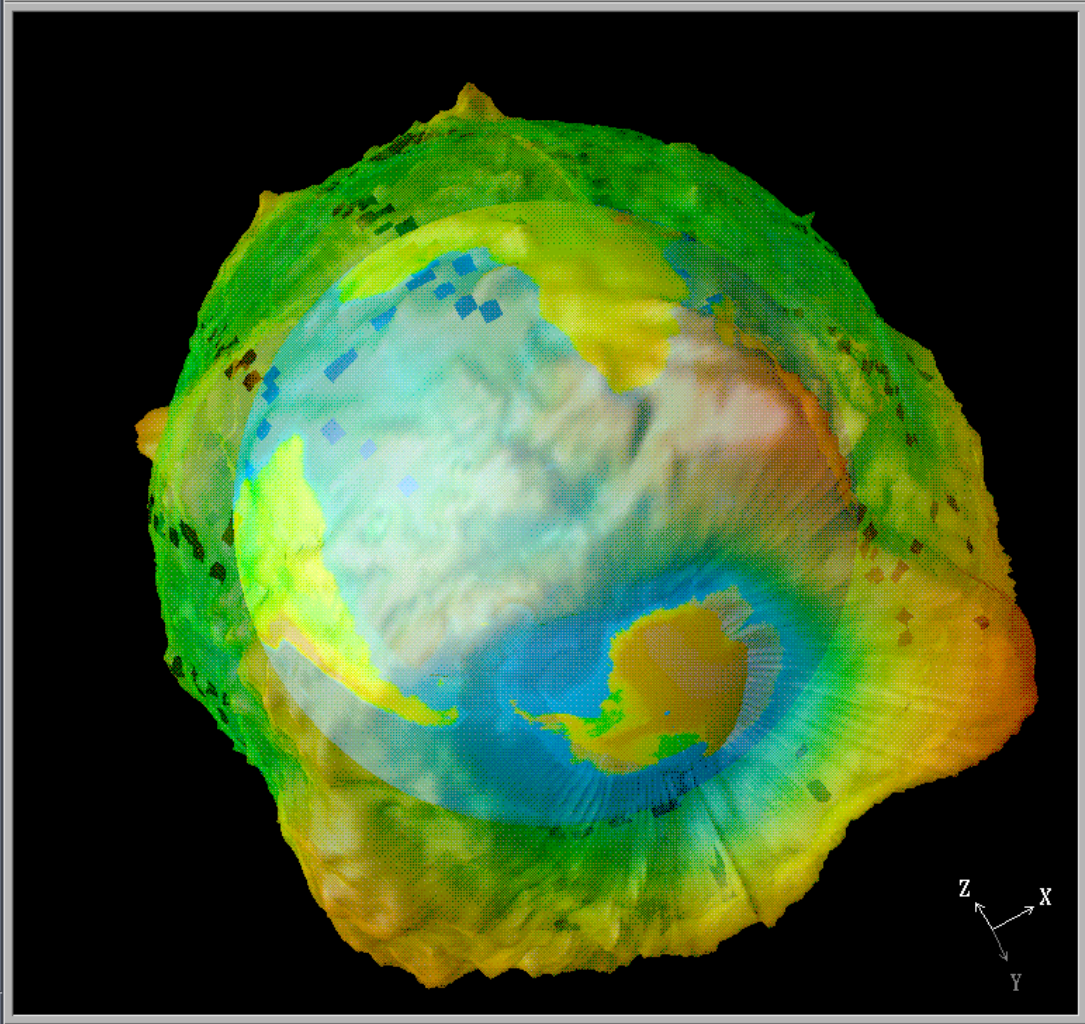
# Data State Model

[Chi 98]



File Execute Windows Connection Options Help

File Edit Execute Windows Connection Options Help



Colormap Editor

File Execute Options Help

View Control...

Undo Ctrl+U    Redo Ctrl+D

Mode:

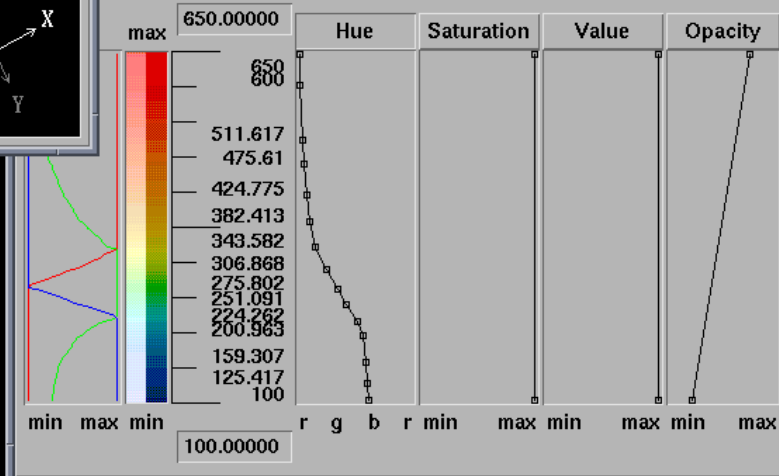
Set View:

Projection:

View Angle:

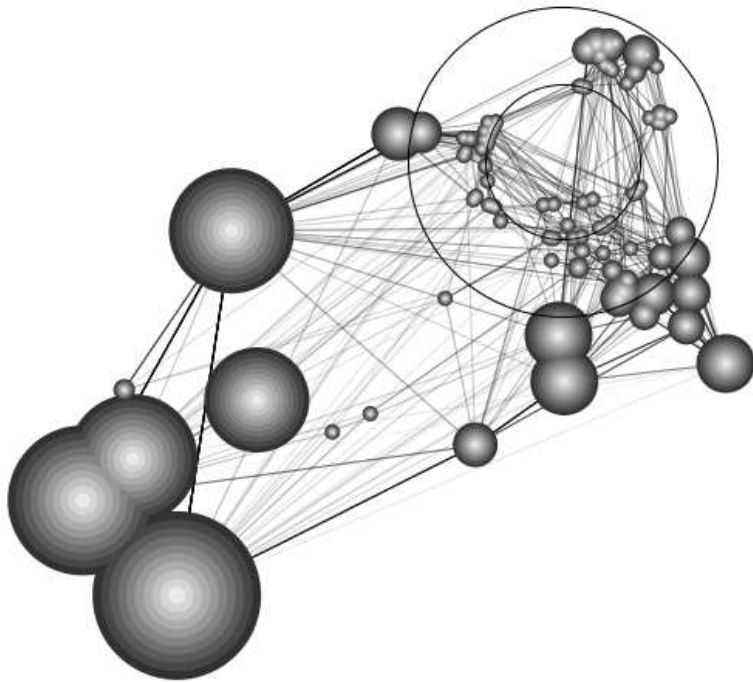
Close    Reset Ctrl+F

Sequence Control

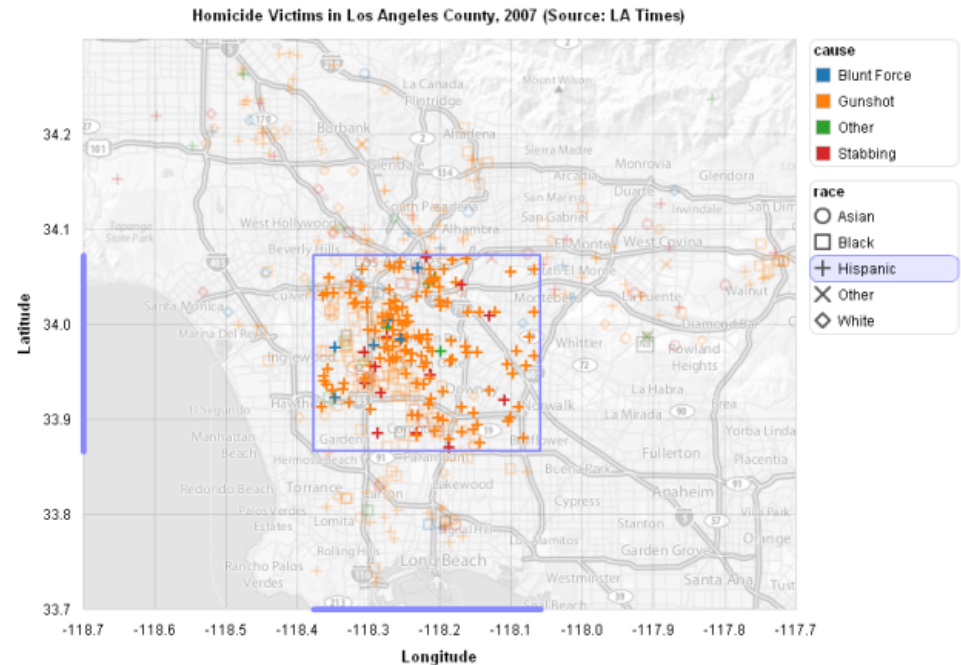


# Prefuse & Flare

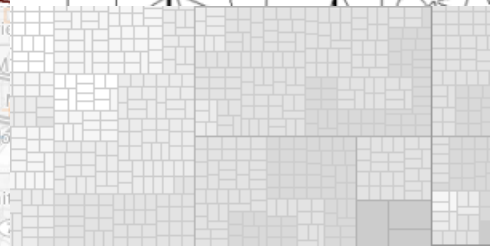
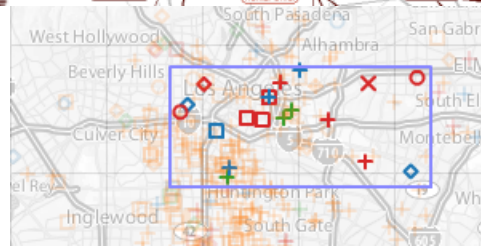
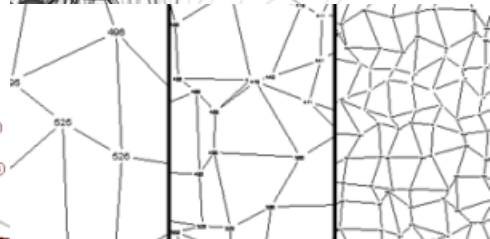
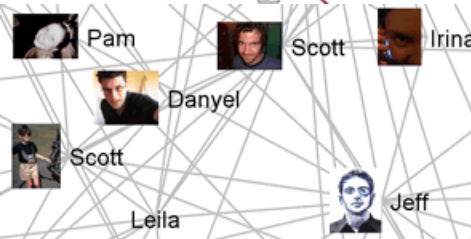
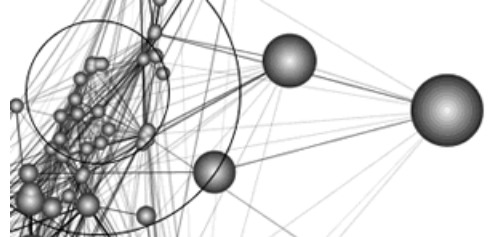
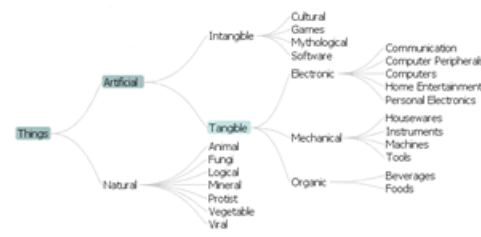
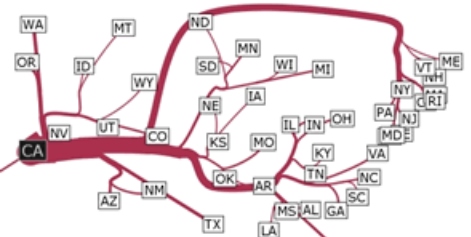
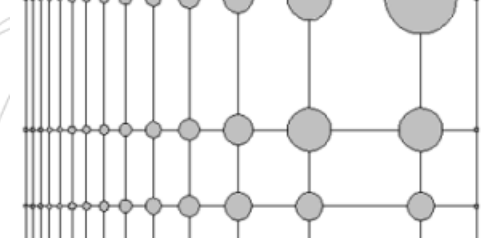
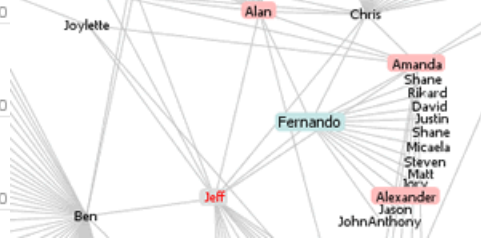
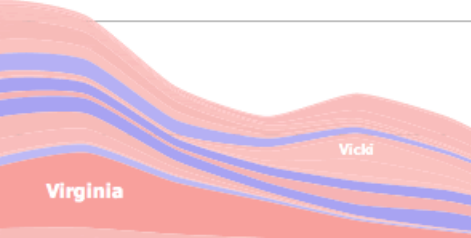
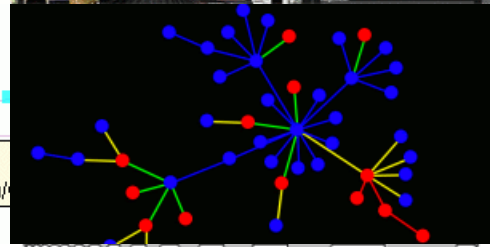
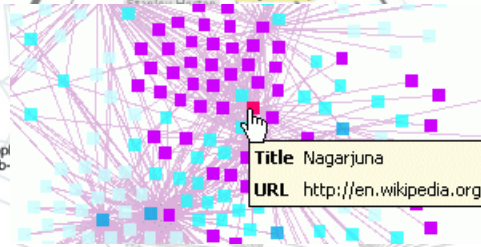
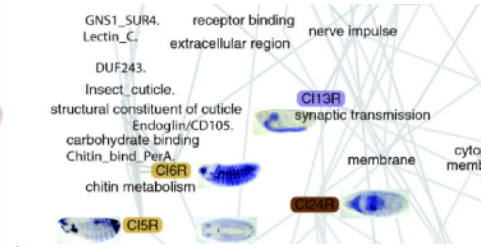
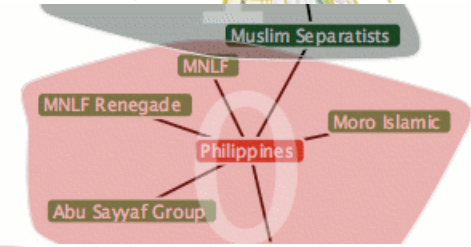
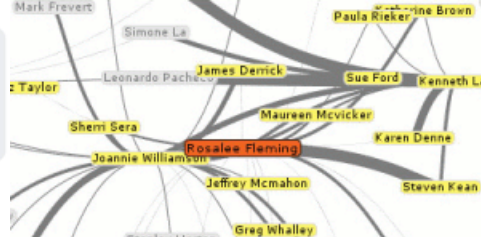
Operator-based toolkits for visualization design  
Vis = (Input Data -> Visual Objects) + Operators

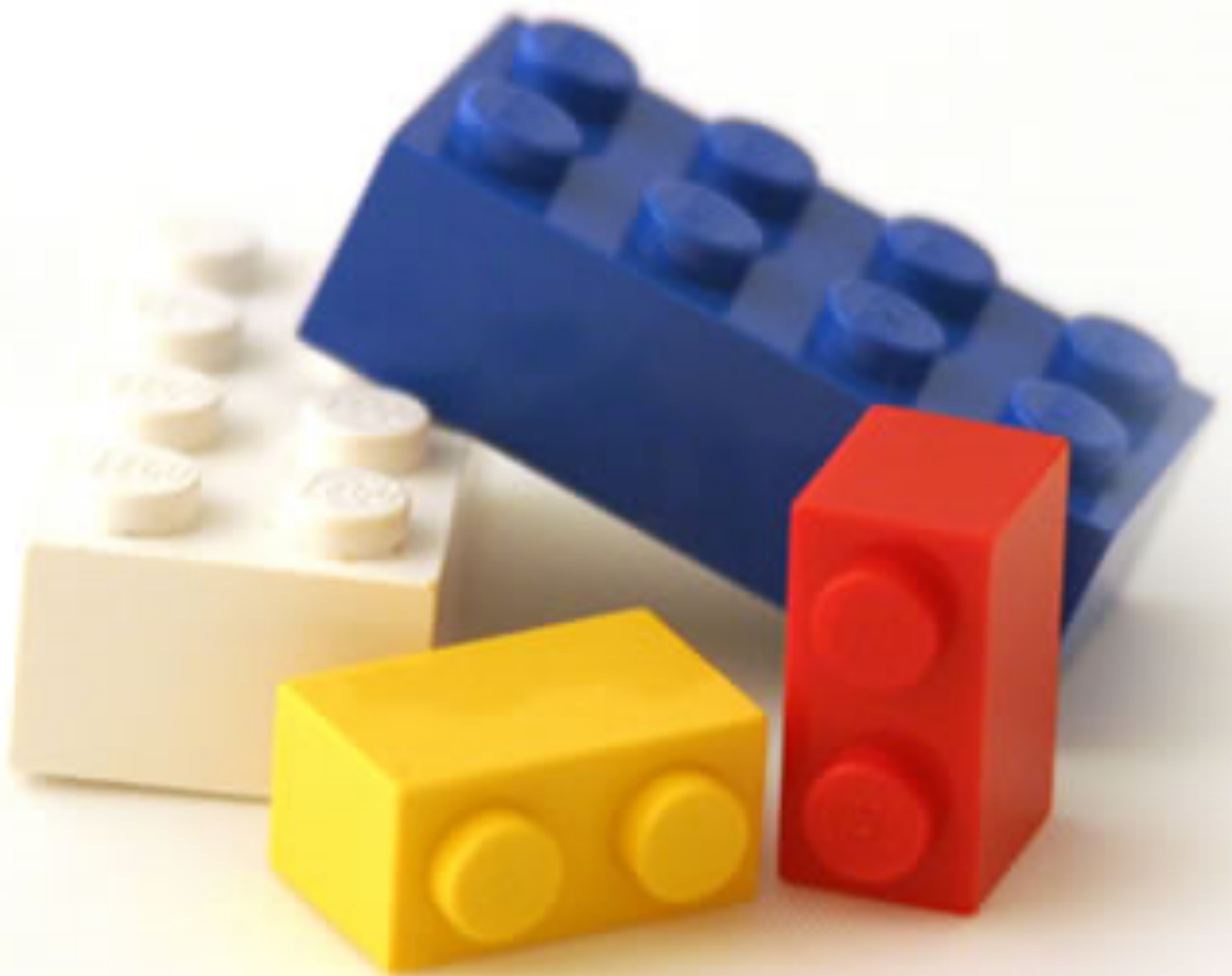


Prefuse (<http://prefuse.org>)



Flare (<http://flare.prefuse.org>)







?

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

# **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Google Charts

# **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

# **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing





# Chart Typologies

## Data Sets : State Quick Facts

Uploaded By: [zinggoat](#)

Created at: Friday May 18, 3:08 PM

Data Source: [US Census Bureau](#)

Description:

Tags: [people](#) [census](#)

[view as text](#)

[edit data set](#)

	People QuickFacts	Population 2005 estimate	Population percent change April 1 2000 to July 1 2005	Population 2000	Population percent change 1990 to 2000	Persons under 5 years old percent 2004	Persons under 18 years old percent 2004	Persons 65 years old and over percent 2004
1	Alabama	4557808	0.03	4447100	0.1	0.07	0.24	0.13
2	Alaska	663661	0.06	626932	0.14	0.08	0.29	0.06
3	Arizona	5939292	0.16	5130632	0.4	0.08	0.27	0.13
4	Arkansas	2779154	0.04	2673400	0.14	0.07	0.25	0.14
5	California	36132147	0.07	33871648	0.14	0.07	0.27	0.11
6	Colorado	4665177	0.08	4301261	0.31	0.07	0.26	0.1
7	Connecticut	3510297	0.03	3405565	0.04	0.06	0.24	0.14
8	Delaware	843524	0.08	783600	0.18	0.07	0.23	0.13
9	Florida	17789864	0.11	15982378	0.24	0.06	0.23	0.17
10	Georgia	9072576	0.11	8186453	0.26	0.08	0.26	0.1
11	Hawaii	1275194	0.05	1211537	0.09	0.07	0.24	0.14
12	Idaho	1429096	0.1	1293953	0.29	0.07	0.27	0.11
13	Illinois	12763371	0.03	12419293	0.09	0.07	0.26	0.12



## Choosing a visualization type for **State Quick Facts**

### Analyze a text



#### Tag Cloud

How are you using your words? This enhanced tag cloud will show you the words popularity in the given set of text.

[Learn more](#)



#### Wordle

Wordle is a toy for generating "word clouds" from text that you provide. The clouds give greater prominence to words that appear more frequently in the source text.

[Learn more](#)

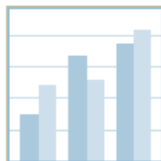


#### Word Tree

See a branching view of how a word or phrase is used in a text. Navigate the text by zooming and clicking.

[Learn more](#)

### Compare a set of values



#### Bar Chart

How do the items in your data set stack up? A bar chart is a simple and recognizable way to compare values. You can display several sets of bars for multivariate comparisons.

[Learn more](#)



#### Block Histogram

This versatile chart lets you get a quick sense of how a single set of data is distributed. Each item in the data is an individually identifiable block.

[Learn more](#)

# Visualizations : Federal Spending by State, 2004

Creator: Anonymous

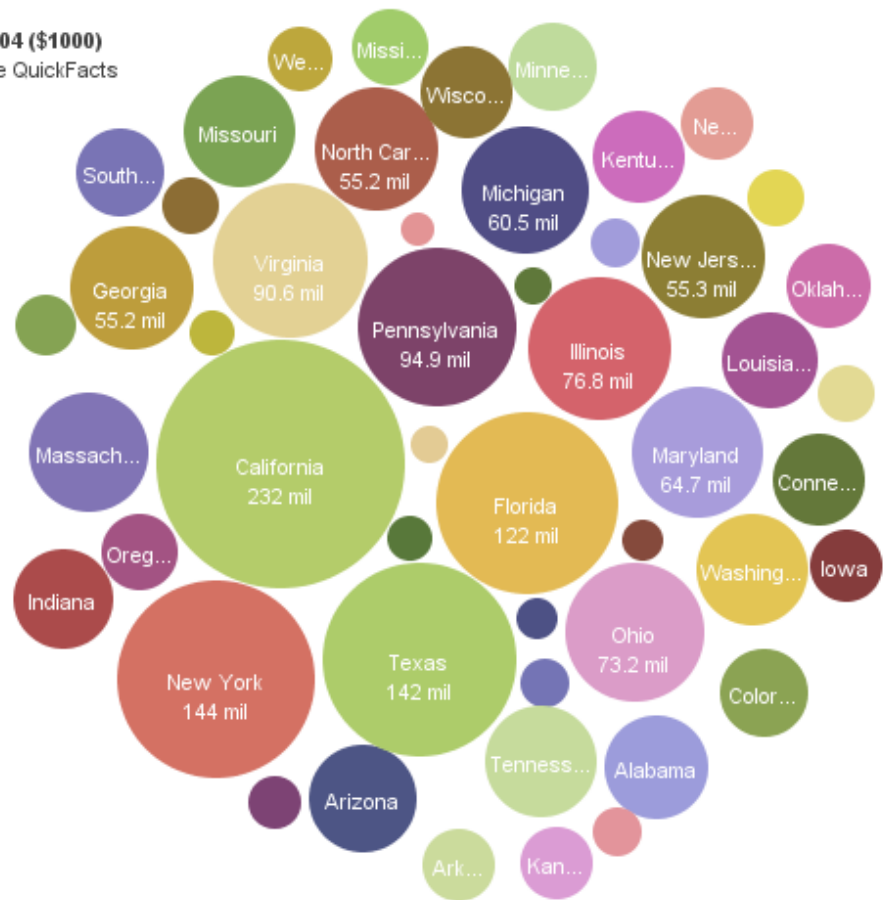
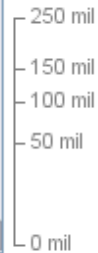
Tags: census people

People QuickFac...

Click to select,  
Ctrl-Click: multiple  
Shift-Click: range

**Federal spending 2004 (\$1000)**  
Disks colored by People QuickFacts

- Alabama
- Alaska
- Arizona
- Arkansas
- California
- Colorado
- Connecticut
- Delaware
- Florida
- Georgia
- Hawaii
- Idaho
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Maine
- Maryland



Search>>

To highlight or find totals  
click or ctrl-click.

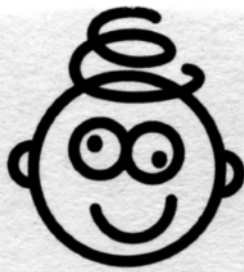
Bubble Size  Label  Color

- Retail sales per capita 2002
- Minority-owned firms percent of total 1997
- Women-owned firms percent of total 1997
- Housing units authorized by building permits 2004
- Federal spending 2004 (\$1000)
- Land area 2000 (square miles)
- Persons per square mile 2000
- FIPS Code

Census Bureau



Comments (1)



# MAD LIBS®

## MY MUSIC LESSON

Every Wednesday, when I get home from school, I have a piano lesson. My teacher is a very strict house. Her name is

Hillary Clinton. Our piano is a Steinway Concert tree

and it has 88 ~~keys~~ cups. It also has a soft pedal and a/an

Smily pedal. When I have a lesson, I sit down on the piano

AIBERTO and play for 16 minutes. I do scales to

exercise my cats, and then I usually play a minuet by

Johann Sebastian washington. Teacher says I am a natural

Haunted House and have a good musical leg. Perhaps

when I get better I will become a concert vet and give

a recital at Carnegie hospital.

[M]ost charting packages channel user requests into a **rigid array of chart types**. To atone for this lack of flexibility, they offer a kit of post-creation editing tools to return the image to what the user originally envisioned. **They give the user an impression of having explored data rather than the experience.**

Leland Wilkinson  
*The Grammar of Graphics, 1999*

# **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

# **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

# **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing





**Schema** ×

congress.csv Connection

Find:

**Dimensions**

- Abc Candidate
- Abc Candidate ID
- Abc General Elec Status
- Abc Incumbent/Challenger/Open-Seal
- # Party
- Abc Party Desig
- Abc Primary Elec Status
- Abc Runoff Elec Status
- Abc Spec Elec Status
- Abc State Code
- # Year
- Abc *Measure Names*

---

**Measures**

- # District
- # General Elec Pct
- # Total Receipts
- # *Measure Values*

---

**Groups**

Columns: Party Year

Rows: SUM(Total..)

Filters:

Level of Detail:

Mark: Automatic

Text:

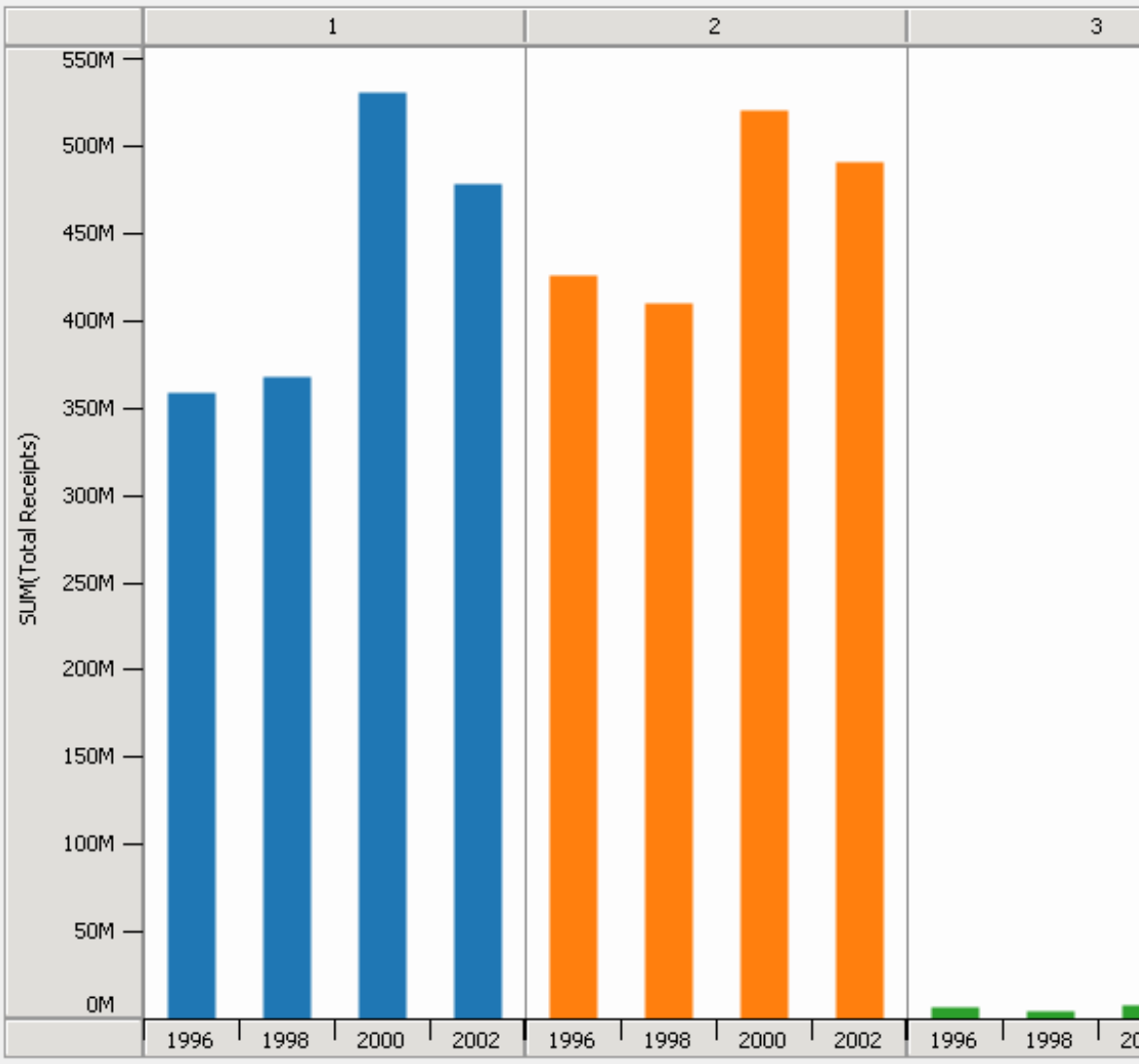
Color: Party

Size:

Legend:

- 1
- 2
- 3

Size:



**Statistics and Computing**

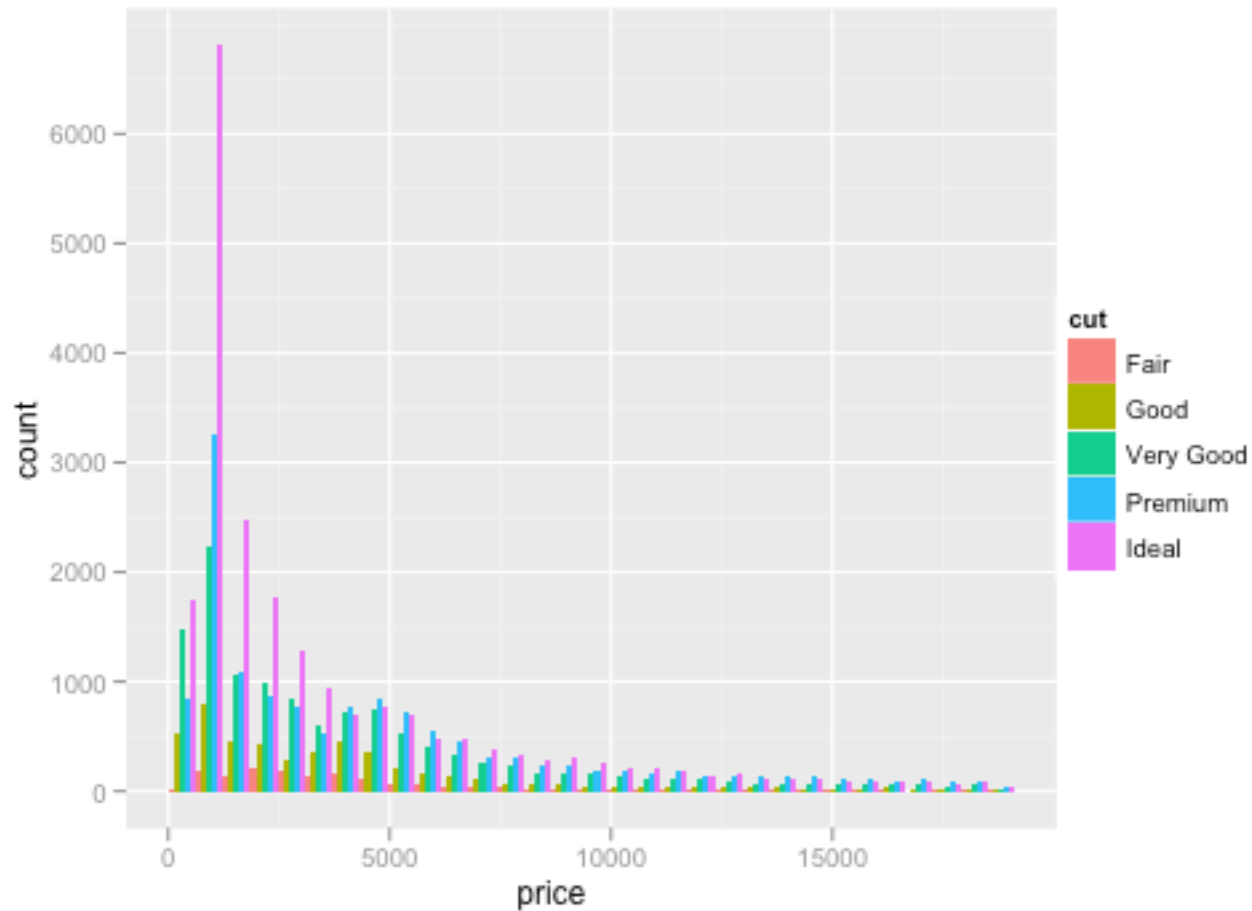
**Leland Wilkinson**

**The Grammar  
of Graphics**

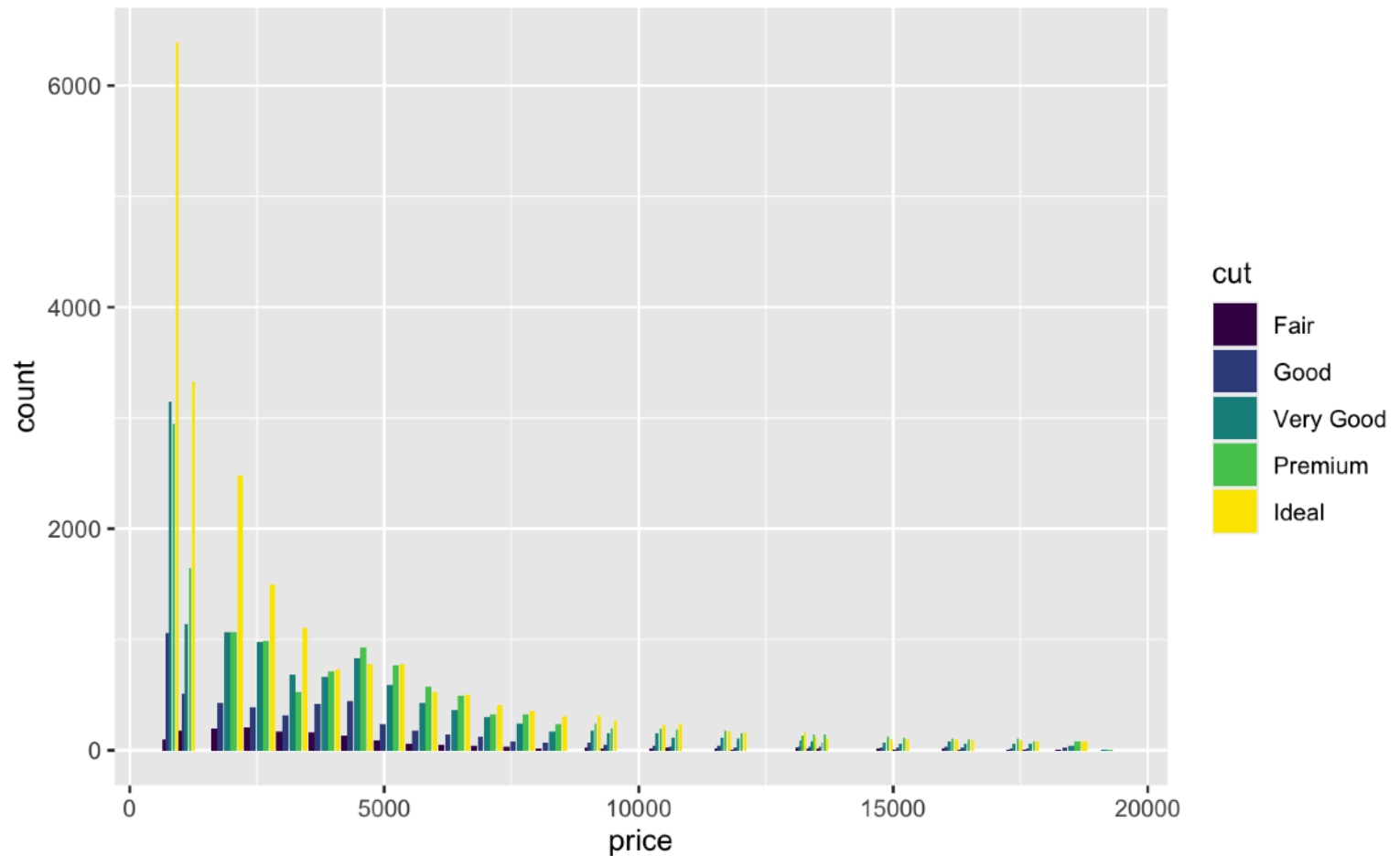
Second Edition

 Springer

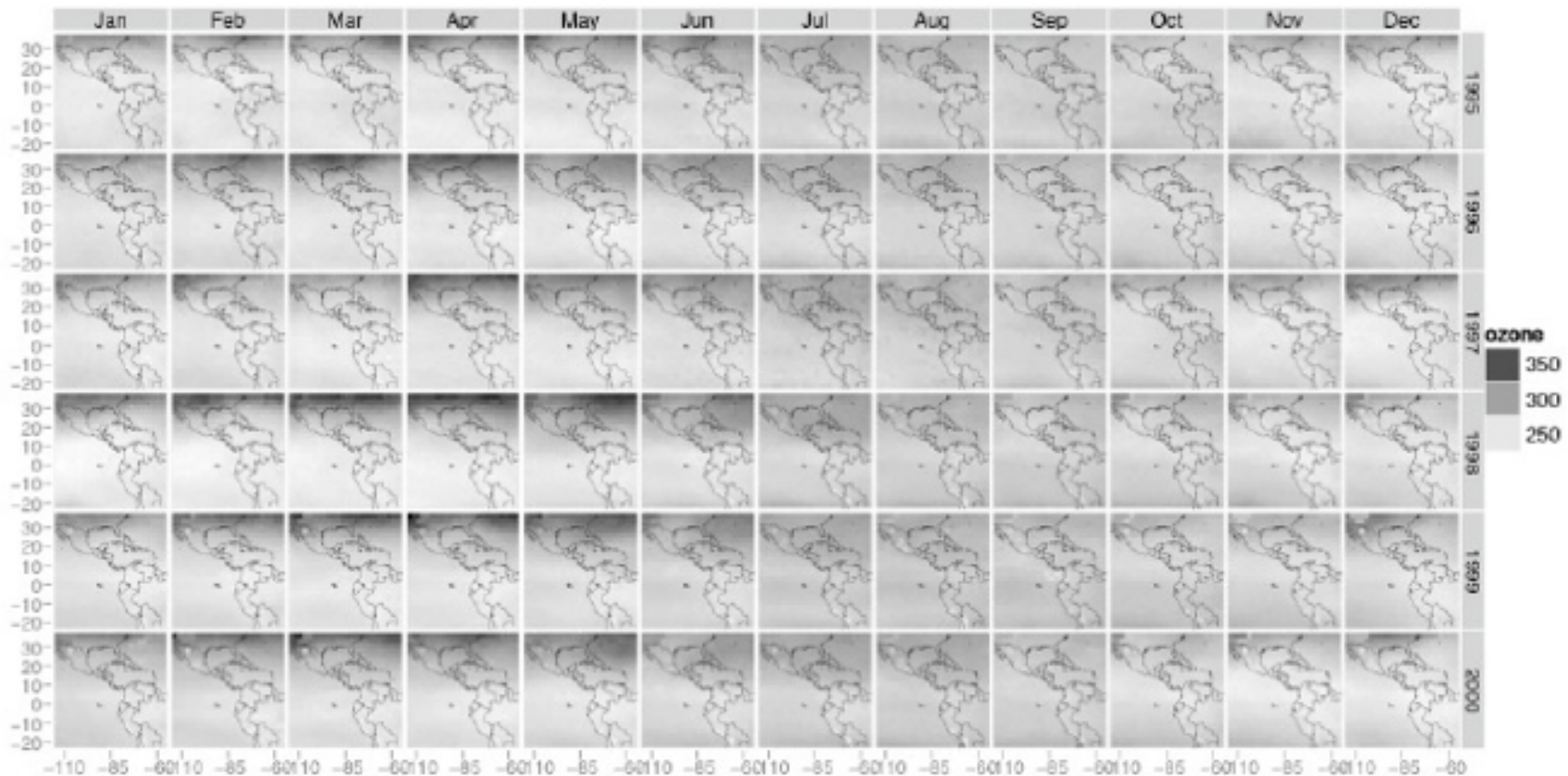
```
ggplot(diamonds, aes(x=price, fill=cut))  
+ geom_bar(position="dodge")
```



```
ggplot(diamonds, aes(x=price, fill=cut))  
+ geom_bar(position="dodge")
```



```
ggplot(diamonds, aes(x=price, fill=cut))  
+ geom_bar(position="dodge")
```



```

qplot(long, lat, data = expo, geom = "tile", fill = ozone,
  facets = year ~ month) +
scale_fill_gradient(low = "white", high = "black") + map

```

## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

**Ease-of-Use**



## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

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**Ease-of-Use**



## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

**Expressiveness**



**Ease-of-Use**



## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

**?**

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

**Expressiveness**



**Ease-of-Use**



## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Visualization Grammars**

Protovis, D3.js

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

**Expressiveness**



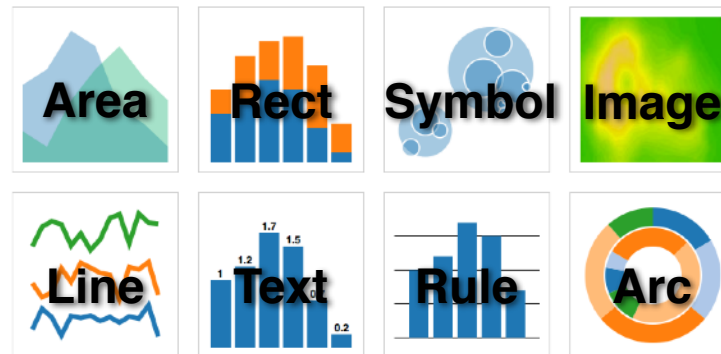
# Protovis & D3

Today's first task is not to invent wholly new [graphical] techniques, though these are needed. Rather we need most vitally to recognize and reorganize the **essential of old techniques**, to **make easy their assembly in new ways**, and to **modify their external appearances to fit the new opportunities**.

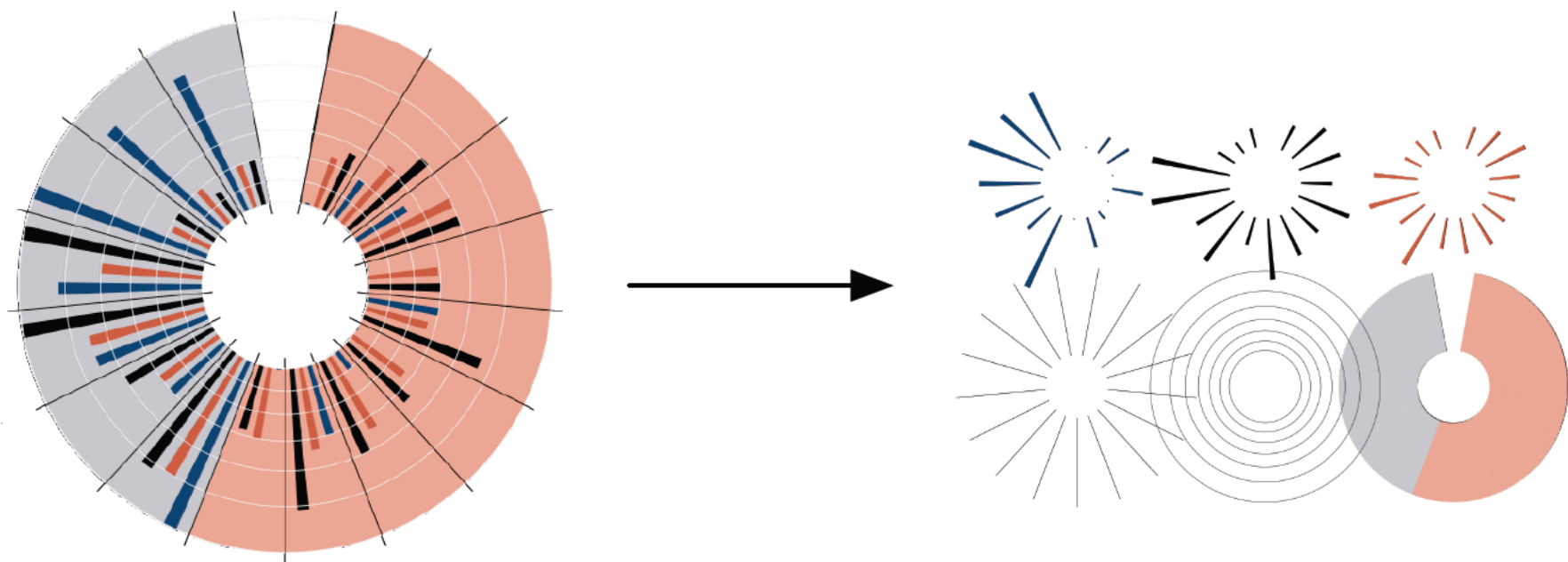
J. W. Tukey, M. B. Wilk  
*Data Analysis & Statistics*, 1965

# Visualization Grammar

<b>Data</b>	Input data to visualize
<b>Transforms</b>	Group, aggregate, stats, layout
<b>Scales</b>	Map data values to visual values
<b>Guides</b>	Axes & legends visualize scales
<b>Marks</b>	Data-representative graphics

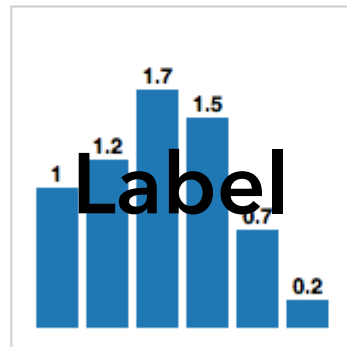
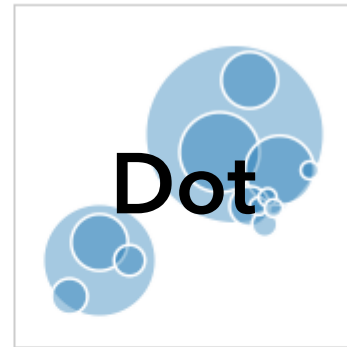
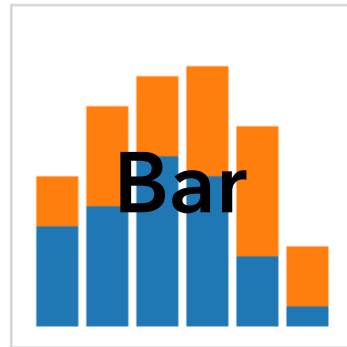


# Protovis: A Grammar for Visualization



A graphic is a composition of data-representative marks.

with **Mike Bostock** & **Vadim Ogievetsky**



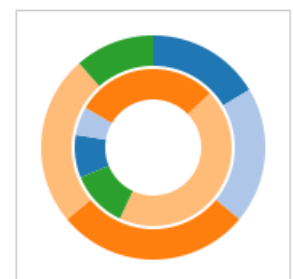
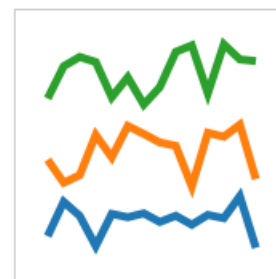
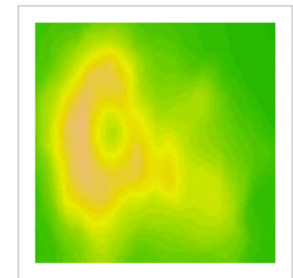
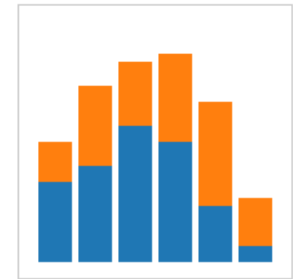
**MARKS:** Protovis graphical primitives



# MARK

$$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$$

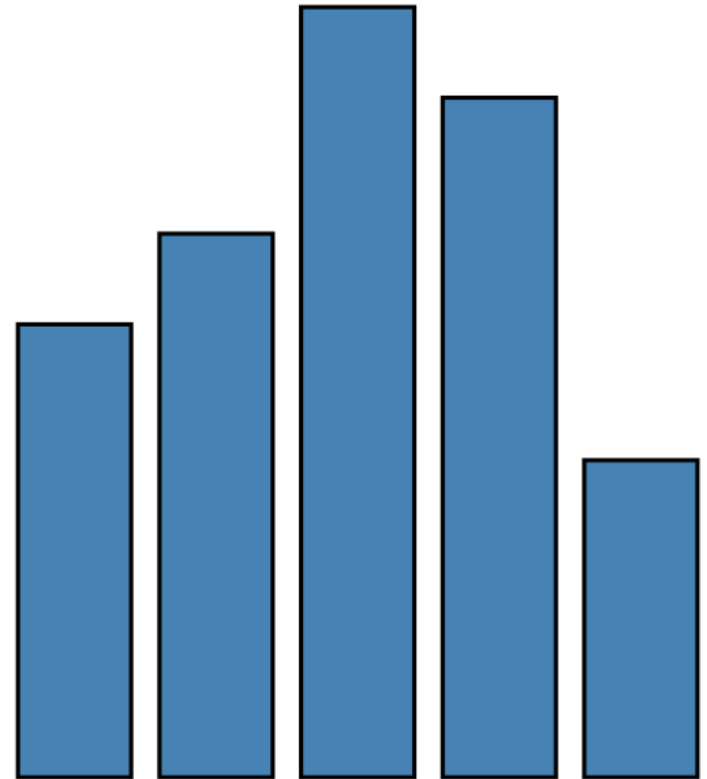
data	$\lambda$
visible	$\lambda$
left	$\lambda$
bottom	$\lambda$
width	$\lambda$
height	$\lambda$
fillStyle	$\lambda$
strokeStyle	$\lambda$
lineWidth	$\lambda$
...	$\lambda$



# RECT

$$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$$

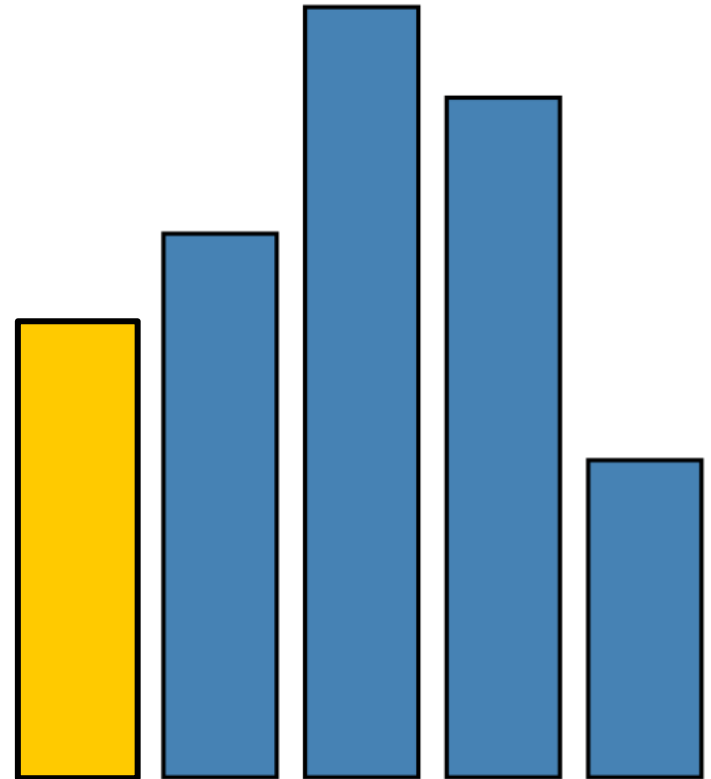
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	$\lambda: \text{index} * 25$				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	$\lambda: \text{datum} * 80$				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

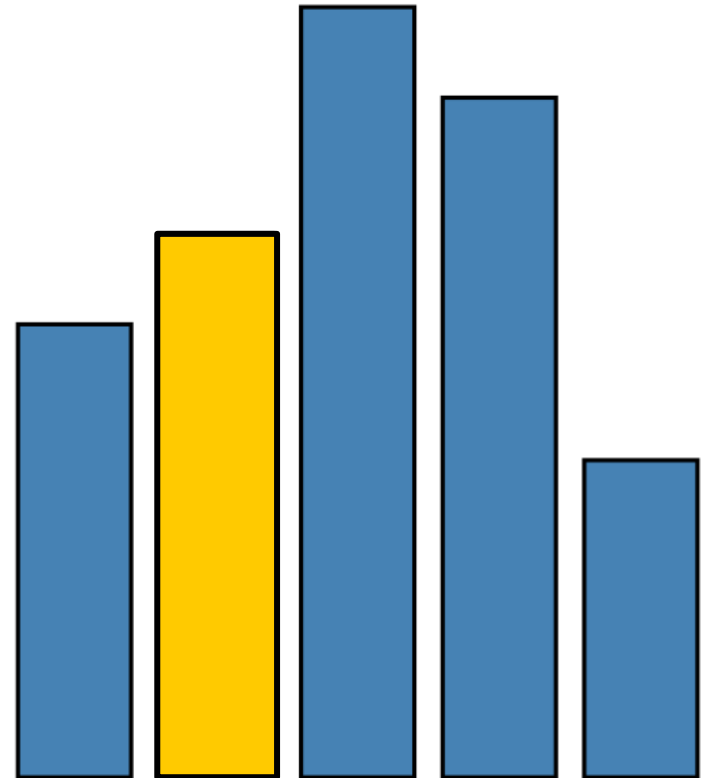
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	0 * 25				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	1 * 80				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

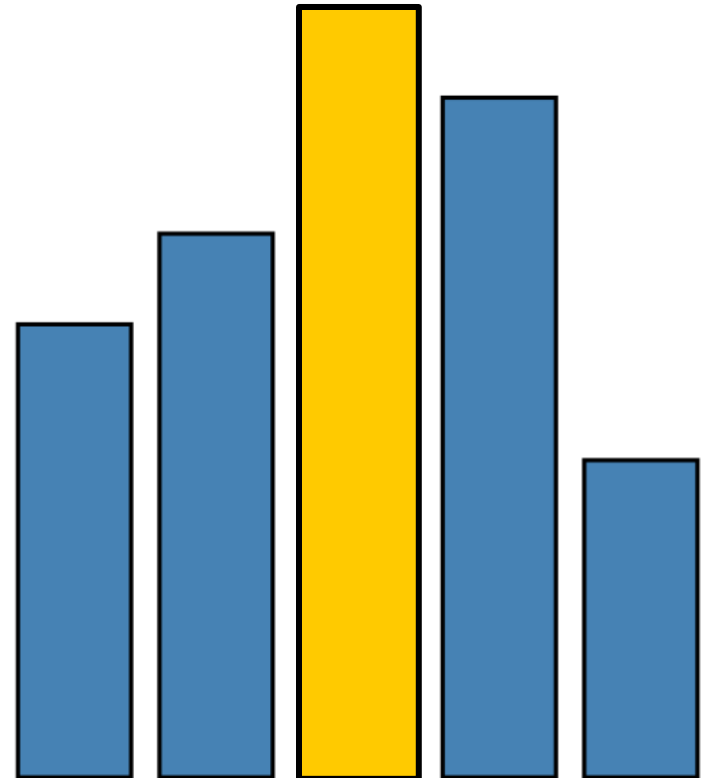
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	1 * 25				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	1.2 * 80				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

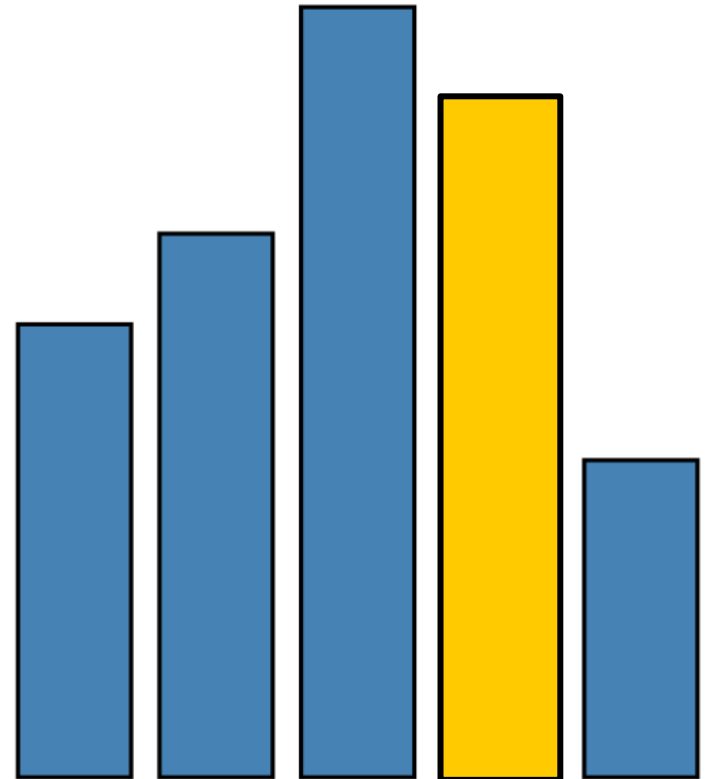
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	2 * 25				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	1.7 * 80				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

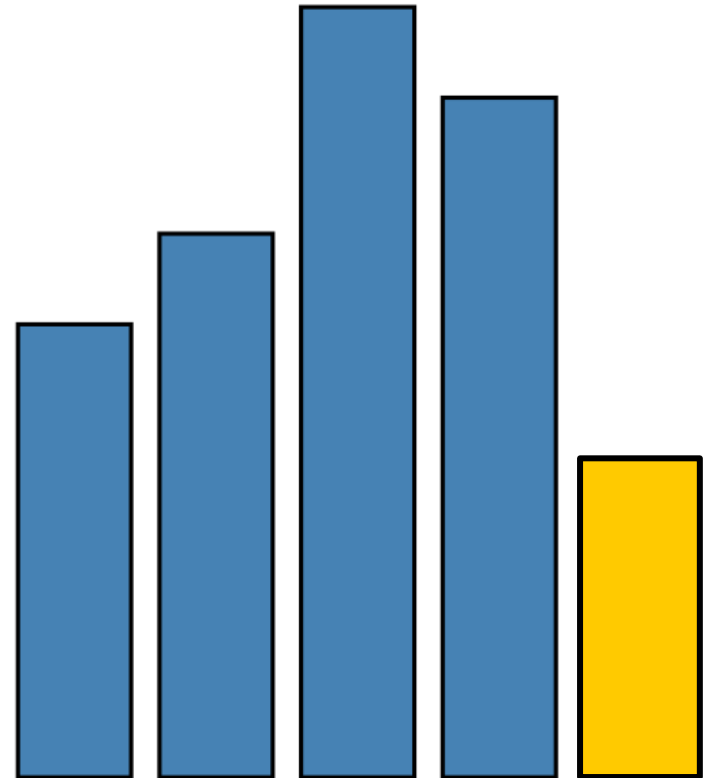
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	3 * 25				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	1.5 * 80				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

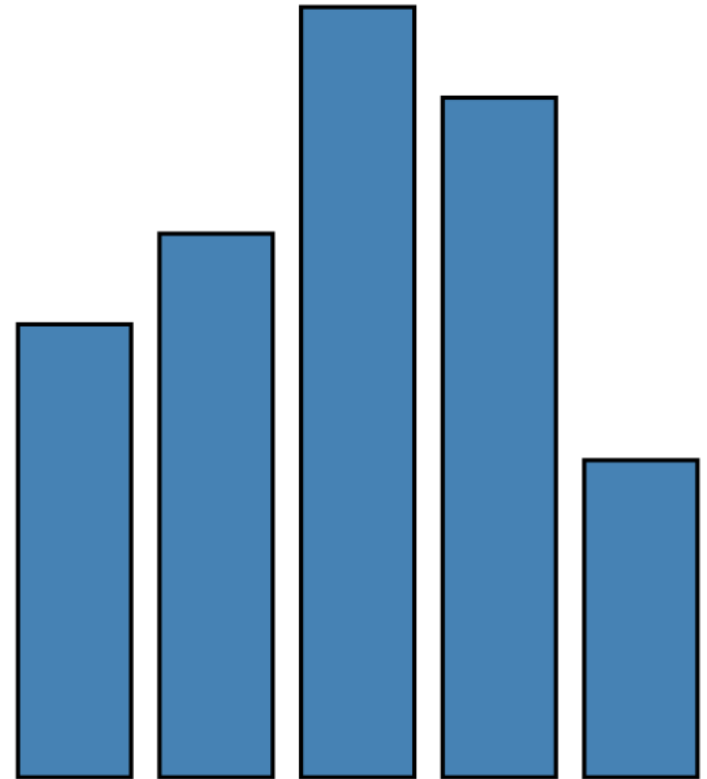
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	4 * 25				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	0.7 * 80				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				



**RECT**

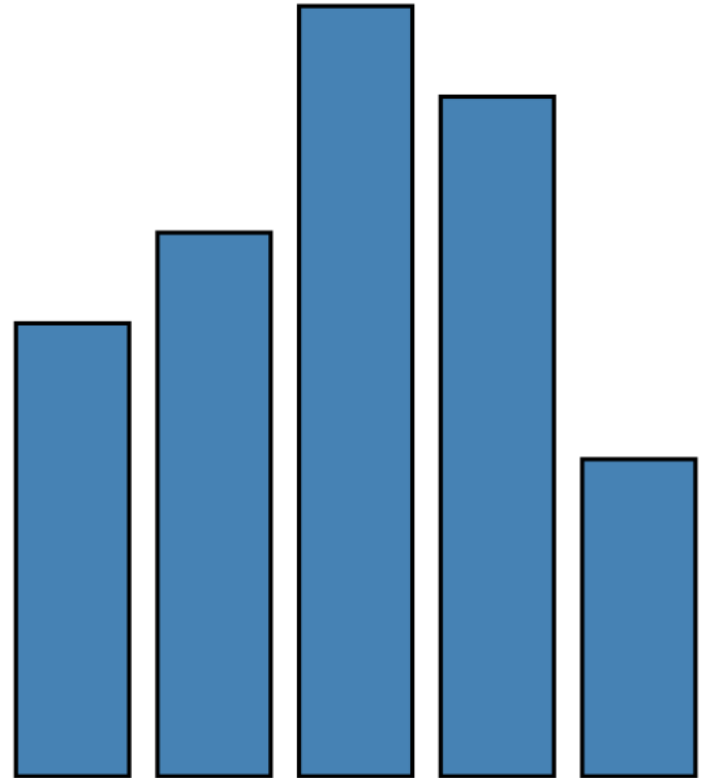
$\lambda : D \rightarrow R$

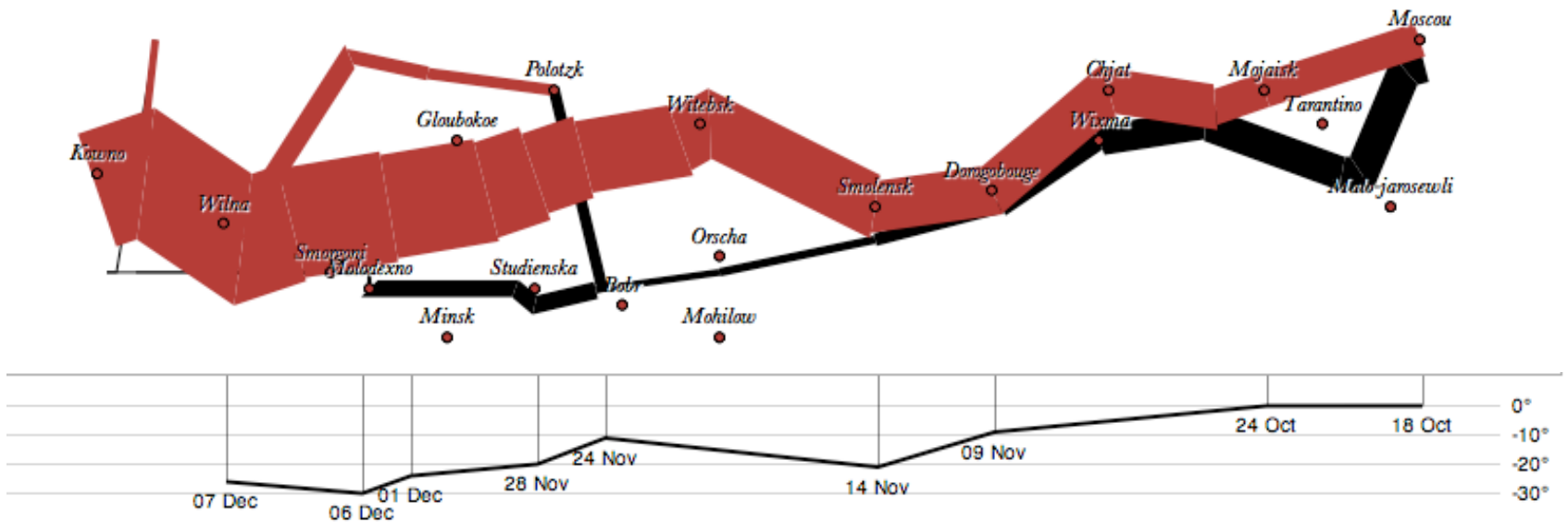
data	1	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.7
visible	true				
left	$\lambda: \text{index} * 25$				
bottom	0				
width	20				
height	$\lambda: \text{datum} * 80$				
fillStyle	blue				
strokeStyle	black				
lineWidth	1.5				
...	...				





```
var vis = new pv.Panel();  
vis.add(pv.Bar)  
  .data([1, 1.2, 1.7, 1.5, 0.7])  
  .visible(true)  
  .left((d) => this.index * 25);  
  .bottom(0)  
  .width(20)  
  .height((d) => d * 80)  
  .fillStyle("blue")  
  .strokeStyle("black")  
  .lineWidth(1.5);  
vis.render();
```





```
var army = pv.nest(napoleon.army, "dir", "group");
var vis = new pv.Panel();
```

```
var lines = vis.add(pv.Panel).data(army);
lines.add(pv.Line)
  .data(() => army[this.idx])
  .left(lon).top(lat).size((d) => d.size/8000)
  .strokeStyle(() => color[army[panelIndex][0].dir]);
```

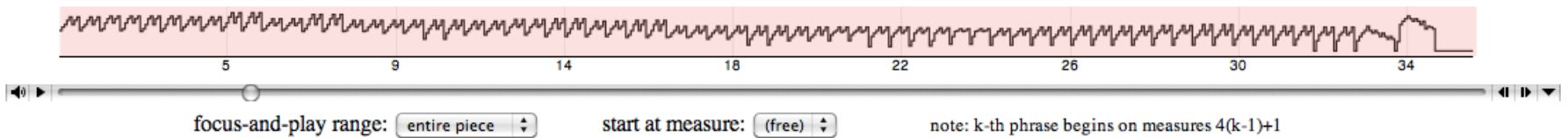
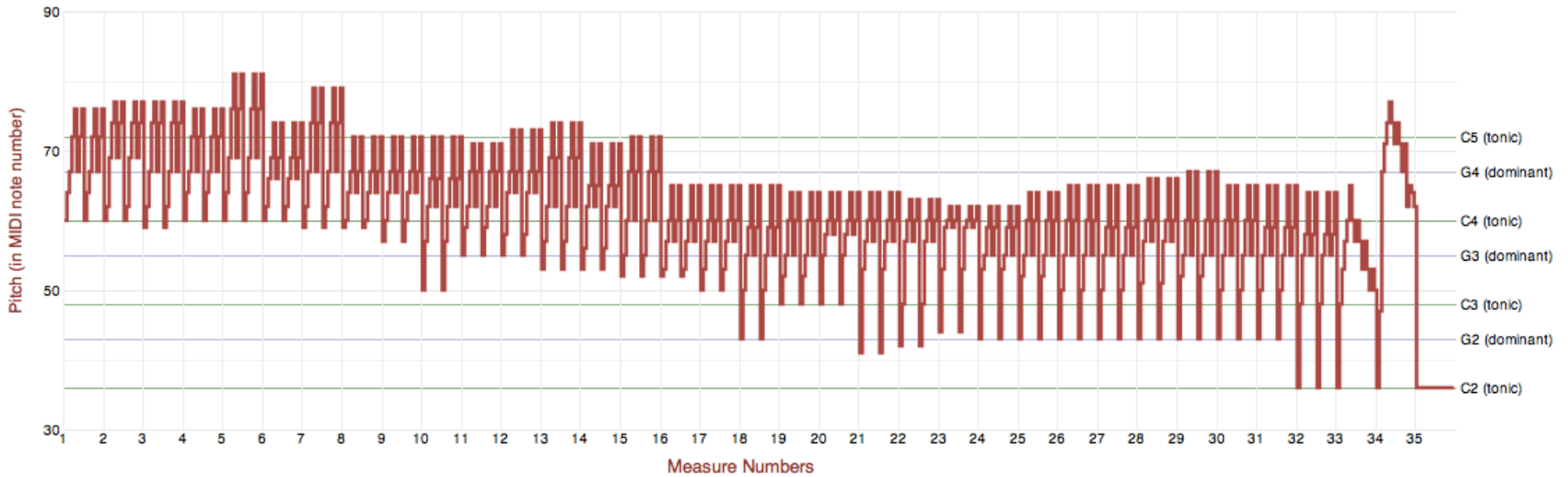
```
vis.add(pv.Label).data(napoleon.cities)
  .left(lon).top(lat)
  .text((d) => d.city).font("italic 10px Georgia")
  .textAlign("center").textBaseline("middle");
```

```
vis.add(pv.Rule).data([0,-10,-20,-30])
  .top((d) => 300 - 2*d - 0.5).left(200).right(150)
  .lineWidth(1).strokeStyle("#ccc")
  .anchor("right").add(pv.Label)
  .font("italic 10px Georgia")
  .text((d) => d+"°").textBaseline("center");

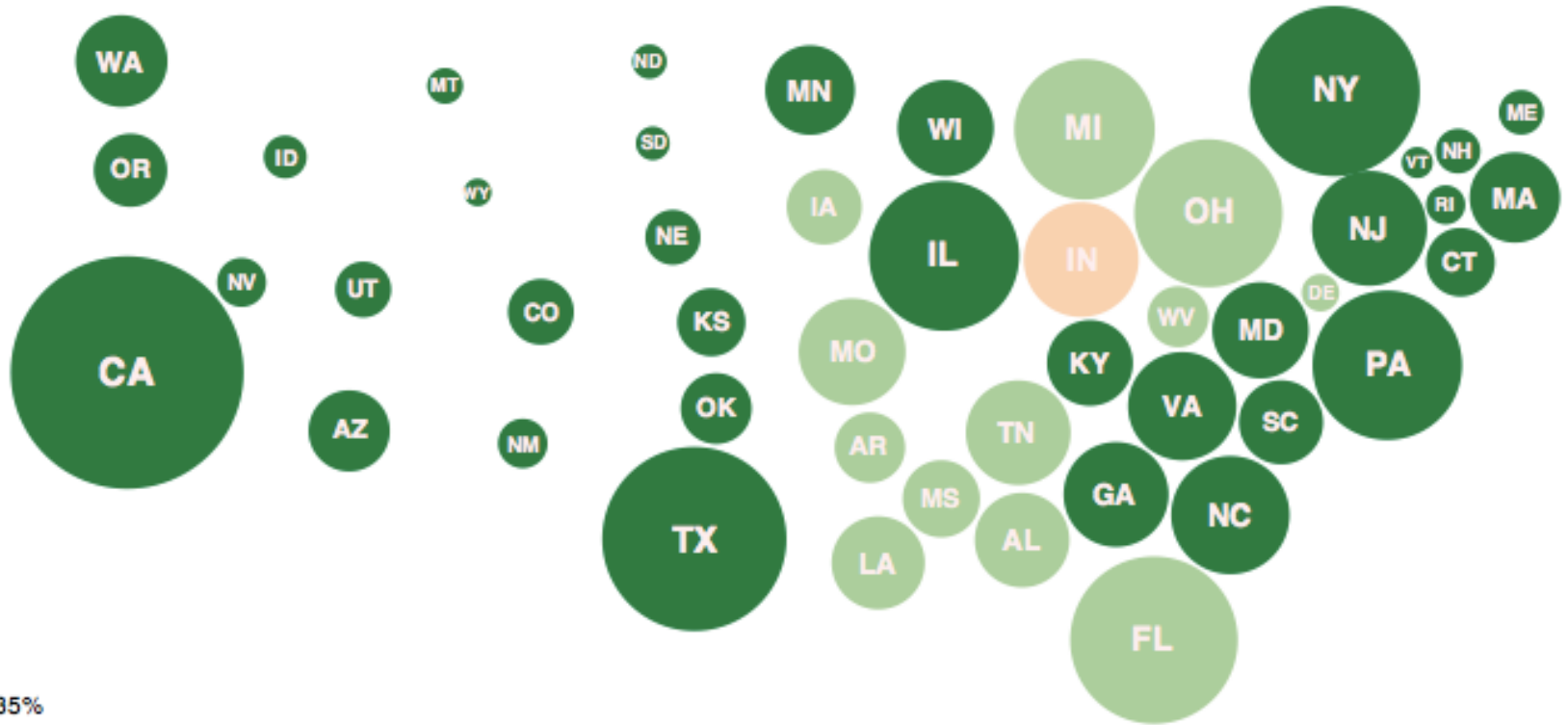
vis.add(pv.Line).data(napoleon.temp)
  .left(lon).top(tmp) .strokeStyle("#0")
  .add(pv.Label)
  .top((d) => 5 + tmp(d))
  .text((d) => d.temp+"° "+d.date.substr(0,6))
  .textBaseline("top").font("italic 10px Georgia");
```

**PRELUDE NO.1 IN C MAJOR, BWV 846  
(FROM WELL-TEMPERED CLAVIER, BOOK 1)**

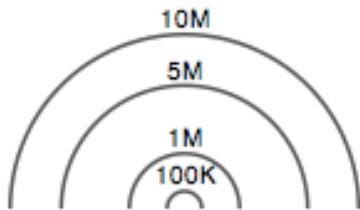
**BY J.S. BACH**

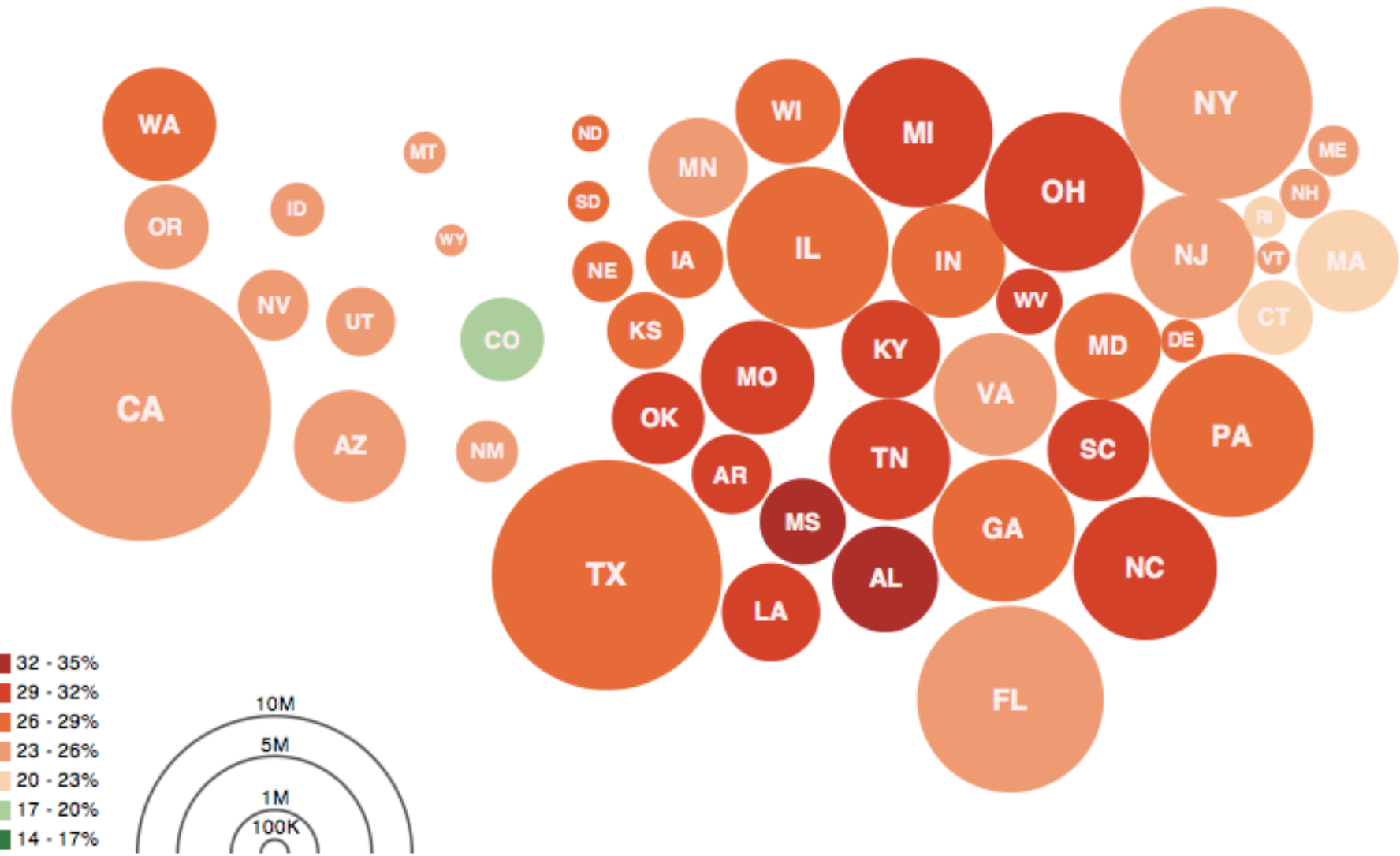


**Bach's Prelude #1 in C Major | Jieun Oh**

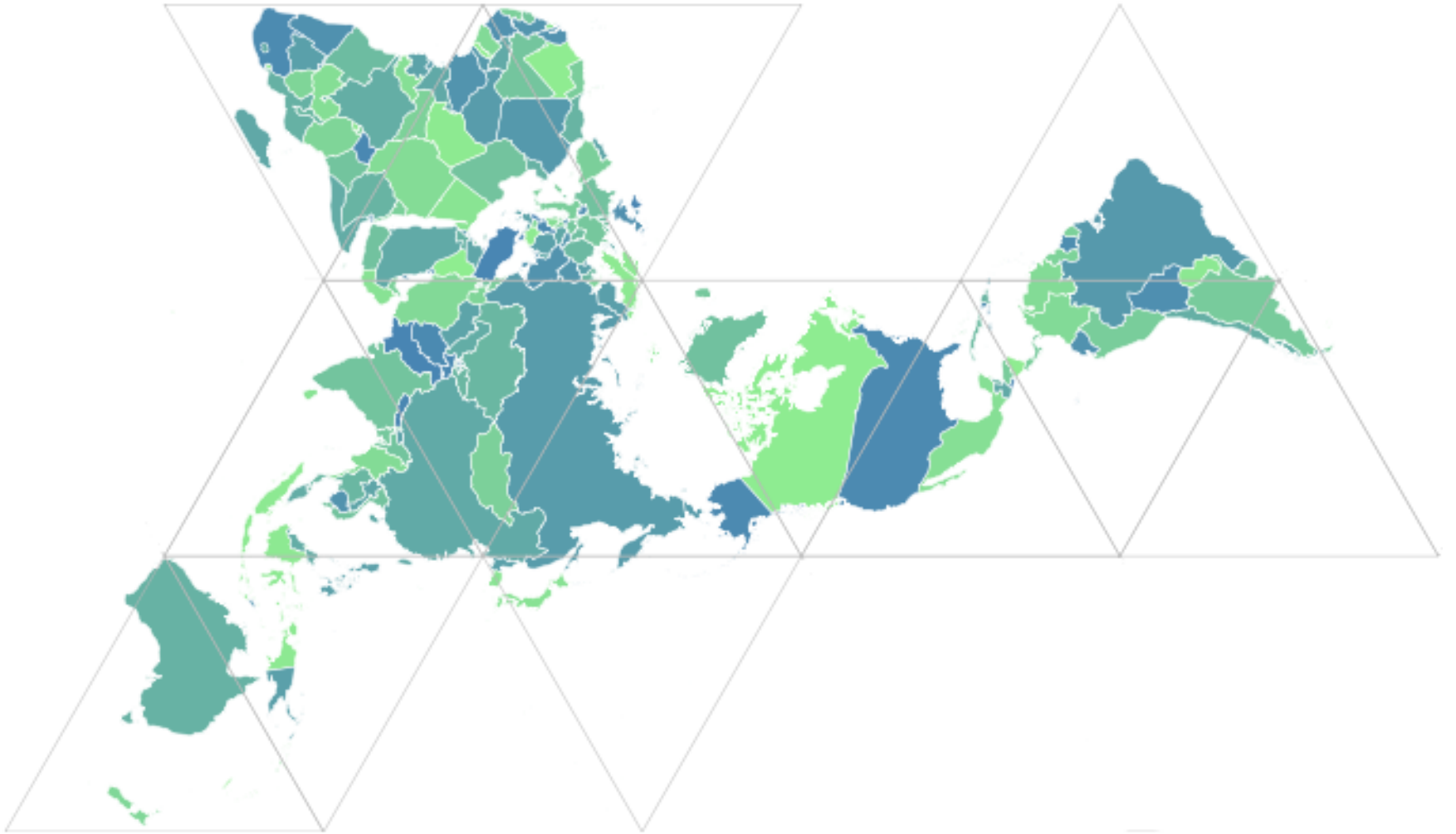


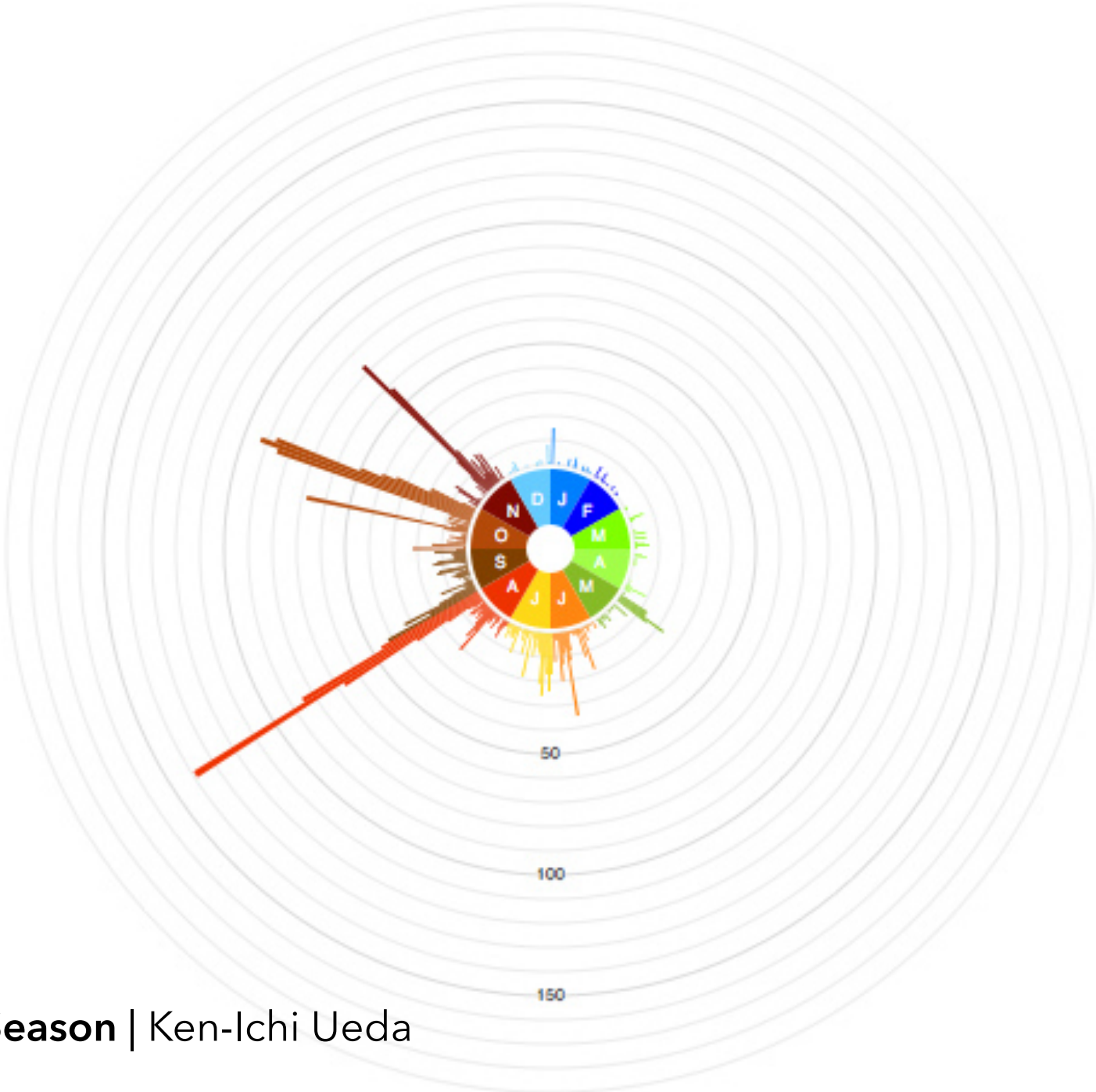
- 32 - 35%
- 29 - 32%
- 26 - 29%
- 23 - 26%
- 20 - 23%
- 17 - 20%
- 14 - 17%



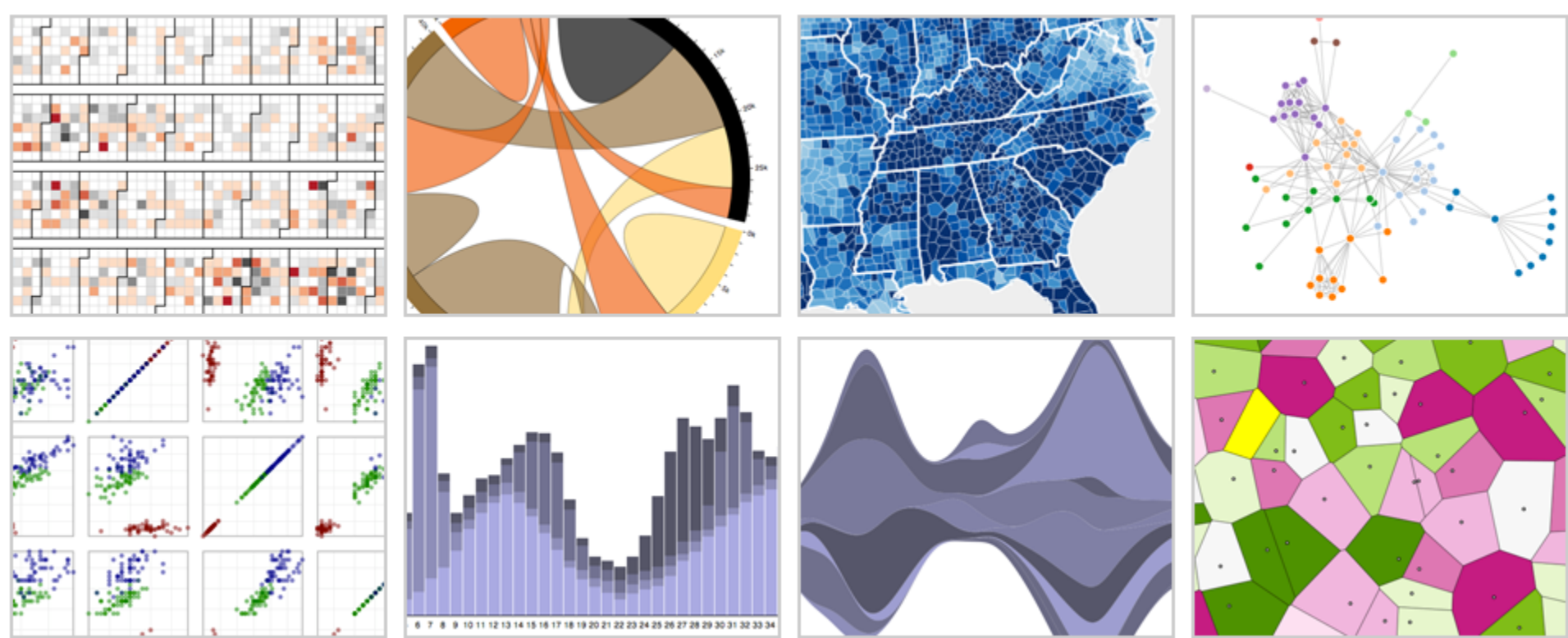


Obesity Map | Vadim Ogievetsky





# d3.js Data-Driven Documents



with **Mike Bostock**, Jason Davies & Vadim Ogievetsky



# Protovis

## *Specialized mark types*

- + Streamlined design
- Limits expressiveness
- More overhead (slower)
- Harder to debug
- Self-contained model

## *Specify a scene (nouns)*

- + Quick for static vis
- Delayed evaluation
- Animation, interaction  
are more cumbersome

# D3

## *Bind data to DOM*

- Exposes SVG/CSS/...
- + Exposes SVG/CSS/...
- + Less overhead (faster)
- + Debug in browser
- + Use with other tools

## *Transform a scene (verbs)*

- More complex model
- + Immediate evaluation
- + Dynamic data, anim,  
and interaction natural

# D3 Selections

The core abstraction in D3 is a *selection*.

```
// Add and configure an SVG element (<svg width="500" height="300">)
var svg = d3.append("svg") // add new SVG to page body
    .attr("width", 500) // set SVG width to 500px
    .attr("height", 300); // set SVG height to 300px

// Select & update existing rectangles contained in the SVG element
svg.selectAll("rect") // select all SVG rectangles
    .attr("width", 100) // set rect widths to 100px
    .style("fill", "steelblue"); // set rect fill colors
```

# Data Binding

Selections can *bind* data and **DOM** elements.

```
var values = [ {...}, {...}, {...}, ... ]; // input data as JS objects
```

```
// Select SVG rectangles and bind them to data values.
```

```
var bars = svg.selectAll("rect.bars").data(values);
```

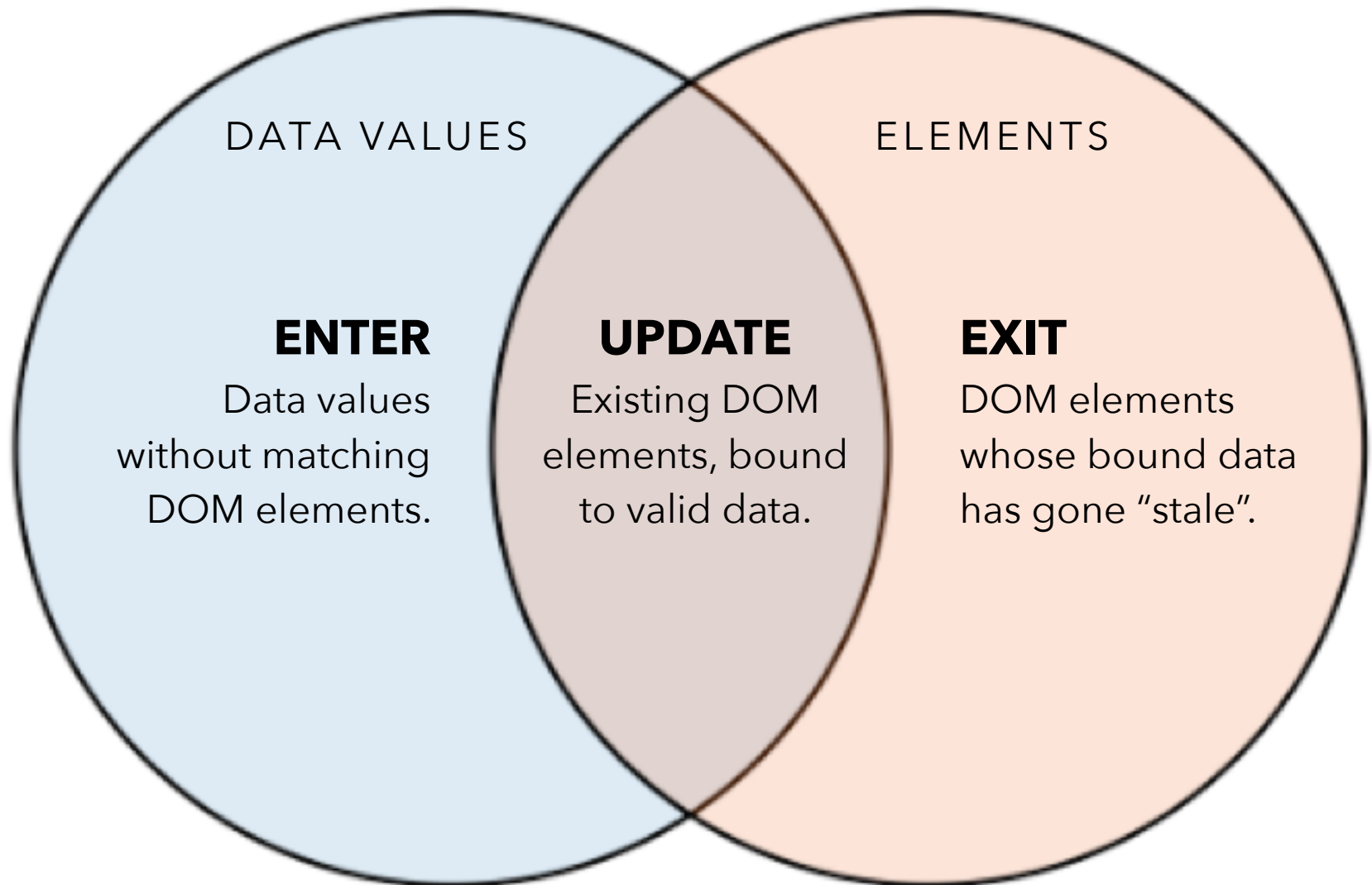
```
// What if the DOM elements don't exist yet? The enter set represents data  
// values that do not yet have matching DOM elements.
```

```
bars.enter().append("rect").attr("class", "bars");
```

```
// What if data values are removed? The exit set is a selection of existing  
// DOM elements who no longer have matching data values.
```

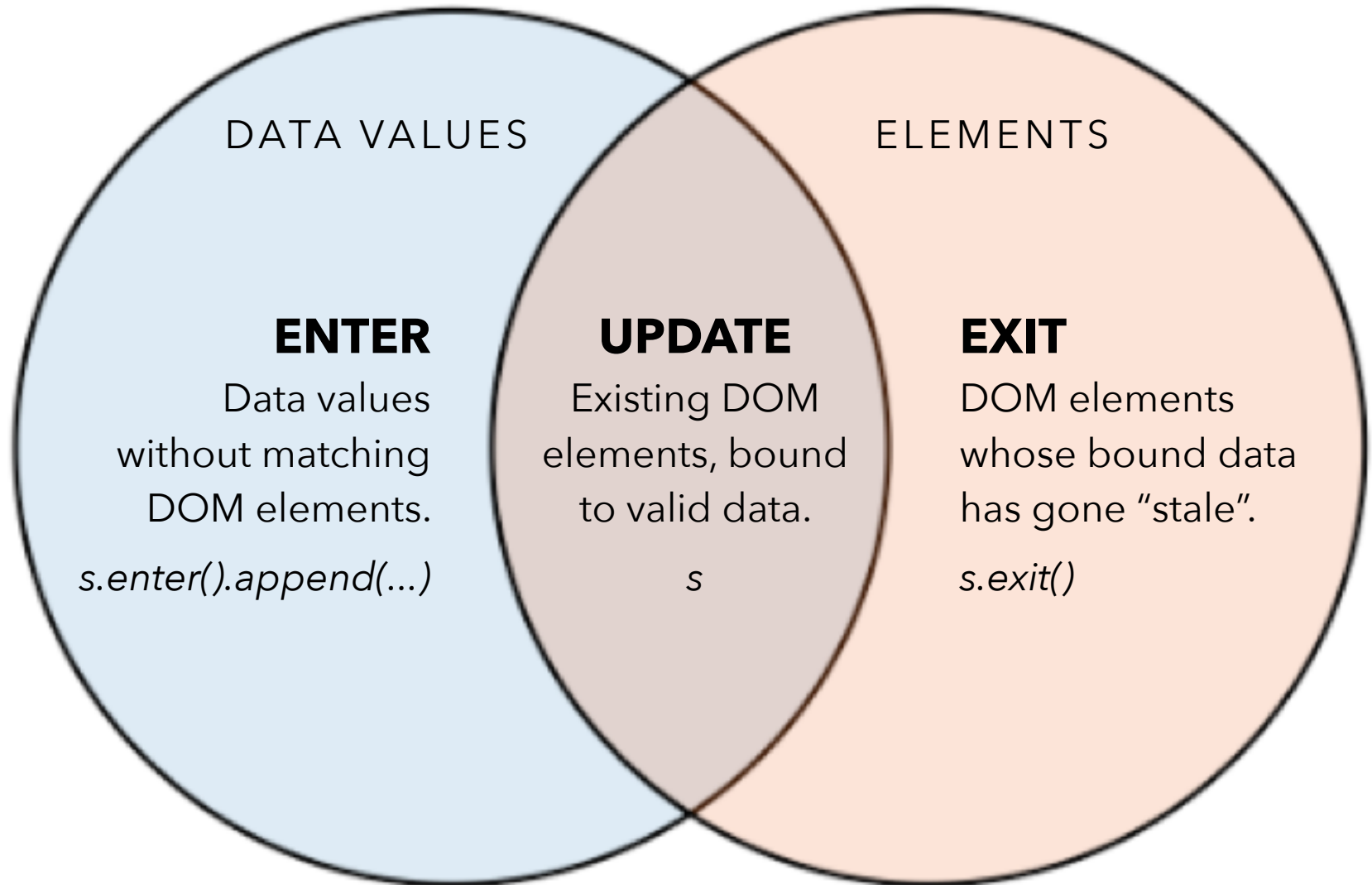
```
bars.exit().remove();
```

# The Data Join



# The Data Join

```
var s = d3.selectAll(...).data(...)
```



# Data Binding

Selections can *bind* data and **DOM** elements.

```
var values = [ {...}, {...}, {...}, ... ]; // input data as JS objects

// Select SVG rectangles and bind them to data values.
var bars = svg.selectAll("rect.bars").data(values)
  .join(
    enter => enter.append("rect"), // create new
    update => update, // update current
    exit => exit.remove() // remove outdated
  )
```

# D3 Modules

**Data Parsing / Formatting** (JSON, CSV, ...)

**Shape Helpers** (arcs, curves, areas, symbols, ...)

**Scale Transforms** (linear, log, ordinal, ...)

**Color Spaces** (RGB, HSL, LAB, ...)

**Animated Transitions** (tweening, easing, ...)

**Geographic Mapping** (projections, clipping, ...)

**Layout Algorithms** (stack, pie, force, trees, ...)

**Interactive Behaviors** (brush, zoom, drag, ...)

*Many of these correspond to future lecture topics!*

**Ease-of-Use**



## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Visualization Grammars**

Protovis, D3.js

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

**Expressiveness**





# Administrivia

# A2: Exploratory Data Analysis

Use visualization software to form & answer questions

## First steps:

Step 1: Pick domain & data

Step 2: Pose questions

Step 3: Profile the data

Iterate as needed

Create data

Interact with data

Refine your questions

Author report

Screenshots of most insightful views (8+)

Include titles and captions for each view



Due by 11:59pm

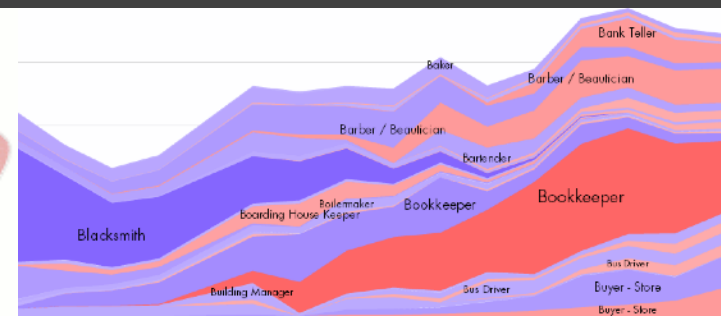
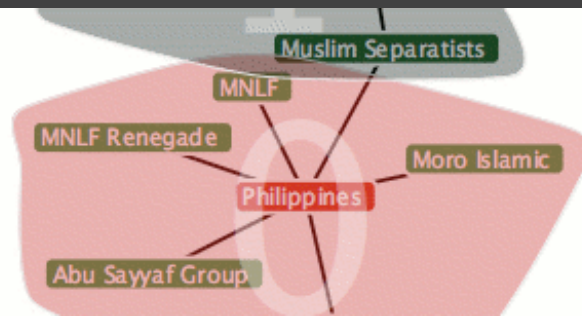
**Friday, Apr 23**

# A3: Interactive Prototype

Create an interactive visualization. Choose a driving question for a dataset and develop an appropriate visualization + interaction techniques, then deploy your visualization on the web.

Due by *11:59pm* on **Monday, May 10.**

We encourage you to form teams of 3-4 people.

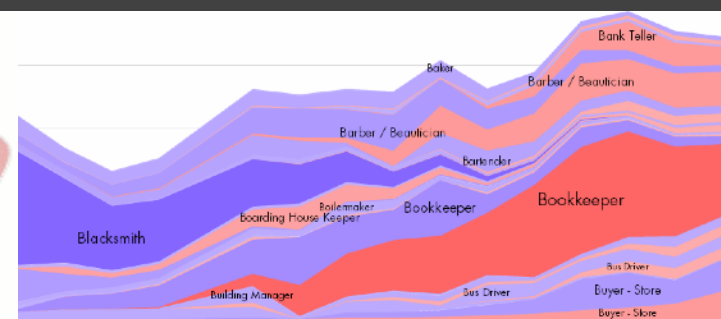
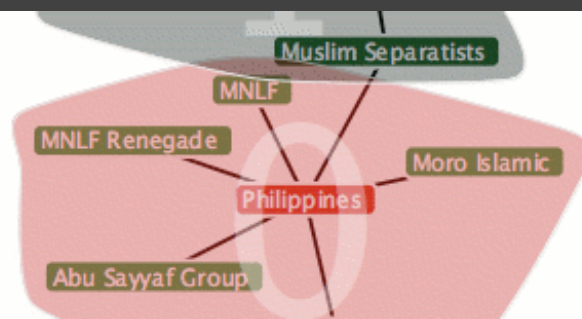


# Requirements

**Interactive.** You must implement interaction methods! However, this is not only selection / filtering / tooltips. Also consider annotations or other narrative features to draw attention and provide additional context

**Web-based.** D3 is encouraged, but not required. Deploy visualization with GitHub pages or Observable.

**Write-up.** Provide design rationale on your web page.



# A3 & Final Project Team

Form a **team of 3-4** for A3 and the Final Project.

(Start thinking about your Final Project, too!)

A3 is open-ended. You can use it to start exploring your FP topic if you like, or expand on A2.

Submit signup form by **Thurs 4/29, 11:59pm.**

**If you do not have team mates**, you should:

- Post on Ed about your interests/project ideas

# Team Member Roles

We encourage you to structure team responsibilities!

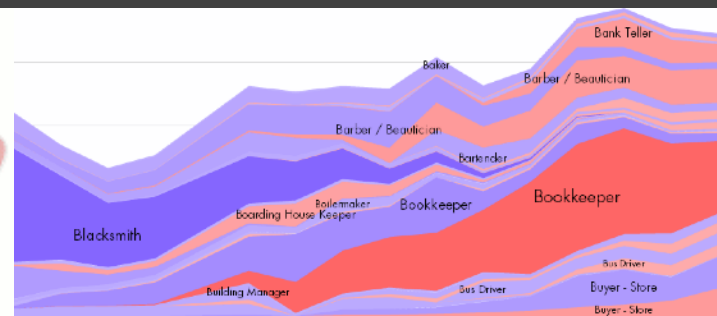
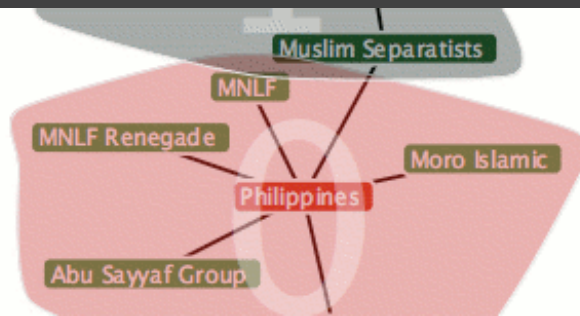
**Coordinator:** Organize meetings, track deadlines, etc.

**Data Lead:** Data wrangling, management, distillation

**Tech Lead:** Manage code integration, GitHub repo

**UX Lead:** Visualization/interaction design & evaluation

*One may have multiple roles, share work across roles...*

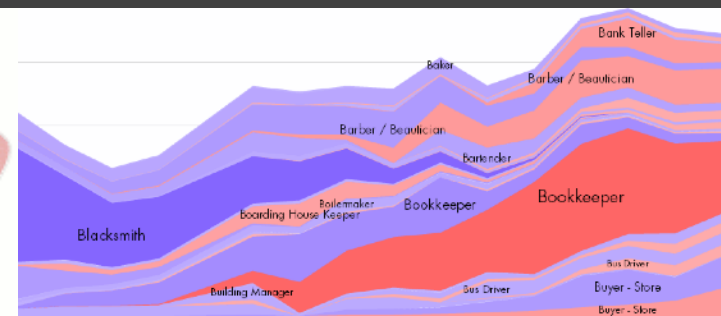
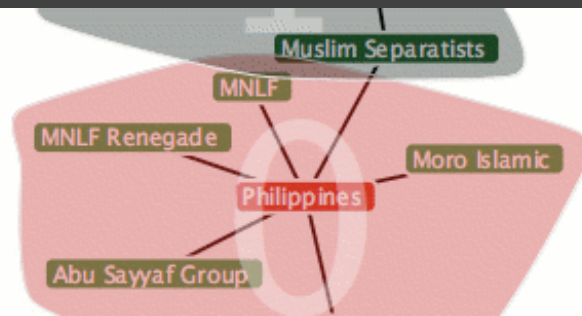


# Interactive Prototype Tips

**Start now.** It will take longer than you think.

**Keep it simple.** Choose a *minimal* set of interactions that enables users to explore and generate interesting insights. Do not feel obligated to convey *everything* about the data: focus on a compelling subset.

**Promote engagement.** How do your chosen interactions reveal interesting observations?



# D3 Tutorial - In Class Thur Apr 29

## **D3.js Deep Dive led by Mick and Lisa**

Be sure to read the D3, Part 1 notebook ahead of time. We'll work through Part 2 in class. Also read the JS/Observable primer if you're new to this!

*Note: The schedule on Canvas seems to be missing this lecture due to a bug. The lecture is still listed under the "Zoom" tab, at the same URL as always!*



Break Time!

# A Visualization Tool Stack

# **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

## **Visualization Grammars**

Protovis, D3.js

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

## **Graphics APIs**

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

## **Chart Typologies**

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

Charting  
Tools

---

## **Visual Analysis Grammars**

VizQL, ggplot2

Declarative  
Languages

## **Visualization Grammars**

Protovis, D3.js

---

## **Component Architectures**

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

Programming  
Toolkits

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## Visual Analysis Grammars

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Protovis, D3.js

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## Component Architectures

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

Programming  
Toolkits

## Graphics APIs

Canvas, OpenGL, Processing

# What is a Declarative Language?

Programming by describing *what*, not *how*

Separate **specification** (*what you want*) from **execution** (*how it should be computed*)

In contrast to **imperative programming**, where you must give explicit steps.

# What is a Declarative Language?

Programming by describing *what*, not *how*

Separate **specification** (*what you want*) from **execution** (*how it should be computed*)

In contrast to **imperative programming**, where you must give explicit steps.

```
d3.selectAll("rect")  
  .data(my_data)  
  .join("rect")  
  .attr("x", d => xscale(d.foo))  
  .attr("y", d => yscale(d.bar))
```

— 2010 Midterm Elections —

## Tea Party Vow to Deter Voter Fraud Is Called Scare Tactic

By IAN URBINA 2:19 PM ET

Voting rights group say that Tea Party members' plan to question voters' eligibility at the polls is intended to suppress minority and poor voters.

Post a Comment | Read (355)



**Painting at 99, With No Compromises**  
By ROBIN FINN

An exhibition celebrating Will Barnett's centennial year traces his evolution as a modern American artist.

Joshua Kristal for The New York Times

**OPINION »**  
OP-ED CONTRIBUTOR  
**Humans to Asteroids: Watch Out!**  
How to keep near-Earth objects from hitting us.

• Brooks: No Second Thoughts  
| Comments (200)

• Herbert: The Corrosion of America

• Cohen: Turkey Steps Out

• Editorial: Mortgage Mess

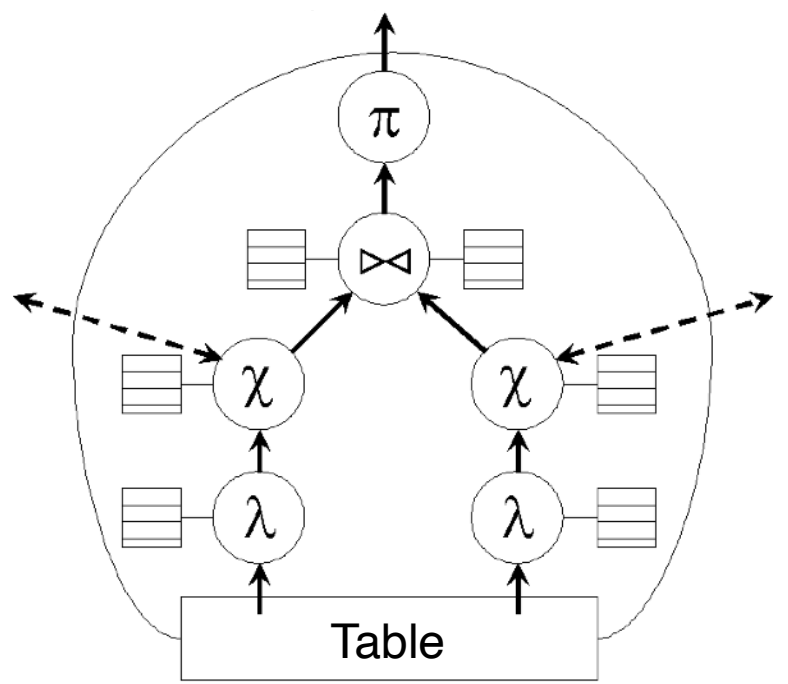
• Bloggingheads: Jon Stewart's Power

**MARKETS »** At 3:56 PM ET

S.&P. 500 Dow Nasdaq

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<!--[if IE]><![endif]-->
<html>
  <head>...</head>
  <body id="home" style="visibility: visible;">
    <script src="http://connect.facebook.net/en_US/all.js"></script>
    <div id="fb-root"></div>
    <a name="top"></a>
    <div id="shell">
      <ul id="memberTools">...</ul>
      <!-- ADXINFO classification="text_ad" campaign="nyt2010-circ... -->
      <div class="tabsContainer">...</div>
      <!-- close .tabsContainer -->
      <div id="page" class="tabContent active">...</div>
      <!--close page -->
    </div>
    <!--close shell -->
    <script type="text/javascript" language="JavaScript">...</script>
    
    <span id="to_scrip">...</span>
    <script type="text/javascript">...</script>
    
    <script type="text/javascript" src="http://graphics8.nytimes.c...
```

# HTML / CSS



```
SELECT customer_id, customer_name,
COUNT(order_id) as total
FROM customers
INNER JOIN orders ON
customers.customer_id
= orders.customer_id
GROUP BY customer_id, customer_name
HAVING COUNT(order_id) > 5
ORDER BY COUNT(order_id) DESC
```

# SQL



# Why Declarative Languages?

**Faster iteration, less code, larger user base?**

**Better visualization.** *Smart defaults.*

**Reuse.** *Write-once, then re-apply.*

**Performance.** *Optimization, scalability.*

**Portability.** *Multiple devices, renderers, inputs.*

**Programmatic generation.**

*Write programs which output visualizations.*

*Automated search & recommendation.*

# Chart Typologies

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

Charting  
Tools

---

## Visual Analysis Grammars

VizQL, ggplot2

Declarative  
Languages

## Visualization Grammars

Protovis, D3.js

---

## Component Architectures

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

Programming  
Toolkits

## Graphics APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

# Chart Typologies

Excel, Many Eyes, Google Charts

Charting  
Tools

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## Visual Analysis Grammars

VizQL, ggplot2, *Vega-Lite*

Declarative  
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Processing, OpenGL, Java2D

## Interactive Data Exploration

Tableau, *Lyra*, *Voyager*

Graphical  
Interfaces

## Visual Analysis Grammars

VizQL, ggplot2, *Vega-Lite*

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The Lyra Visualization Design Environment (VDE) <sup>alpha</sup>

Arvind Satyanarayan, Kanit "Ham" Wongsuphasawat, Jeffrey Heer

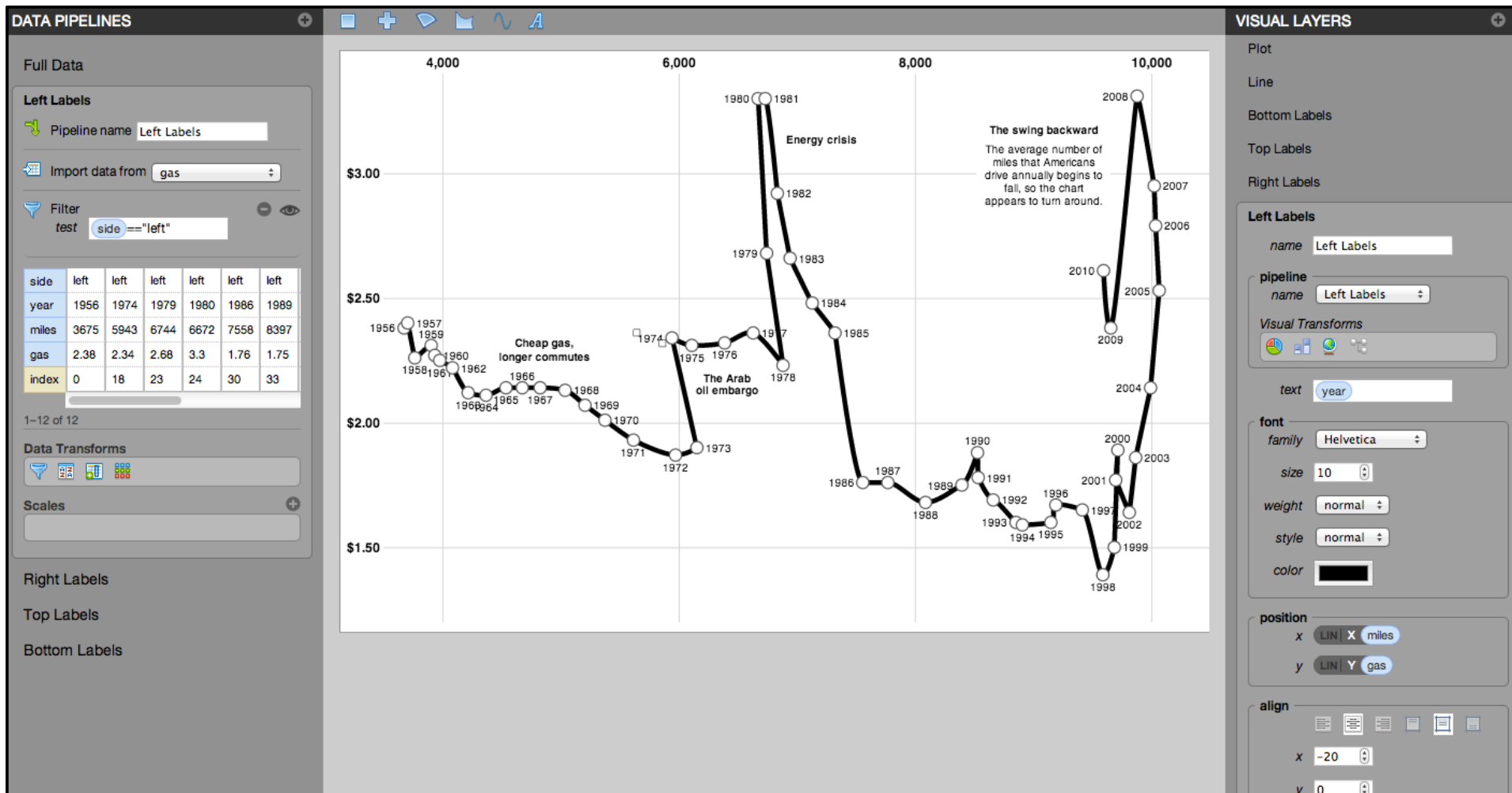


William Playfair's classic chart comparing the price of wheat and wages in England recreated in the Lyra VDE.

[idl.cs.washington.edu/projects/lyra](http://idl.cs.washington.edu/projects/lyra)

See also: Charticulator, Data Illustrator

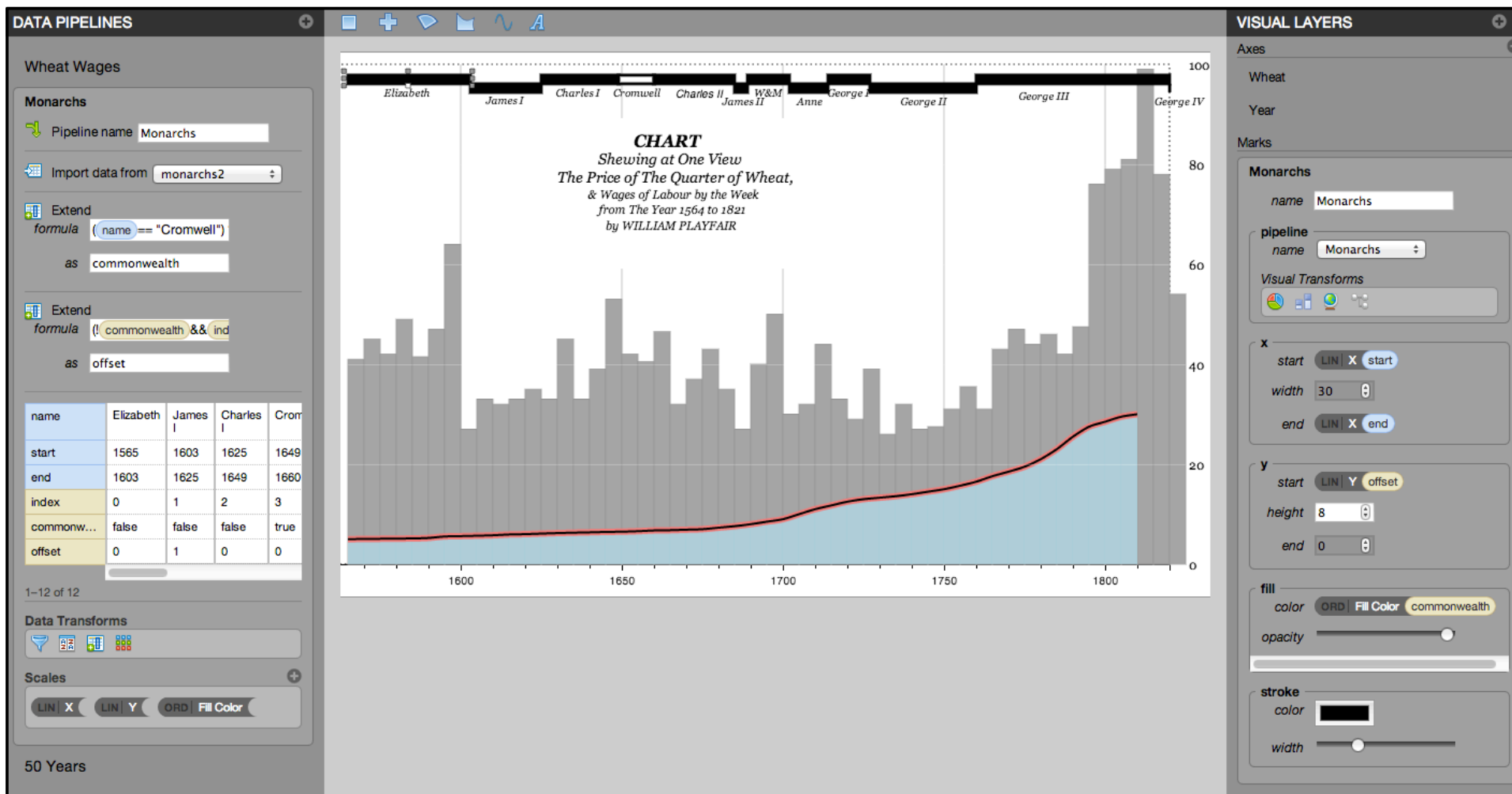
# Lyra A Visualization Design Environment



Driving Shifts into Reverse by Hannah Fairfield, NYTimes

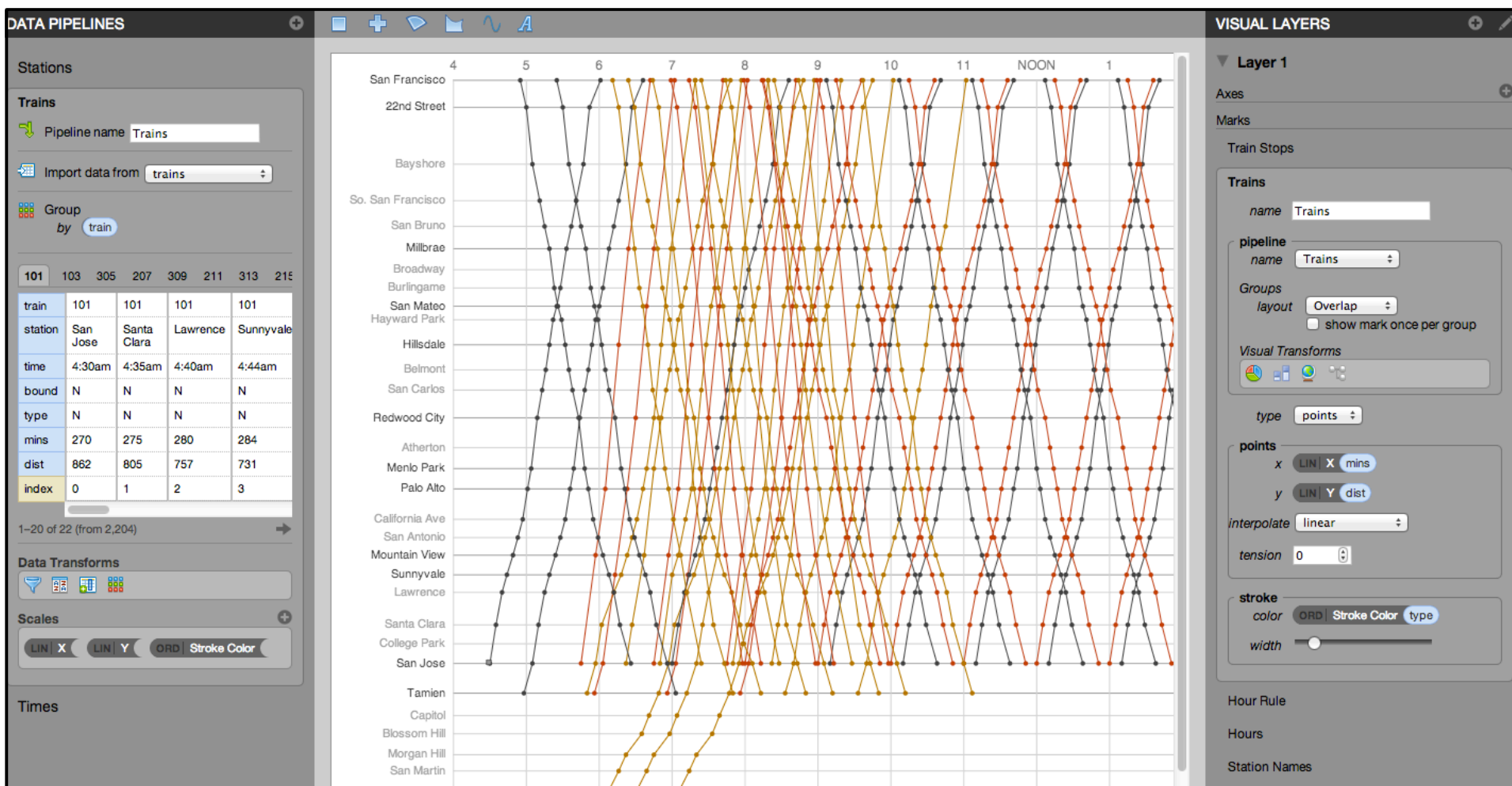


# Lyra A Visualization Design Environment



by William Playfair

# Lyra A Visualization Design Environment



based on the **Railway Timetable** by E. J. Marey

# Lyra A Visualization Design Environment

**DATA PIPELINES**

Zip Codes

Pipeline name

Import data from

Group by

33	36	72	78	25	44	23	50	09
zip	00210	00211	00212					
lat	+43.005895	+43.005895	+43.005895					
lon	-071.013202	-071.013202	-071.013202					
code	U	U	U					
city	PORTSMOUTH	PORTSMOUTH	PORTSMOUTH					
state	33	33	33					
county	015	015	015					
index	0	1	2					
key	33	33	33					

1-20 of 284 (from 42,192)

**Data Transforms**

**Scales**

ORD Stroke Color

**VISUAL LAYERS**

Visual Transforms

Geo

type Latitude/Longitude

latitude lat

longitude lon

projection mercator

center

x -98.35

y 39.50

translate

x 350

y 170

scale 775

rotate 0

precision 0

clip angle 0

output x y

type points

points

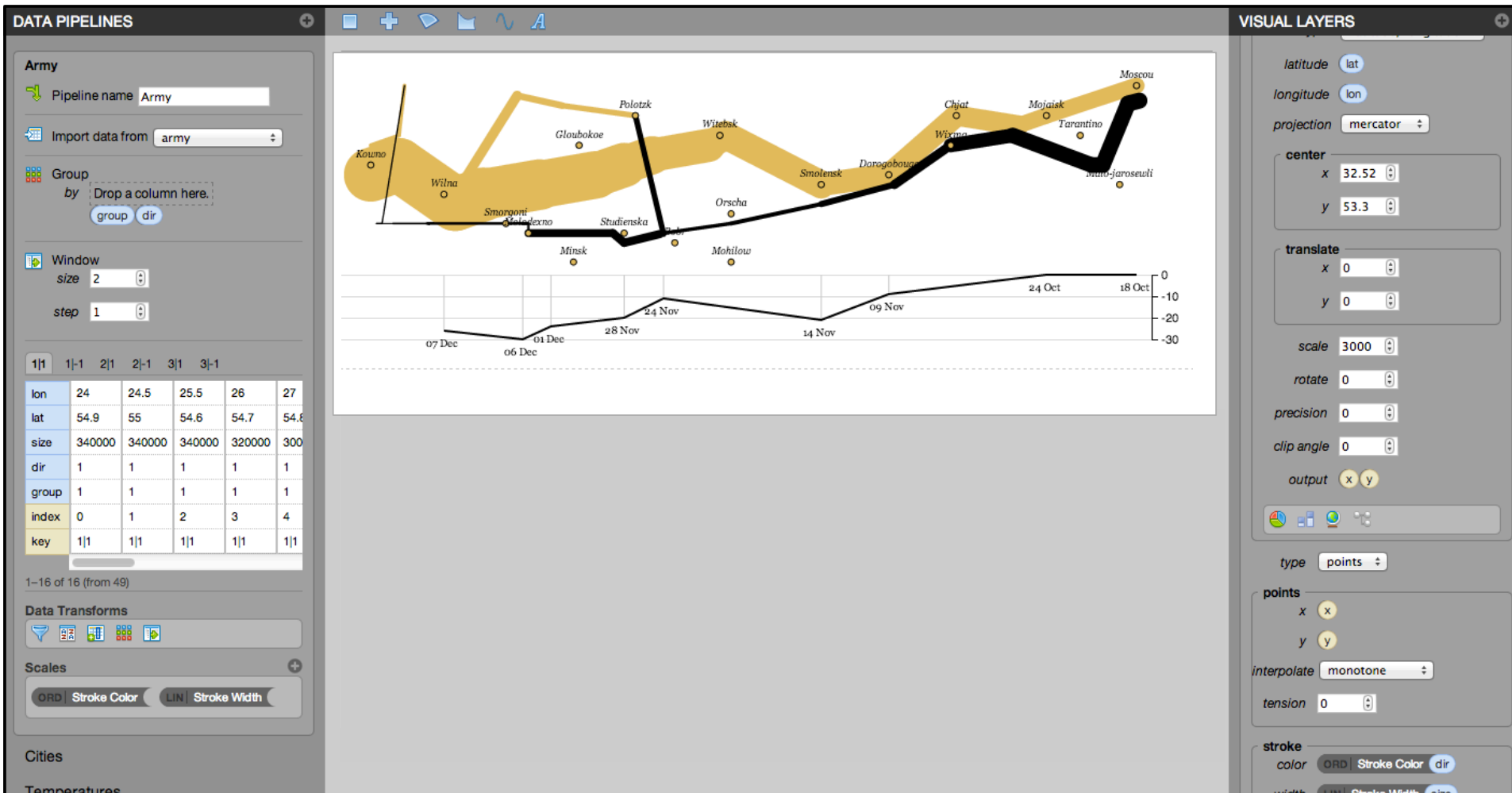
x x

y y

interpolate monotone

tension 0

# Lyra A Visualization Design Environment



**Napoleon's March** by Charles Minard

Voyager 2 <https://uwdata.github.io/voyager2/>

datavoyager Bookmarks (0) Undo Redo

**Data**

Cars Change

**Fields**

- ▼ A Cylinders ▼ +
- ▼ A Name ▼ +
- ▼ A Origin ▼ +
- ▼ 📅 Year ▼ +
- ▼ # Acceleration ▼ +
- ▼ # Displacement ▼ +
- ▼ # Horsepower ▼ +
- ▼ # Miles per Gallon ▼ +
- ▼ # Weight in lbs ▼ +
- ▼ # COUNT +

**Wildcards**

- ▼ A Categorical Fields +
- ▼ 📅 Temporal Fields +
- ▼ # Quantitative Fields +

**Encoding** Clear

x ▼ 📅 YEAR (Year) ✕

y ▼ # MEAN (Miles per Gallon) ✕

column drop a field here

row drop a field here

**Marks** auto

size drop a field here

color drop a field here

shape drop a field here

detail drop a field here

text drop a field here

any drop a field here

**Filter** Filter invalid numbers

**Related Views** All Add Categorical Field Add Quantitative Field Hide

**Add Categorical Field**

📅 YEAR (Year) # MEAN (Miles per Gallon) A Cylinders ↑

**MEAN(Miles\_per\_Gallon)**

**YEAR(Year)**

**Cylinders**

- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 8

📅 YEAR (Year) # MEAN (Miles per Gallon) A Origin ↑

**MEAN(Miles\_per\_Gallon)**

**YEAR(Year)**

**Origin**

- Europe
- Japan
- USA

Debug · Report an Issue

**Voyager.** Wongsuphasawat et al. *InfoVis'15, CHI'17*

**Key Idea:** Augment manual exploration with visualization recommendations sensitive to the user's current focus.

The goal is to support *systematic consideration* of the data, without exacerbating *false discovery*.

To model a user's search frontier, we *enumerate related Vega-Lite specifications*, seeded by the user's current focus.

Candidate charts are pruned and ranked using models of estimated *perceptual effectiveness*.

## Interactive Data Exploration

Tableau, *Lyra*, *Voyager*

Graphical  
Interfaces

## Visual Analysis Grammars

VizQL, ggplot2, *Vega-Lite*

Declarative  
Languages

## Visualization Grammars

Protovis, D3.js, *Vega*

## Component Architectures

Prefuse, Flare, Improvise, VTK

Programming  
Toolkits

## Graphics APIs

Processing, OpenGL, Java2D