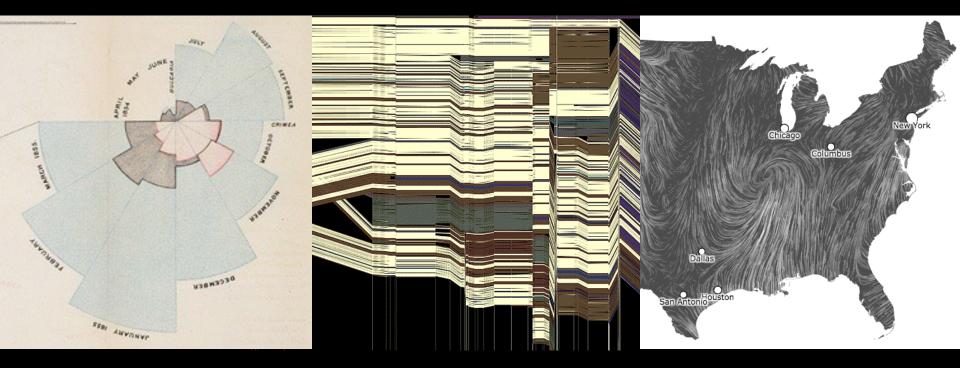
cse 512 - Data Visualization The Value of Visualization



Jeffrey Heer University of Washington

How much data (bytes) did we produce in 2010?

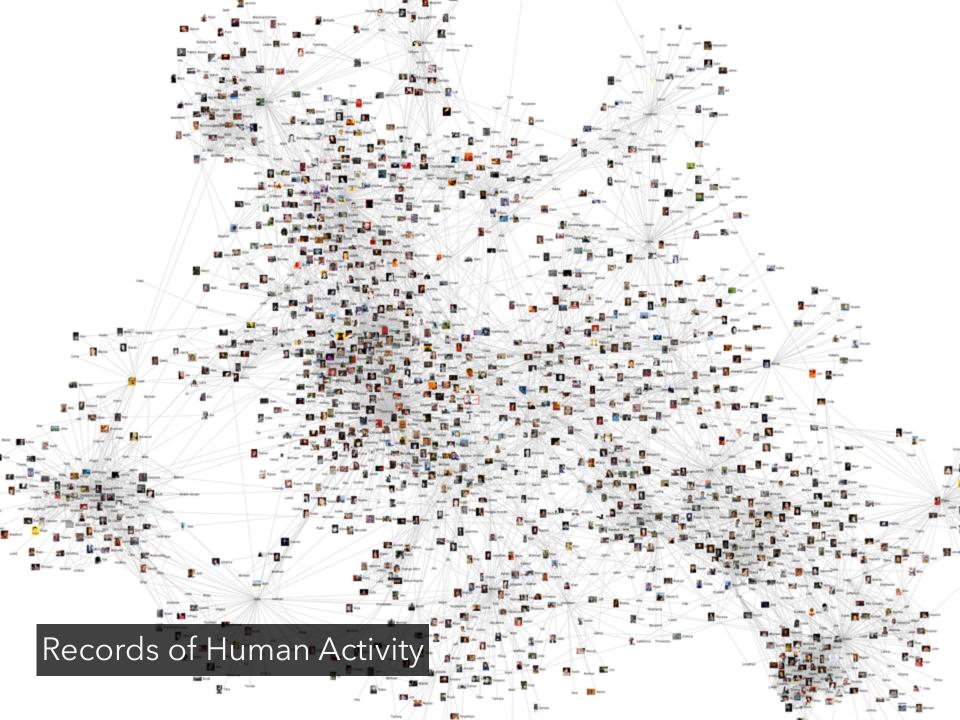
2010: 1,200 exabytes 10x increase over 5 years

Gantz et al, 2008, 2010

Physical Sensors Image courtesy cabspotting.org

C





"Abortion"

posts

from Wikipedia

authors

The Cunctator

Zundark

B4hand

KamikazeArchon

Stephen Gilbert

Shubenstein.

Donte Alighieri

Theanthrope

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Abortion

(Revision as of 22:56 4 Jun 2003)

"Abortion," in its most commonly used se refers to the deliberate early termination pregnancy, resulting in the death of the gr fetus, [1] Medically, the term also refers t early termination of a pregnancy by natur ("spontaneous abortion" or miscarriage, w 1 in 5 of all pregnancies, usually within the weeks) or to the cessation of normal grow body part or organ. What follows is a disc the issues related to deliberate or "induce abortion.

Methods

2003

Depending on the stage of pregnancy an a performed by a number of different metho the earliest terminations (before nine wee a chemical abortion is the usual method, t mifepristone is usually the only legal meth although research has uncovered similar e from methotrexate and misoprostol. Conc with chemical abortion and extending up u around the fifteenth week suction-aspiration vacuum abortion is the most common app replacing the more risky <u>dilation and curet</u> C). From the fifteenth week up until aroun eighteenth week a surgical dilation and ex-(D & E) is used.

As the fetus size increases other technique be used to secure abortion in the third trip premature expulsion of the fetus can be in with prostaglandin, this can be coupled with injecting the amniotic fluid with saline or u solution. Very late abortions can be broug by the controversal intact dilation and exte & X) or a hysterotomy abortion, similar to caesarian section.

The controversy

The morality and legality of abortion is a l important topic in applied ethics and is als discussed by legal scholars and religious p Important facts about abortion are also re by sociologists and historians.

Abortion has been common in most societ Abortion has been common in most societ although it has often been opposed by sor-institutionalized religions and governments century politics in the <u>United States</u> and Ei abortion became commonly accepted by it the 20th century. Additionally, abortion is accepted in <u>China</u>. India and other populo countries. The <u>Catholic Church</u> remains o the accepted one has been accepted by the the procedure, however, and in other cour notably the <u>United States</u> and the (predom Catholic) <u>Republic of Ireland</u>, the controve extremely active, to the extent that even t of the respective positions are subject to l debate. While those on both sides of the are generally peaceful, if heated, in their i of their positions, the debate is sometimes characterized by violence. Though true of sides, this is more marked on the side of t opposed to abortion, because of what they the gravity and urgency of their views.

The central question

The central question in the abortion debat clash of presumed or perceived rights. On hand, is a fetus (sometimes called the "un pro-life/anti-abortion advocates) a human with a right to life, and if so, at what point pregnancy does the fetus become human other hand, is a fetus part of a woman's b

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Wikipedia History Flow (IBM)

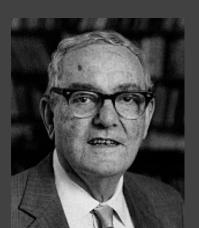
The ability to take data-to be able to **understand**

it, to process it, to extract value from it, to visualize it, to communicate it-that's going to be a hugely important skill in the next decades, ... because now we really do have essentially free and ubiquitous data. So the complimentary scarce factor is the ability to understand that data and extract value from it.

> Hal Varian, Google's Chief Economist The McKinsey Quarterly, Jan 2009

A Poverty of Attention

"What information consumes is rather obvious: it consumes the attention of its recipients. Hence a wealth of information creates a poverty of attention, and a need to allocate that attention efficiently among the overabundance of information sources that might consume it."



Herb Simon as quoted by Hal Varian Scientific American September 1995

What is Visualization?

"Transformation of the symbolic into the geometric" [McCormick et al. 1987]

"... finding the artificial memory that best supports our natural means of perception." [Bertin 1967]

"The use of computer-generated, interactive, visual representations of data to amplify cognition." [Card, Mackinlay, & Shneiderman 1999]

| Set | tΑ | Se | et B | Se | t C | Se | t D |
|-----|-------|----|------|----|-------|----|------|
| Х | Y | Х | Y | Х | Y | Х | Y |
| 10 | 8.04 | 10 | 9.14 | 10 | 7.46 | 8 | 6.58 |
| 8 | 6.95 | 8 | 8.14 | 8 | 6.77 | 8 | 5.76 |
| 13 | 7.58 | 13 | 8.74 | 13 | 12.74 | 8 | 7.71 |
| 9 | 8.81 | 9 | 8.77 | 9 | 7.11 | 8 | 8.84 |
| 11 | 8.33 | 11 | 9.26 | 11 | 7.81 | 8 | 8.47 |
| 14 | 9.96 | 14 | 8.1 | 14 | 8.84 | 8 | 7.04 |
| 6 | 7.24 | 6 | 6.13 | 6 | 6.08 | 8 | 5.25 |
| 4 | 4.26 | 4 | 3.1 | 4 | 5.39 | 19 | 12.5 |
| 12 | 10.84 | 12 | 9.11 | 12 | 8.15 | 8 | 5.56 |
| 7 | 4.82 | 7 | 7.26 | 7 | 6.42 | 8 | 7.91 |
| 5 | 5.68 | 5 | 4.74 | 5 | 5.73 | 8 | 6.89 |

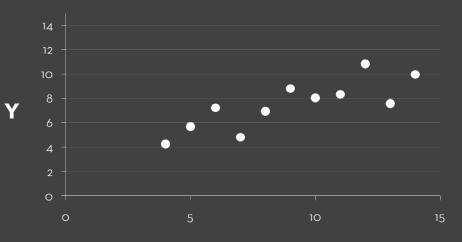
| Summar | y Statistics |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| $u_{X} = 9.0$ | $\sigma_{\chi} = 3.317$ |
| $u_{Y} = 7.5$ | $\sigma_{\rm Y} = 2.03$ |

Linear Regression Y = 3 + 0.5 X $R^2 = 0.67$

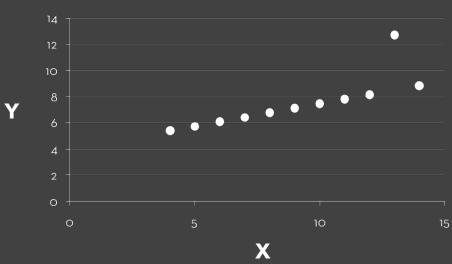
[Anscombe 1973]

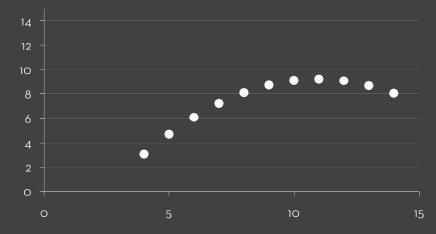
Set A

Set B



Set C





Why Create Visualizations?

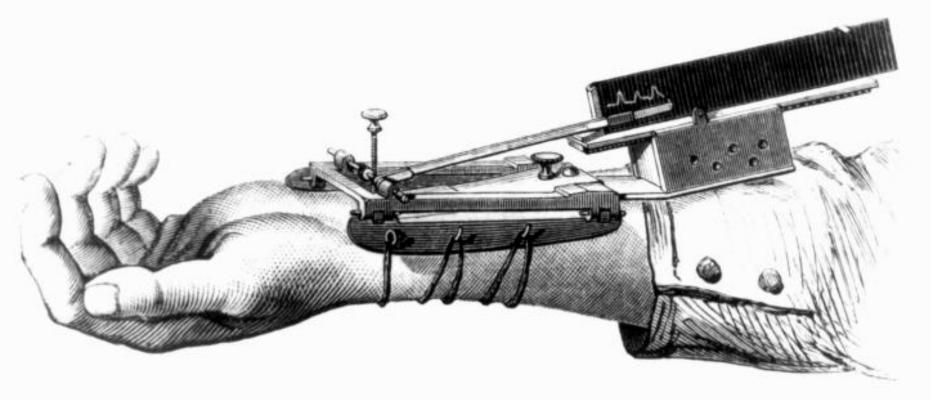
Why Create Visualizations?

Answer questions (or discover them) Make decisions See data in context Expand memory Support graphical calculation Find patterns Present argument or tell a story Inspire

Record Information



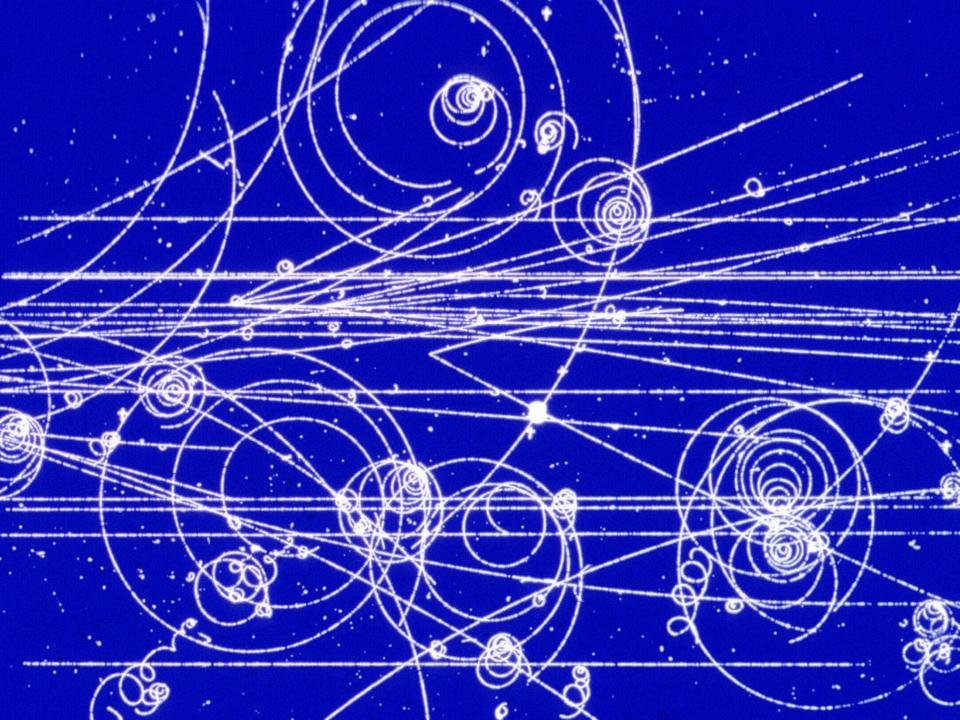
Gallop, Bay Horse "Daisy" [Muybridge 1884-86]



1.

Marey's sphygmograph in use. 1860. La méthode graphique dans les sciences expérimentales et principalement en physiologie et en médecine.

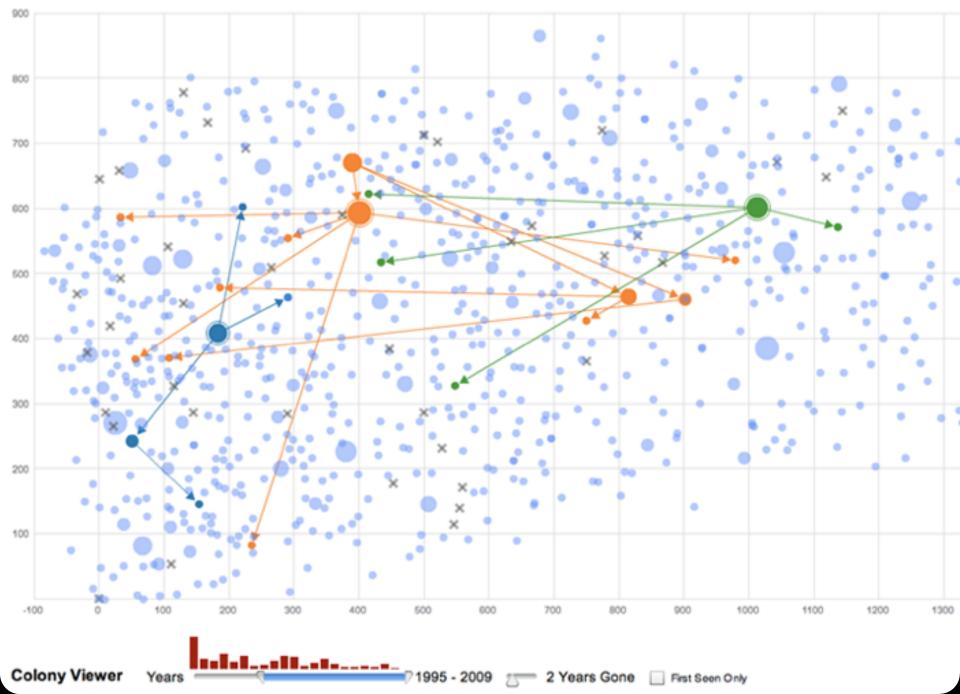
E.J. Marey's sphygmograph [from Braun 83]











Support Reasoning

HISTORY OF O-RING DAMAGE ON SRM FIELD JOINTS

| - | | C | ross Sectional | View | Tor | View | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| and the | SRM No. | Erosion Depth (in.) | Perimeter Affected (deg) | Nominal Dia. (in.) | Length Of Max Erosion (in.) | Total Heat Affected Length (in.) | Clocking Location (deg) |
| 61A LH Center Field** 61A LH CENTER FIELD** 51C LH Forward Field** 51C RH Center Field (prim)*** 51C RH Center Field (sec)*** | 22A 222A 15A 15B 15B | None NONE 0.010 0.038 None | None NONE 154.0 130.0 45.0 | 0.280 0.280 0.280 0.280 0.280 0.280 | None NONE 4.25 12.50 None | None NONE 5.25 58.75 29.50 | 36°66° 338°-18° 163 354 354 354 |
| 41D RH Forward Field 41C LH Aft Field* 418 LH Forward Field | 13B 11A 10A | 0.028 None 0.040 | 110.0 None 217.0 | 0.280 0.280 0.280 | 3.00 None 3.00 | None None 14.50 | 275 |
| STS-2 RH Aft Field | 28 | 0.053 | 116.0 | 0.280 | | | 90 |

*Hot gas path detected in putty. Indication of heat on O-ring, but no damage. **Soot behind primary O-ring. ***Soot behind primary O-ring, heat affected secondary O-ring.

Clocking location of leak check port - 0 deg.

٩

OTHER SRM-15 FIELD JOINTS HAD NO BLOWHOLES IN PUTTY AND NO SOOT NEAR OR BEYOND THE PRIMARY O-RING.

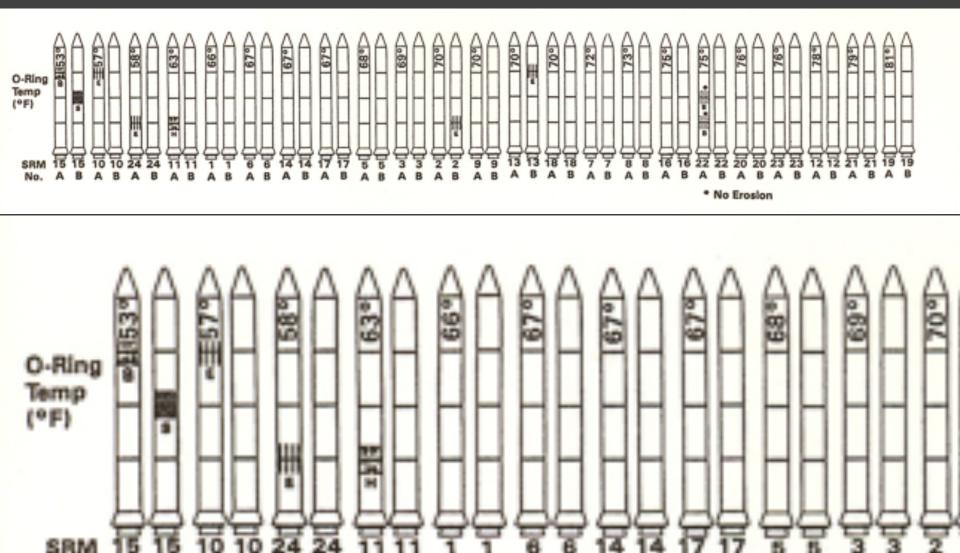
SRM-22 FORWARD FIELD JOINT HAD PUTTY PATH TO PRIMARY O-RING, BUT NO O-RING EROSION AND NO SOOT BLOWBY. OTHER SRM-22 FIELD JOINTS HAD NO BLOWHOLES IN PUTTY.

| BLOW BY HISTORY SRM-15 WORST BLOW-BY | | HISTORY | OF (DEGRE | | MPERATURES |
|---|--------|---------|---------------|----------|------------------|
| · 2 CASE JOINTS (80°), (110°) ARC | MOTOR | MBT | AMB | O-RING | WIND |
| O MUCH WORSE VISUALLY THAN SRM-22 | Dm-+ | 68 | 36 | 47 | IO MPH |
| | Dm-2 | 76 | 45 | 52 | 10 mp4 |
| SRM 22 BLOW-BY | Qm - 3 | 72.5 | 40 | 48 | 10 mpH |
| · 2 CASE JOINTS (30-40") | Qm - 4 | 76 | 48 | 51 | 10 mPH |
| | SRM-15 | 52 | 64 | 53 | 10 MPH |
| SRM-13 A, 15, 16A, 18, 23A 24A | 5RM-22 | 77 | 78 | 75 | 10 mpH |
| O NOZZLE BLOW-BY | SRM-25 | 55 | 26 | 29 27 | IO MPH 25 MPH |

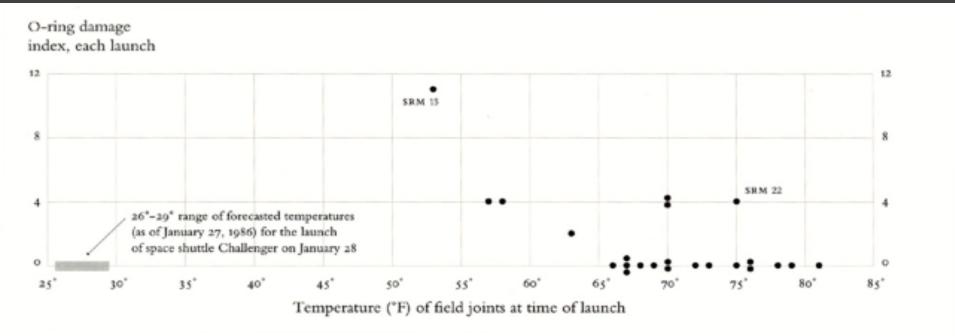
2 of 13 pages of material faxed to NASA by Morton Thiokol [from Tufte 1997]

Make a Decision: Challenger

No.



Make a Decision: Challenger



Visualizations drawn by Tufte show how low temperatures damage O-rings [Tufte 97]

Data in Context: Cholera Outbreak



In 1854 John Snow plotted the position of each cholera case on a map. [from Tufte 83]

Data in Context: Cholera Outbreak





Used map to hypothesize that pump on Broad St. was the cause. [from Tufte 83]

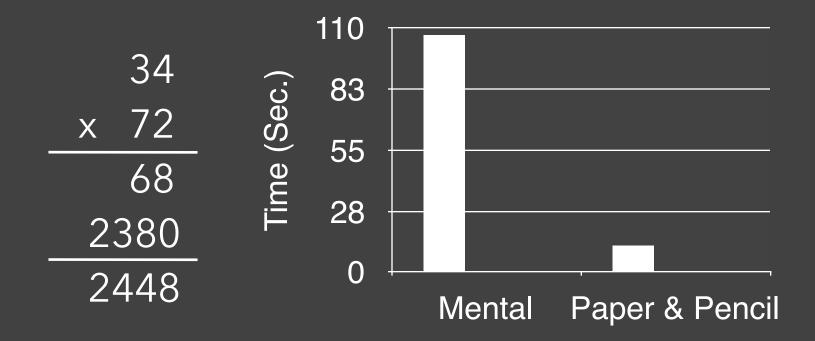
Expand Memory: Multiplication

Class Exercise!

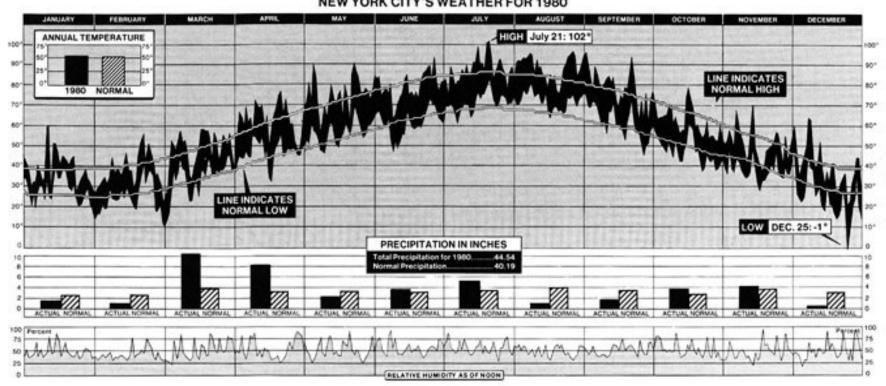
Expand Memory: Multiplication

34 x 72

Expand Memory: Multiplication



Find Patterns: NYC Weather

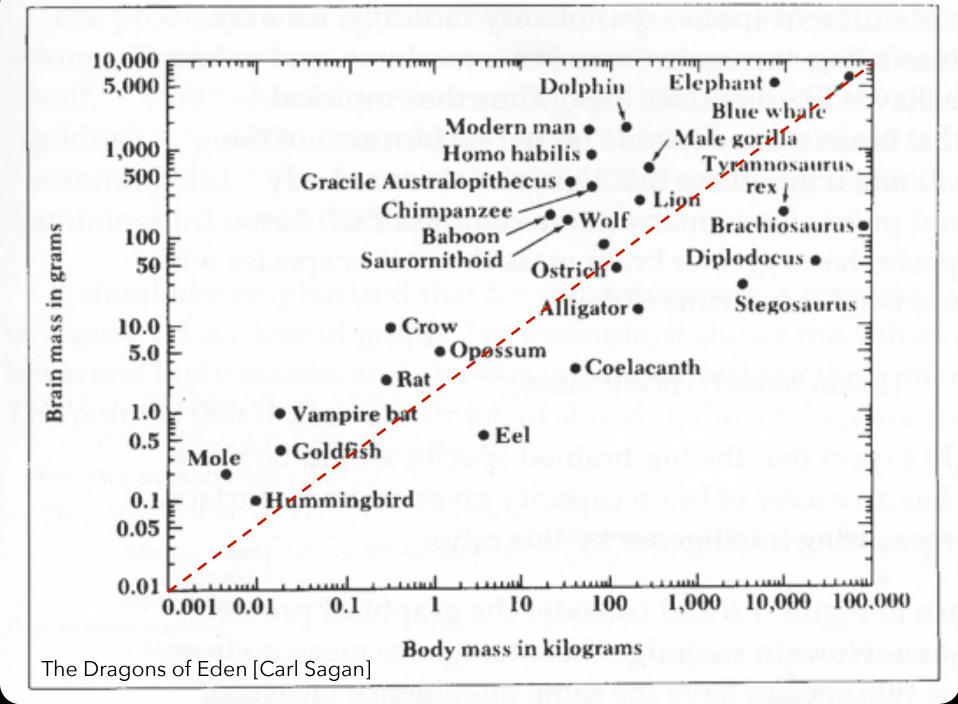


NEW YORK CITY'S WEATHER FOR 1980

[New York Times 1981]

The Most Powerful Brain?

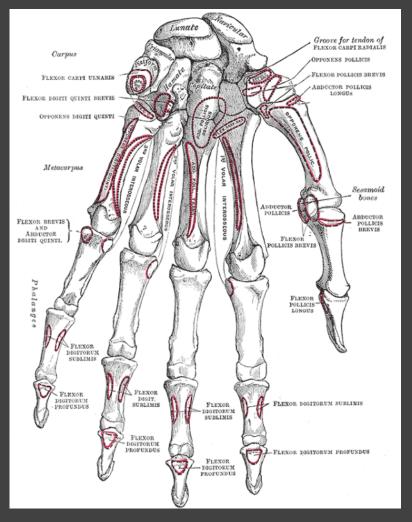
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| 1 | ID _ | Name | Body Weight | Brain Weight | |
| 2 | 1 | Lesser Short-tailed Shrew | 5 | 0.14 | |
| 3 | 2 | Little Brown Bat | 10 | 0.25 | |
| 4 | 3 | Mouse | 23 | 0.3 | |
| 5 | 4 | Big Brown Bat | 23 | 0.4 | |
| 6 | - 5 | Musk Shrew | 48 | 0.33 | |
| 7 | 6 | Star Nosed Mole | 60 | 1 | |
| 8 | 7 | Eastern American Mole | 75 | 1.2 | |
| 9 | 8 | Ground Squirrel | 101 | 4 | |
| 10 | 9 | Tree Shrew | 104 | 2.5 | |
| 11 | 10 | Golden Hamster | 120 | | _ |
| 12 | -11 | Mole Rate | 122 | | |
| 13 | | Galago | 200 | | |
| 14 | | Rat | 280 | | |
| 15 | | Chinchilla | 425 | | |
| 16 | 15 | Desert Hedgehog | 550 | | |
| 17 | 16 | Rock Hyrax (a) | 750 | | |
| 18 | | European Hedgehog | 785 | | |
| 19 | | Tenrec | 900 | | |
| 20 | | Arctic Ground Squirrel | 920 | | |
| 21 | | African Giant Pouched Rat | 1000 | | |
| 22 | | Guinea Pig | 1040 | | |
| 23 | | Mountain Beaver | 1350 | | |
| 24 | | Slow Loris | 1400 | | |
| 25 | | Genet | 1410 | | |
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| Homo habilis | | | | | | | | |
| Gracile Australopithecus | | | | | | | | |
| Chimpanzee | | | | | | | | |
| Baboon | | | | | | | | |
| Crow | | | | | | | | |
| Vampire Bat | | | | | | | | |
| Wolf | | | | | | | | |
| Gorilla | | | | | | | | |
| Elephant | | | | | | | | |
| Hummingbird | | | | | | | | |
| Lion | | | | | | • | | |
| Rat | | | | | | | | |
| Mole | | | | | | | | |
| Opossum | | | | | | | | |
| Blue Whale | | | | | | | | |
| Saurornithoid | | | | | | | | |
| Goldfish | | | | | | | | |
| Ostrich | | | | | | | | |
| Alligator | | | | | | | | |
| Tyrannosaurus rex | | | | | | | | |
| Coelacanth | | | | | | | | |
| Eel | | | | | | | | |
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| Brachiosaurus | | | | | | | | |
| Diplodocus | | | | | | | | |
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Convey Information to Others

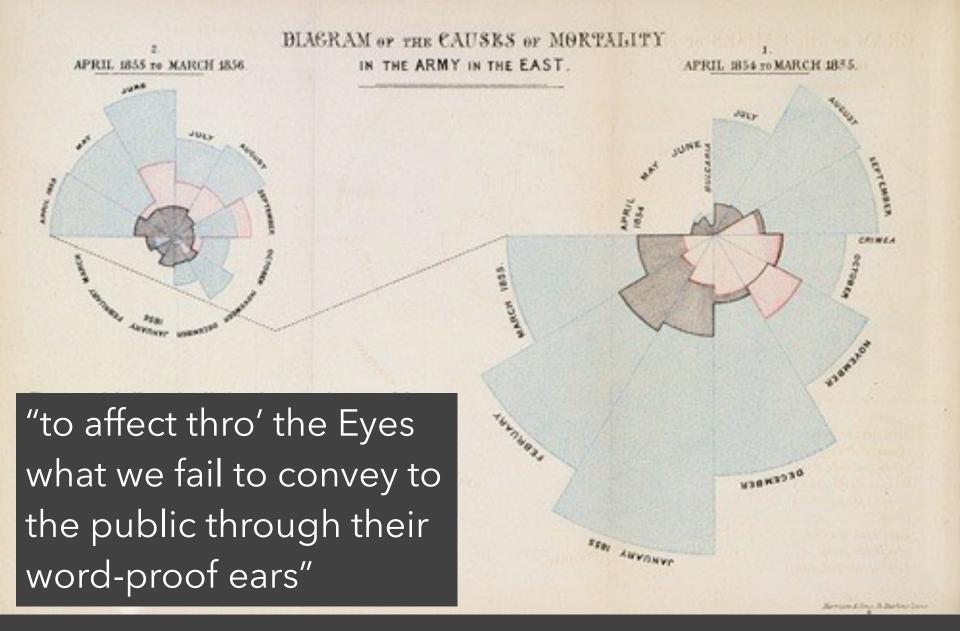
Inspire







Double helix model [Watson, Crick, Franklin]



1856 "Coxcomb" of Crimean War Deaths, Florence Nightingale

The Value of Visualization

Record information

Blueprints, photographs, seismographs, ...

Analyze data to support reasoning Develop and assess hypotheses Find patterns / Discover errors in data

Expand memory

Communicate information to others

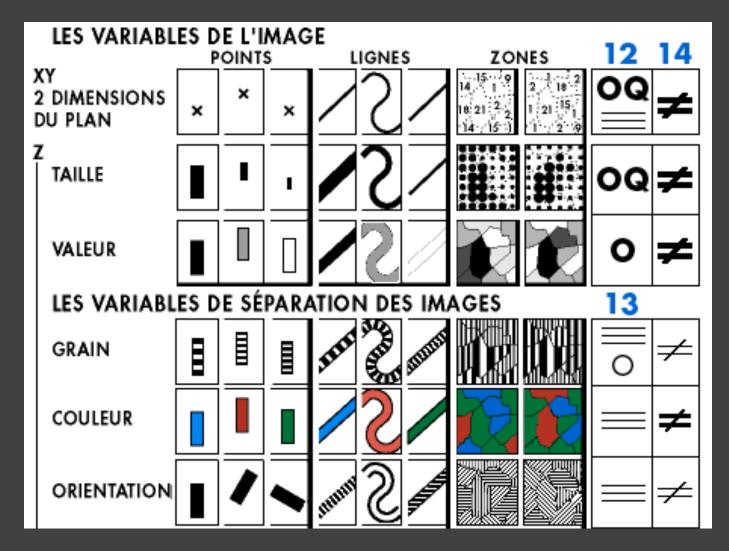
- Share and persuade
- Collaborate and revise

Goals of Visualization Research

- 1 Understand how visualizations convey information What do people perceive / comprehend? How do visualizations inform mental models?
- 2 Develop principles and techniques for creating effective visualizations and supporting analysis Leverage perception & augment cognition Improve ties between visualization & mental model

Course Topics

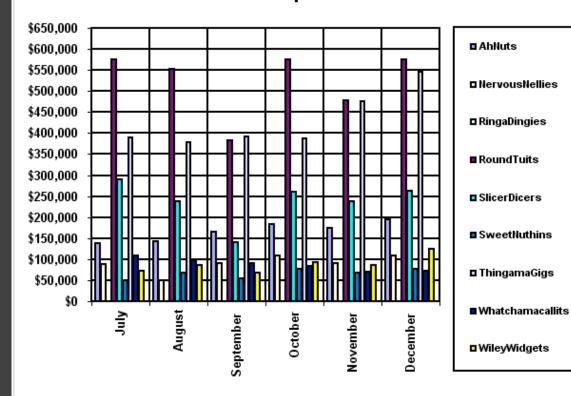
Data and Image Models



Sémiologie Graphique [Bertin 67]

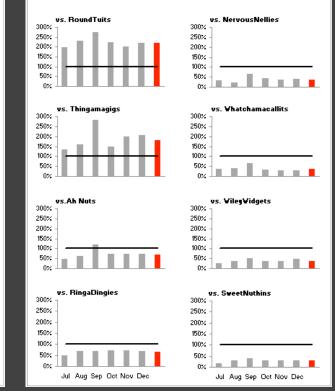
Visualization (Re-)Design

SlicerDicers' Sales Compared to Other Products



Sales of SlicersDicers Compared to Other Products July - December, 2003

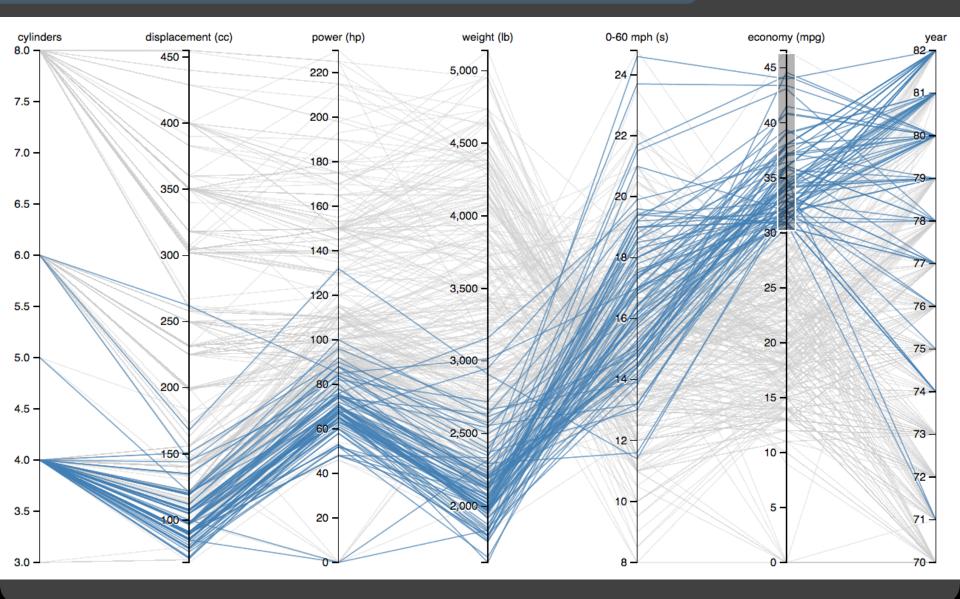
(SlicersDicers' sales are displayed as black reference lines of 100%; the red bars represent the average monthly sales percentage for July through December.)



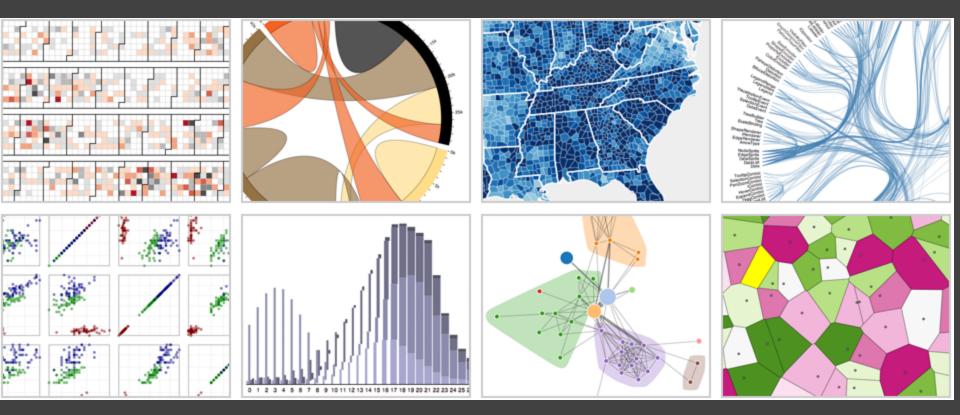
Problematic design

Redesign

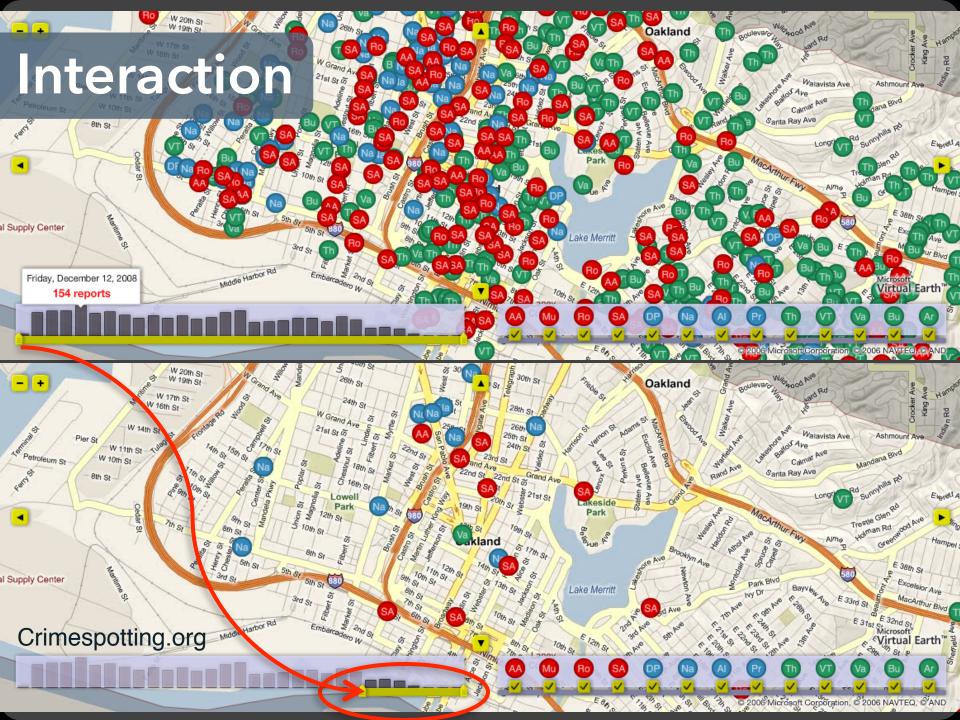
Exploratory Data Analysis

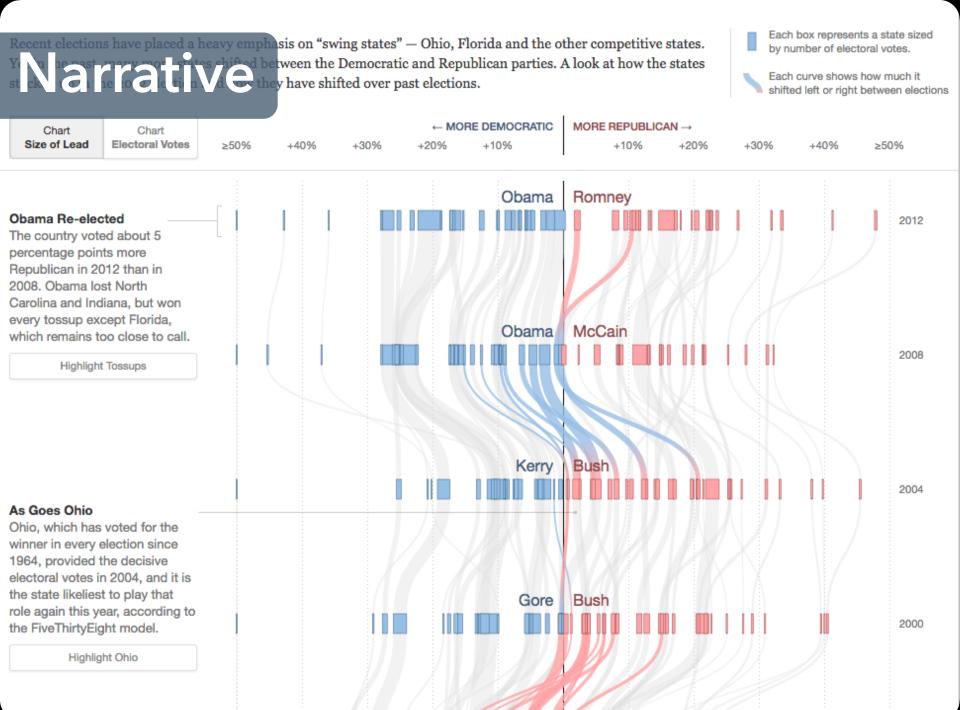


Visualization Software

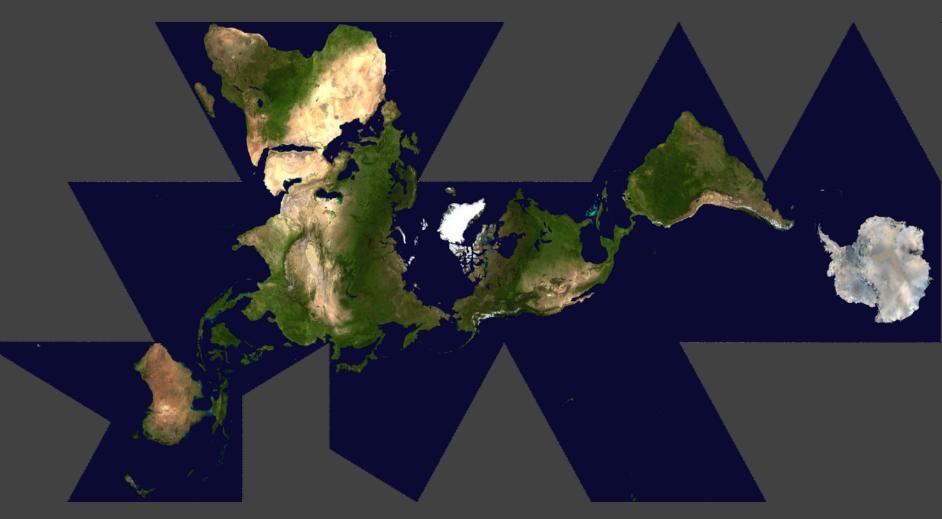


D3: Data-Driven Documents Vega-Lite / Altair



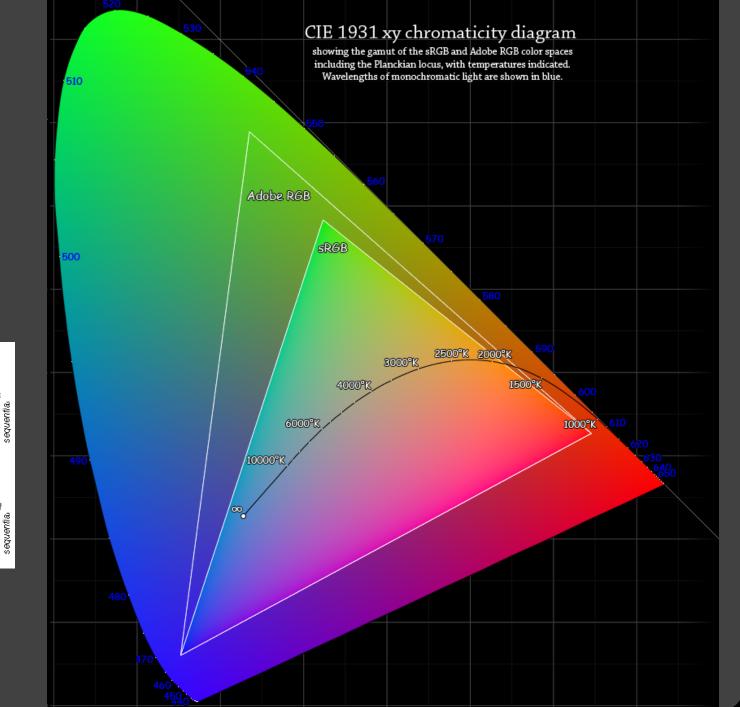






Dymaxion Maps [Fuller 46]

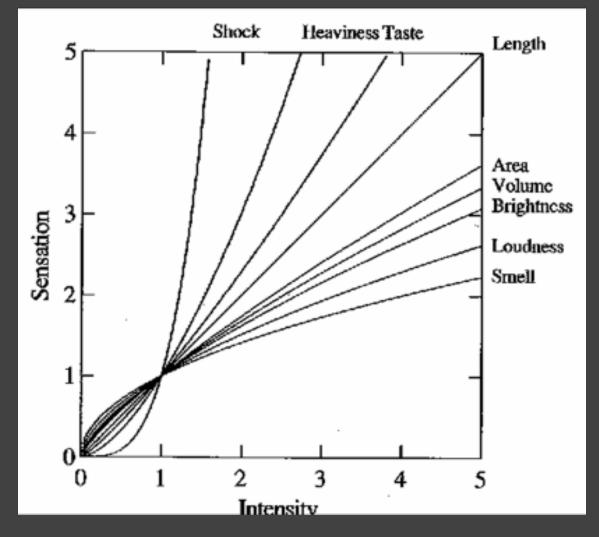
Color



qualitative У П ŝ n TEA TFA qualitative diverging binary -1 0 +1 ΤE А diverging seque -10+1 1 1 -1 0 +1 diverging sequential diverging +10 -10 -1 0 +1 255075

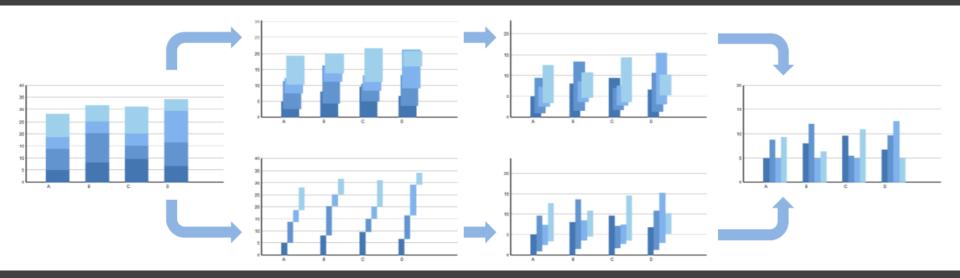
Color Brewer

Graphical Perception



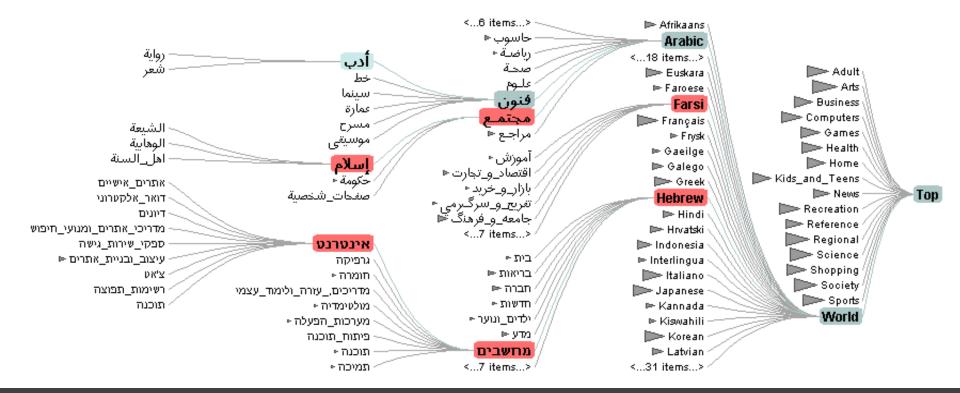
The psychophysics of sensory function [Stevens 61]

Animation



Animated transitions in statistical data graphics [Heer & Robertson 07]

Hierarchies

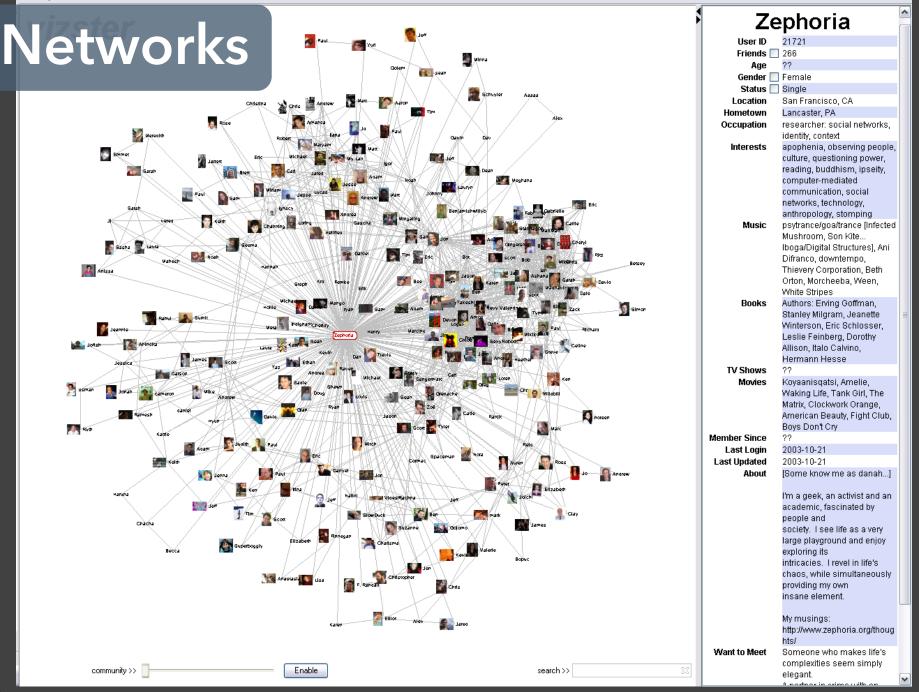


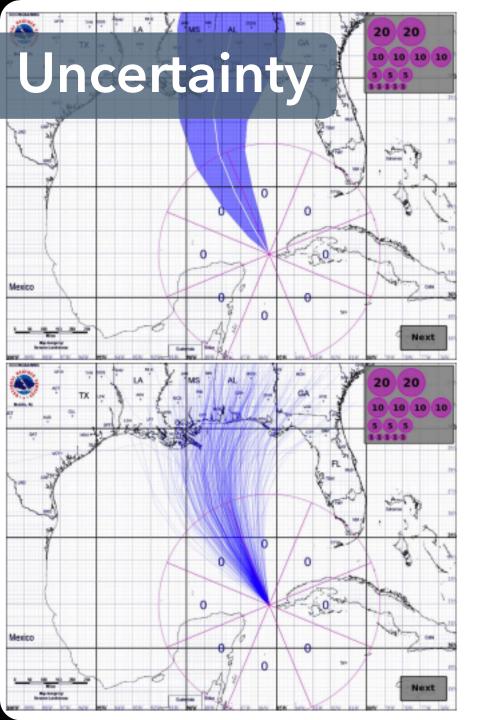
Degree-Of-Interest Trees [Heer & Card 04]

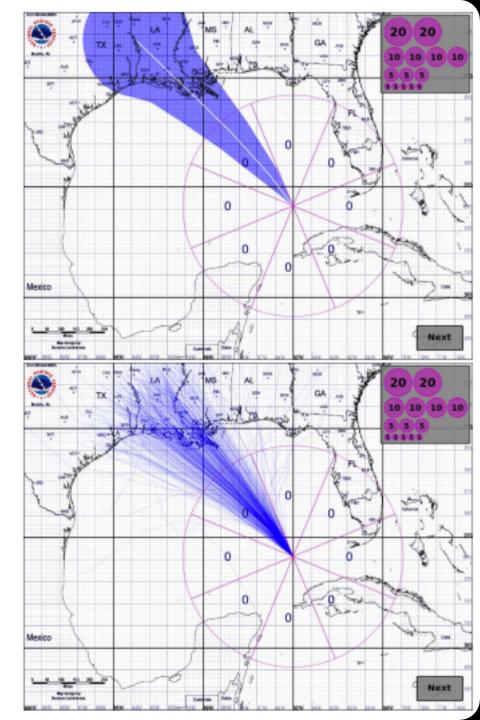
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File Options Tools









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positive and 0 negative

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people politics population

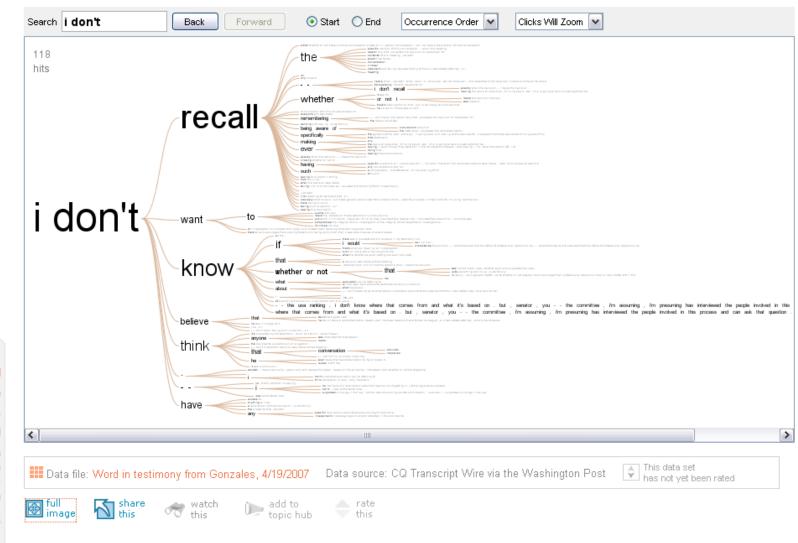
president prices religion

Visualizations : Word tree / Alberto Gonzales



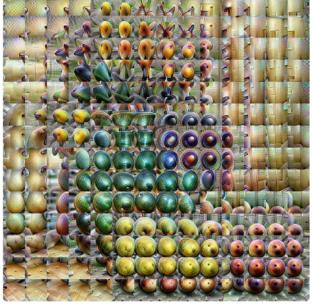
Comments (4)

currently showing



Model Interpretation



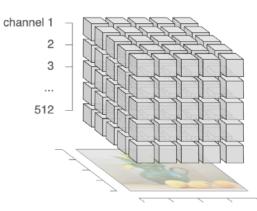




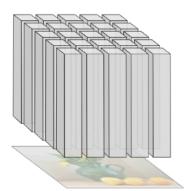
MIXED3A

MIXED4A

Individual Neurons



Spatial Activations



MIXED4D

Channel Activations



Course Mechanics

You should expect to:

- **1** Evaluate and critique visualization designs
- 2 Learn visualization techniques & theory
- **3** *Implement* interactive data visualizations
- **4** Develop a substantial visualization project

Instructors

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Instructor

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Assistants

Matt Conlen

Sherry Wu

Yang Liu

Halden Lin

OH: *Tue 10-11:15am, CSE2 302* <u>http://jheer.org</u>

OH: Mon 11am-12p, CSE2 152 OH: Thu 2:30-3:30p, CSE2 152 OH: Thu 2:30-3:30p, CSE2 152 OH: Online / Canvas

Matthew Conlen

mconlen@cs.washington.edu OH: Monday 11-12pm GATES 152 or by appointment

Research on interactive documents and data-driven storytelling

Experience as data journalist FiveThirtyEight, CNN, The New Yorker

Much experience with JavaScript, D3, and general web programming



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3rd year Ph.D. student working on HCI for machine learning model training & evaluation.



Always happy to chat!

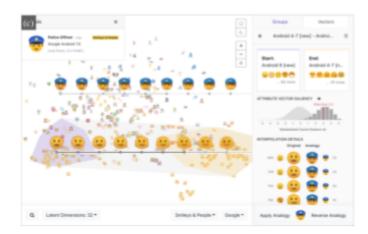
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| Show Rewritten instances Add Attr Save Attra answer_type answer type answer | grussion Who created the 2005 theme for Doctor Who? sentence. A different arrangement was recorded by Peter Howell for season 18 (1980), which was in turn replaced by Dominic Glynn's arrangement for the season-long serial The Trial of a Time Lord in season 23 (1986). growatt. Reff McCulloch provided the new arrangement for the Seventh Doctor's era which lasted from season 24 (1987) until the series' suspension in 1988. ent.a American composer John Debney created a new arrangement of Ron Grainer's original theme for Doctor Who in 1996. For the return of the series in 2005, Murray Gold provided a new arrangement which featured samples from the 1963 original with further elements added; in the 2005 Christmas episode "The Christmas Invasion", Gold introduced a modified closing credits arrangement that was used up until the conclusion of the 2007 series. [citation needed] | REWR TIN- Keep_c remove Rewr Keep_correct_sentence Rewr. |
| 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | OID YOU MEAN TO FILTER INSTANCES THAT ARE Close Now ③ starts_with/prediction(model="bidd"), pottern="NPP") Close Now ③ starts_with/prediction(model="bidd"), pottern="PERSON") dtr:answer_type = dpiswer_type(prediction(model="bidd"))) ④ attr:answer_type = dpiswer_type(prediction(model="bidd")) 0 ④ is_correct_sent(prediction(model="bidd")) = 0 0 ④ overlap(question, sentence(prediction(model="bidd")) > overlap(question, sentence(groundtruths)) 0 | resolve_coref 5 sox |
| MLE MANUAL MANUA | Prev page Next page | |

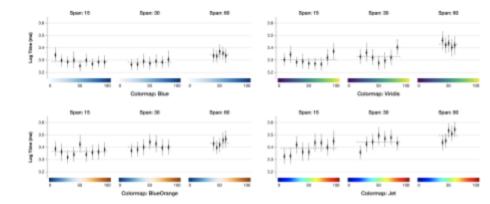
Yang Liu

Office Hours: Thur 2:30 - 3:30 pm (Out of town 6/6) Gates Center 152

I'm a PhD student working on visualization and HCI. I took 512 last Spring, and I am looking forward to being part of 512 this year!



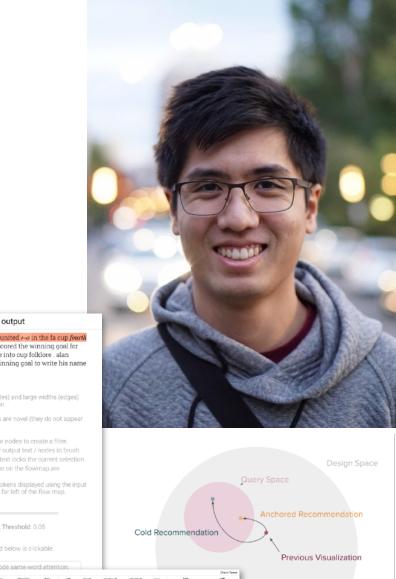


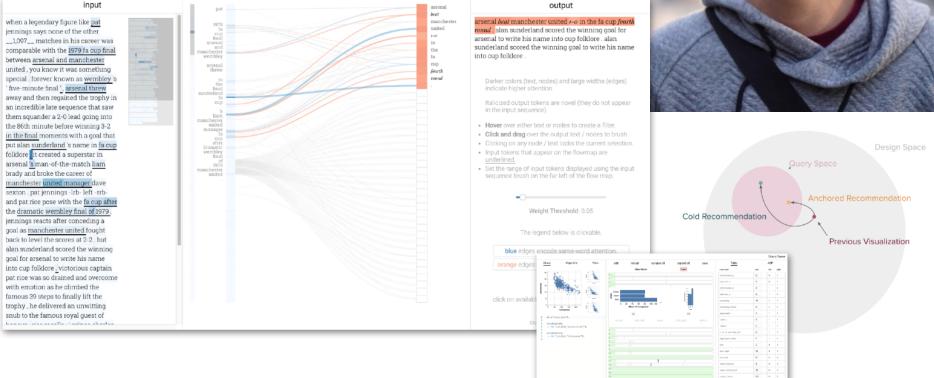


Halden Lin

haldenl@cs.washington.edu

Hello! I'm a CSE masters student with interests in **Automating Visualization Design** and, more broadly, in **Visualization for Data Science**.





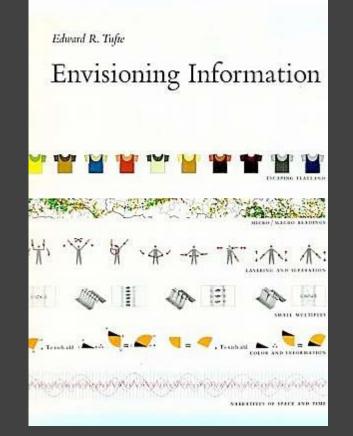
"Textbooks"



SECOND EDITION

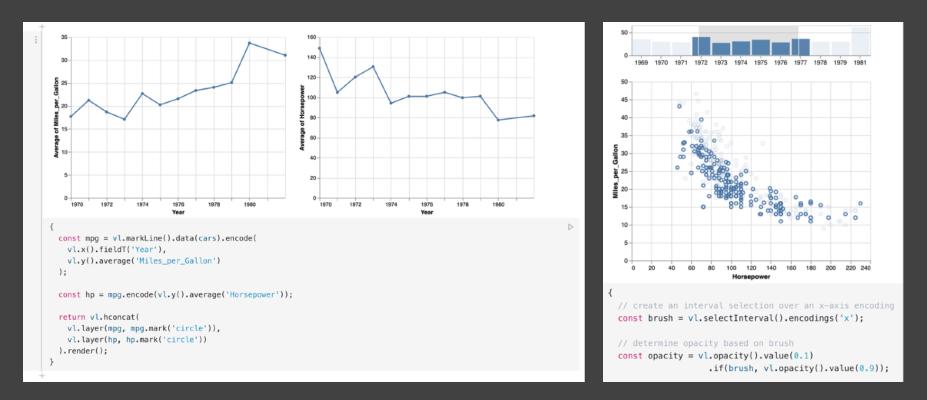
The Visual Display of Quantitative Information

EDWARD R. TUFTE



See also: www.edwardtufte.com

Interactive Notebooks



Hands-on engagement with course concepts and visualization tools (Vega-Lite / Altair), in both JavaScript (Observable) *and* Python (Jupyter)!

Optional Book

An Introduction to Designing With D3

Interactive Data Visualization

for the Web



Interactive Data Visualization for the Web, 2nd Edition

For learning D3! <u>Book available online.</u> <u>Code / examples on GitHub.</u>

We will be using **D3 v5**. <u>https://d3js.org</u>

O'REILLY[®]

Scott Murray

Readings

From books, notebooks, and linked articles. Material in class will loosely follow readings. Readings should be read by start of class. Post discussion comments on class Canvas forum. One comment per week (up through week 8). Comments must be posted by Friday 11:59pm. You have 1 "pass" for the quarter.

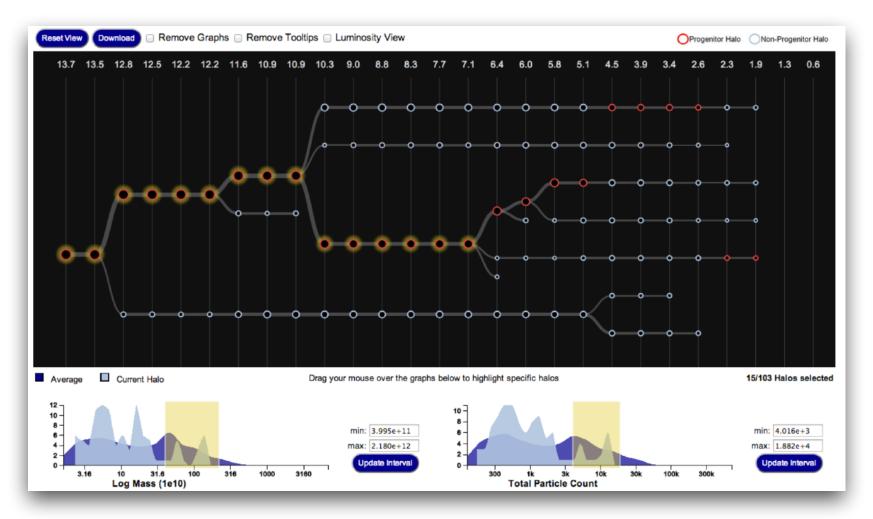
Assignments

- Class Participation (10%)
- A1: Visualization Design (10%) Due 4/8
- A2: Exploratory Data Analysis (15%) Due 4/22
- A3: Interactive Prototype (25%) Due 5/6 Peer Evaluation - Due 5/13
- FP: Final Project (40%) Proposal - Due 5/16 Milestone Prototype - Due 6/3 Project Deliverables - Due 6/11

Final Project

- Visualization research project on topic of choice Initial prototype and peer evaluation Design reviews and final presentation Submit and publish online (if feasible) Projects from **previous classes** have been:
- Published as research papers
- Featured in the New York Times
- Released as successful open source projects

Visualizing Galaxy Merger Trees



S. Loebman, J. Ortiz, L. Orr, M. Balazinska, T. Quinn et al. [SIGMOD '14]

Perfopticon Distributed Query Performance



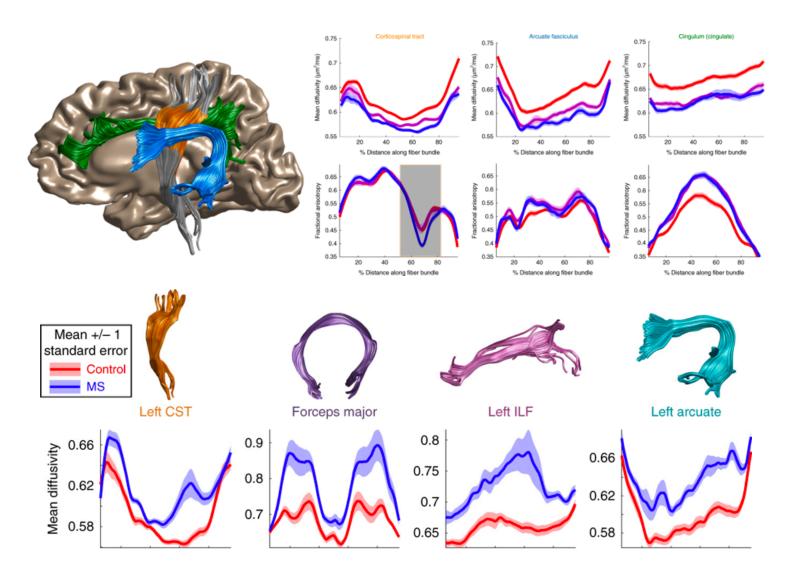
Dominik Moritz et al. [EuroVis '15]



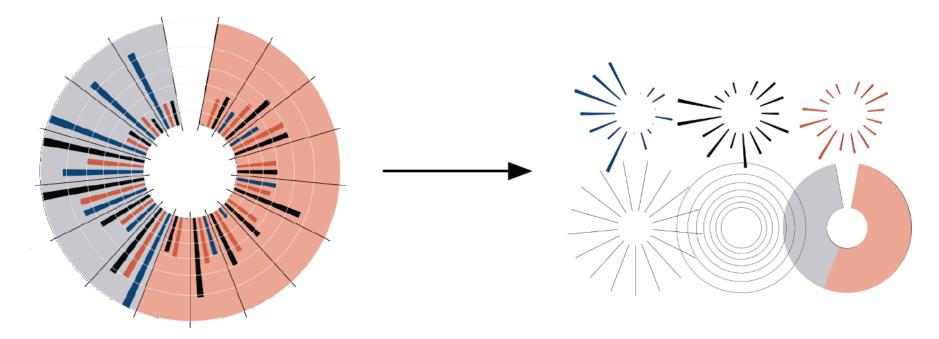
A browser-based tool for visualization and analysis of diffusion MRI data

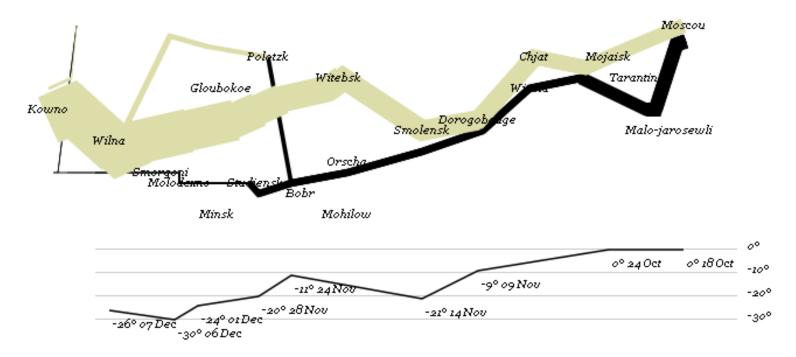
Article OPEN Published: 05 March 2018

Jason D. Yeatman 🏁, Adam Richie-Halford, Josh K. Smith, Anisha Keshavan & Ariel Rokem 🏁



Protovis: A Graphical Toolkit for Visualization **Mike Bostock**





var army = pd.nest(napoleon.army, "dir", "group"); var vis = new pv.Panel();

```
var lines = vis.add(pv.Panel).data(army);
lines.add(pv.Line)
.data(function() army[this.idx])
.left(lon).top(lat).size(function(d) d.size/8000)
.strokeStyle(function() color[army[paneIndex][0].dir]);
```

vis.add(pv.Label).data(napoleon.cities)
.left(lon).top(lat)
.text(function(d) d.city).font("italic 10px Georgia")
.textAlign("center").textBaseline("middle");

vis.add(pv.Rule).data([0,-10,-20,-30])
.top(function(d) 300 - 2*d - 0.5).left(200).right(150)
.lineWidth(1).strokeStyle("#ccc")
.anchor("right").add(pv.Label)
.font("italic 10px Georgia")
.text(function(d) d+"°").textBaseline("center");

vis.add(pv.Line).data(napoleon.temp)
.left(lon).top(tmp) .strokeStyle("#0")
.add(pv.Label)
.top(function(d) 5 + tmp(d))
.text(function(d) d.temp+"° "+d.date.substr(0,6))

Visualizing the Republic of Letters

Daniel Chang, Yuankai Ge, Shiwei Song



Questions?

A1: Visualization Design

Design a static visualization for a data set.

The climate of a place can have a tremendous impact on people's lived experience. You will examine average monthly climate measurements for six major U.S. cities, roughly covering the edges of the continental United States.

You must choose the message you want to convey. What question(s) do you want to answer? What insight do you want to communicate?

A1: Visualization Design

Pick a guiding question, use it to title your vis.Design a static visualization for that question.You are free to use any tools (inc. pen & paper).

Deliverables (upload via Canvas; see A1 page) Image of your visualization (PNG or JPG format) Short description + design rationale (≤ 4 paragraphs)

Due by 8:00 pm, Monday April 8.