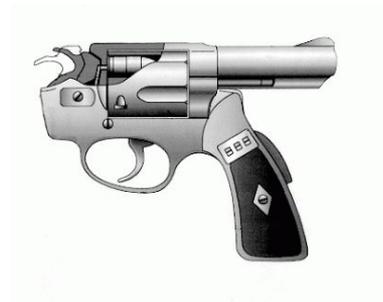




# Motivation

- People are inclined to use the Optional Class to solve NullPointerExceptions
- In general a bad idea:
  - If you modify to .get() on optional objects...
  - Transfers the error to a NoSuchElementException :(
  - Also adds an extra layer of uncertainty with introducing a new class
- Both are masking lacking null checks



Problem to solve: finding improper uses of .get() with Optional Objects.

# Approach

- Use the Checker Framework:
- Adapt Nullness Checker
- Null  $\leftrightarrow$  Not present; dereference  $\leftrightarrow$  Optional.get()

Subtyping Checker	Nullness Checker	Mutation Checker	Tainting Checker	...	Your Checker		
Base Checker (enforces subtyping rules)						Type inference	Other tools
Checker Framework (enables creation of pluggable type-checkers)						Annotation File Utilities (.java $\leftrightarrow$ .class files)	
Type Annotations syntax and classfile format ("JSR 308") (no built-in semantics)							

 dereference of possibly-null reference y  
y.charAt(2);

Main.java

/TestProject/src

line 6

Checker Framework Problem

# Main Challenge

- We need to understand the Nullness Checker
- But, the Nullness Checker is complicated
- Luckily, one of the main developers, Michael Ernst, is our teacher
- We can ask him for help if we get stuck understanding something
- The Checker Framework has lots of simpler examples as well