## Review and Lab Prep

q hotmail account on mailing list doesn't work


## Basic RC review

$\mathrm{Vo}=\mathrm{Vi}\left(1-\mathrm{e}^{(-\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{RC})}\right)$ so $\mathrm{Vo} / \mathrm{Vi}=4 / 5=.8=\left(1-\mathrm{e}^{(-\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{RC})}\right)$
$\mathrm{t}=-\mathrm{RCln}(1-.8)=49 \mathrm{mSec}$


## Careful w/ Coils (motors, valves, etc)

Steady state on current: Vcc/R
Vds $\sim 0$ (Rds $\sim 4 \mathrm{mOhm}$ )
But, when we try to turn off the
Mosfet quickly, what happens?
$\cdot$ Rds goes up quickly, but Ids drops slowly)
-If Rds becomes 1 K , then Vds becomes 100V
-And instantaneous power becomes 10W



## This Year's Model

q Digital to Analog Converter


Speaker cares about current, not voltage
How can we generate two simultaneous tones of 500 Hz and 1 KHz using only 1 timer interrupt?

## Sine Wave Program (in psuedo-C)

const unsigned byte sine[256] $=\{$


$$
\}
$$

interrupt routine ( 25.6 KHz ):

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{P} 0=\operatorname{sine}[\mathrm{i}] ; \\
& \mathrm{i}++; \\
& \text { return }
\end{aligned}
$$

How do I get two tones with one interrupt (constant sample rate)?


## Digital-to-Analog Converter



## Sampling

q Add sampled sine waves to get multiple tones

two frequencies with same rate. How fast can you go?

