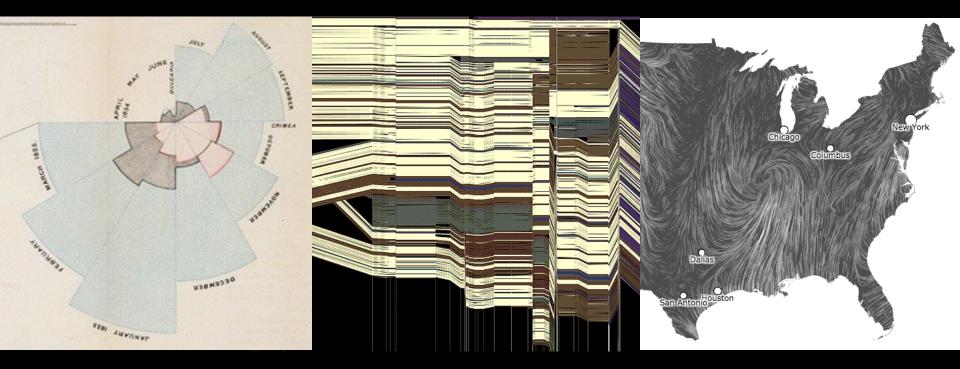
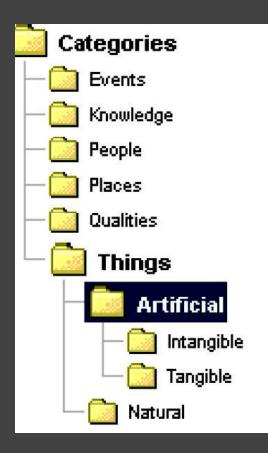
CSE 442 - Data Visualization **Evaluation**

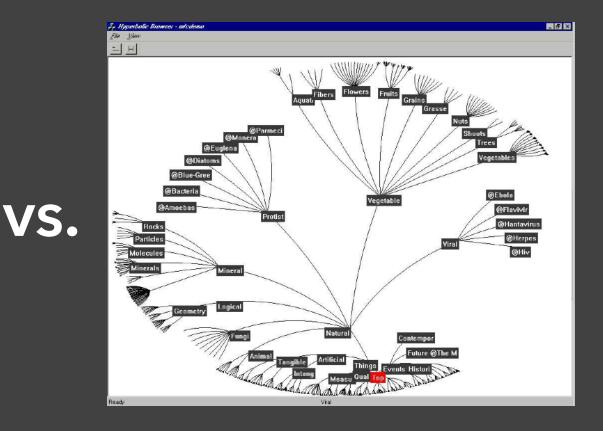


Jeffrey Heer University of Washington

How do we determine if a visualization is *effective*?

Example: Tree Browsers





Evaluation Methods

Inspection or Principled Rationale Apply design heuristics, perceptual principles

Informal User Study Have people use visualization, observe results

Controlled Experiment

Choose appropriate tasks / users to compare Choose metrics (time, error, **what else?**)

Evaluation Methods

Field Deployment or Case Studies Observation and Interview Document effects on work practices

Theoretical Analysis

Algorithm time and space complexity

Benchmarks

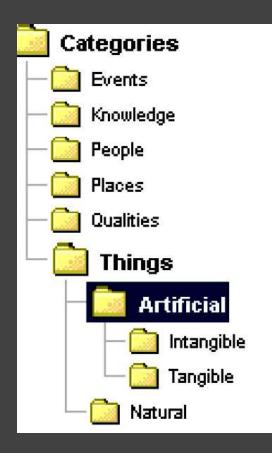
Performance (e.g., interactive frame rates) Scalability to larger data sets

Topics

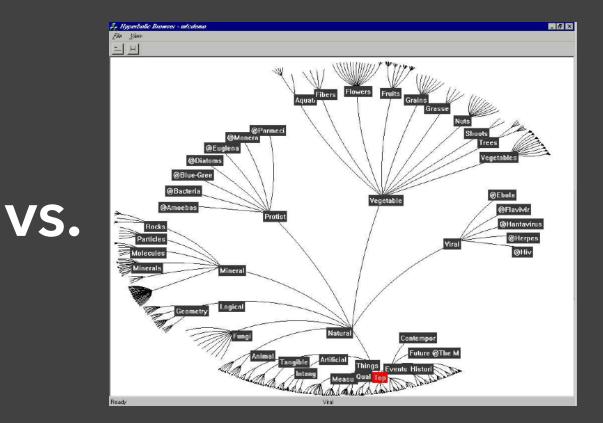
Focus+Context (Trees, Spatial Navigation) Data Density of Time Series Perceptual Organization of Graphs Discussion and Course Evaluation



The Great Browse-Off! [CHI 97]



Microsoft File Explorer



Xerox PARC Hyperbolic Tree

Xerox PARC researchers ran eye-tracking studies to investigate... [Pirolli et al 00]

Xerox PARC researchers ran eye-tracking studies to investigate... [Pirolli et al 00]

Subjects performed both retrieval and comparison tasks of varying complexity.

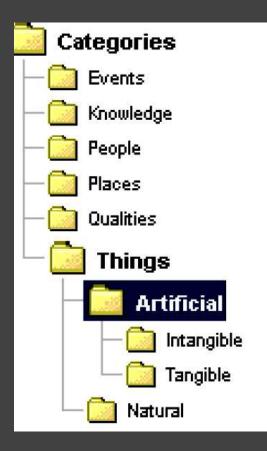
Xerox PARC researchers ran eye-tracking studies to investigate... [Pirolli et al 00]

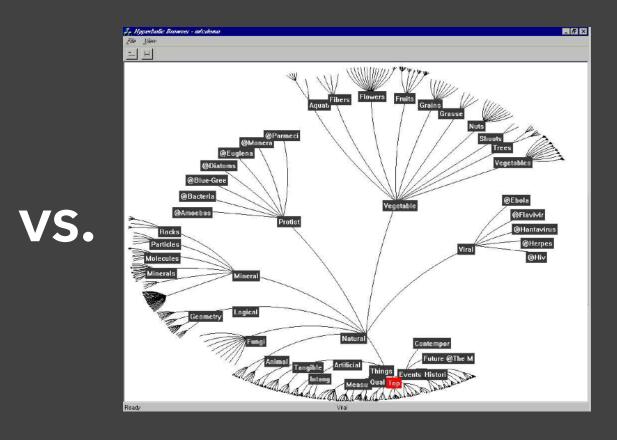
Subjects performed both retrieval and comparison tasks of varying complexity.

No significant performance differences were found across task conditions.

How do users navigate the tree?

How do users navigate the tree? They read the labels!





Microsoft File Explorer

Xerox PARC Hyperbolic Tree

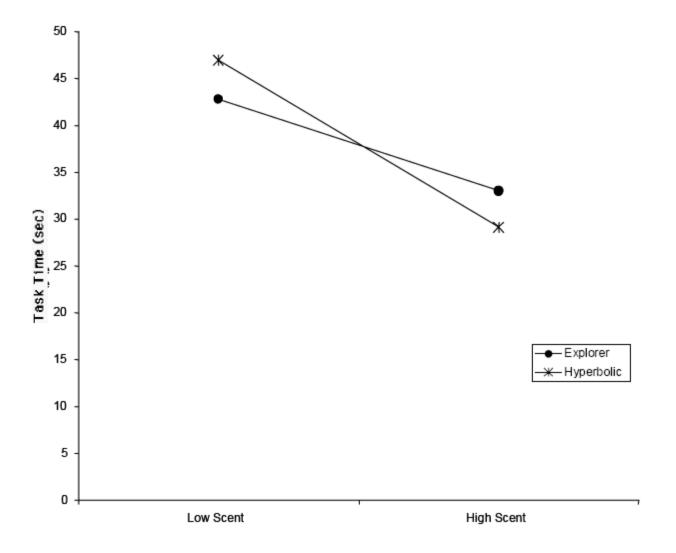
How do users navigate the tree?

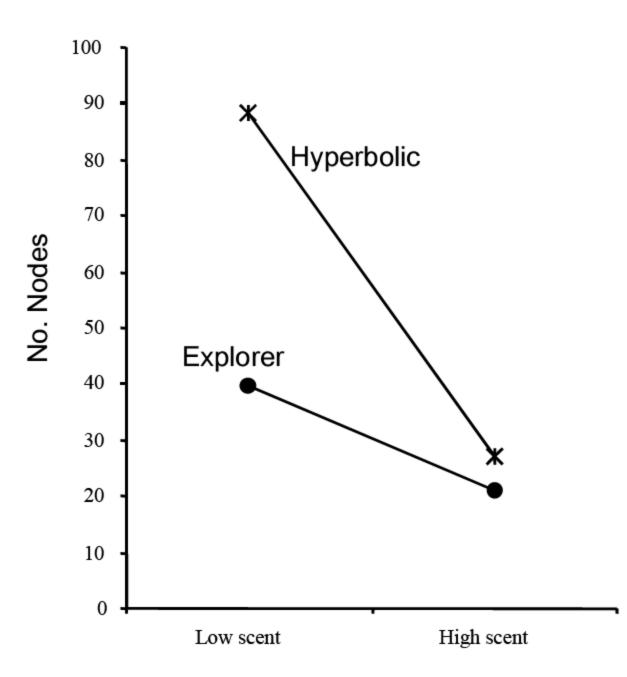
Information Scent: A user's (imperfect) perception of the value, cost, or access path of information sources obtained from proximal cues. [Pirolli & Card 99]

How do users navigate the tree?

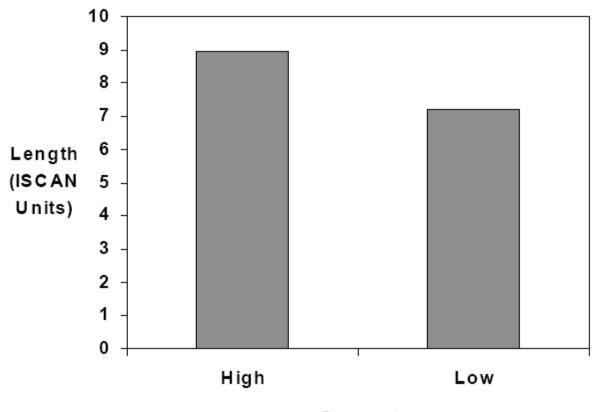
Information Scent: A user's (imperfect) perception of the value, cost, or access path of information sources obtained from proximal cues. [Pirolli & Card 99]

Operationalize as: the proportion of participants who correctly identified the location of the task answer from looking at upper branches in the tree.



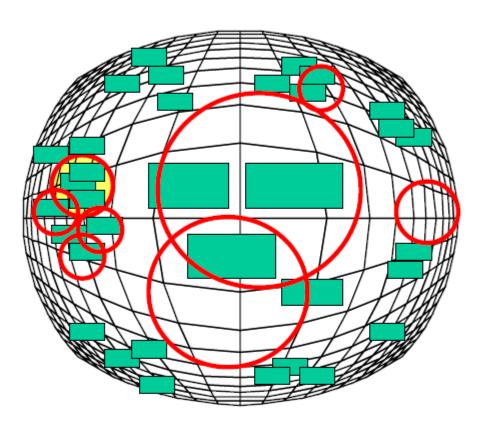


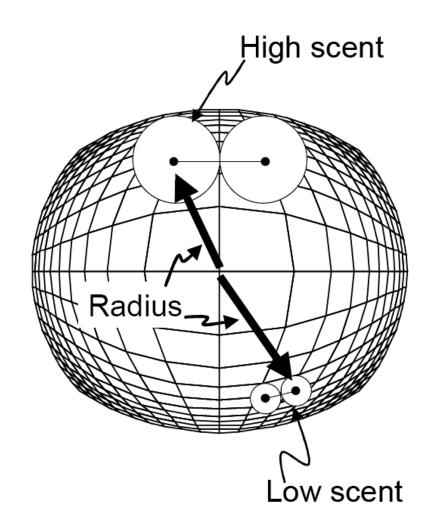
Length of Eye Movements



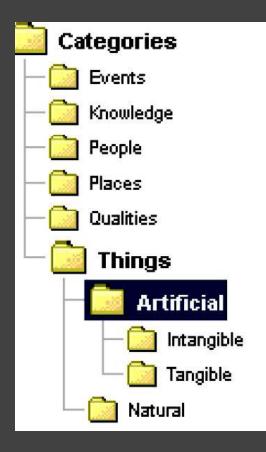
Scent

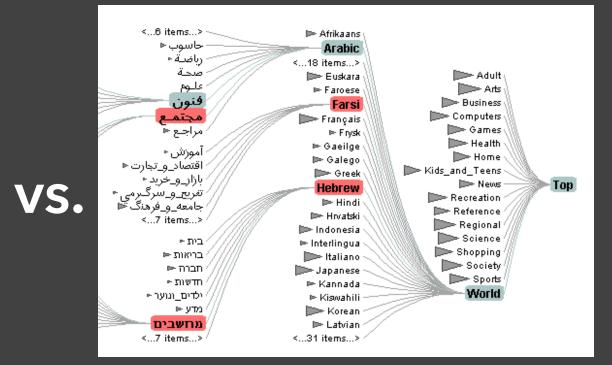
An Adaptive Field of View?





More Evaluations





Evaluation of DOI Trees

DOITree vs. Windows Explorer [Budiu, AVI 06]

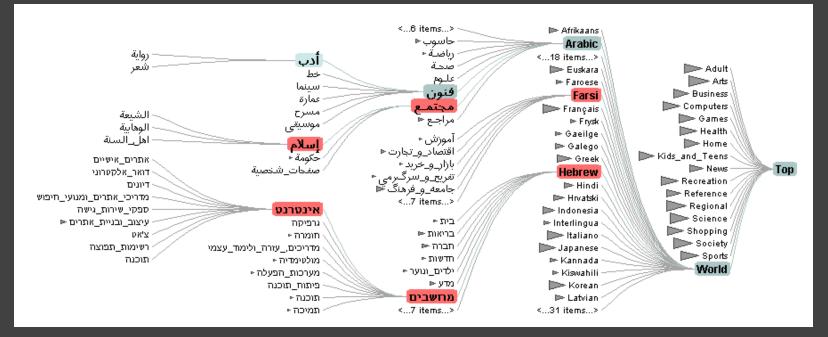
Nodes visited (avg) DC Revisitation (avg) DC Divergence (avg) DC

DOI:83 Exp:53 *p*<.005 DOI:6.6 Exp:8.2 *p*<.005 DOI:4.6 Exp:3.9 *p*<.001

DOITree more forgiving to navigation errors **BUT** no significant difference in task time

DOITree vs. Google Directory [Pirolli, CHI 06] DOITree has superior task knowledge transfer

Support rapid visual scanning Most people don't read in circles!



Degree of Interest Trees [Heer & Card 04]

People don't read in circles! Showing more is not always better Distractors can decrease task performance Interaction with quality of information scent

People don't read in circles! Showing more is not always better **Navigation cues critical to search Informative labels** or landmarks needed Poor **information scent** undermines search

Lessons Learned

Both **task** and **data properties** (here, *information scent*) may interact with the visualization type in unexpected ways.

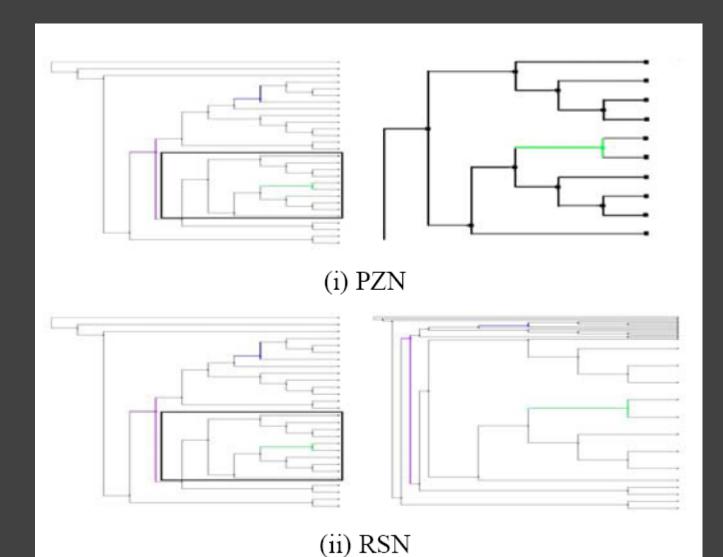
Equal **performance** in terms of accuracy or response time is **not the whole picture**. We often require more detailed study!

Spatial Navigation

An Evaluation of Pan & Zoom and Rubber Sheet Navigation with and without an Overview

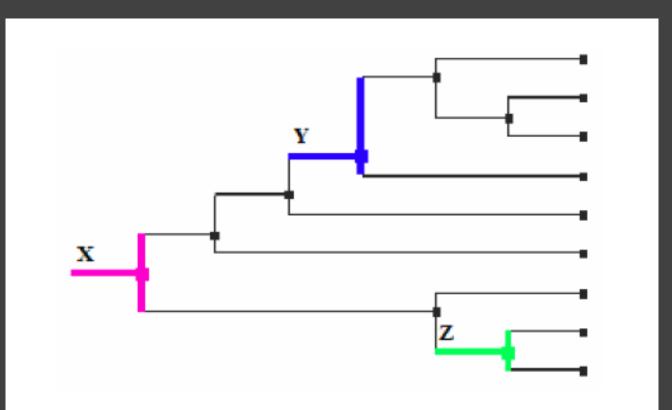
Dmitry Nekrasovski, Adam Bodnar, Joanna McGrenere, François Guimbretière, Tamara Munzner

Pan & Zoom vs. Rubber Sheet



Experimental Task

Compare topological distance between nodes in a dendrogram.



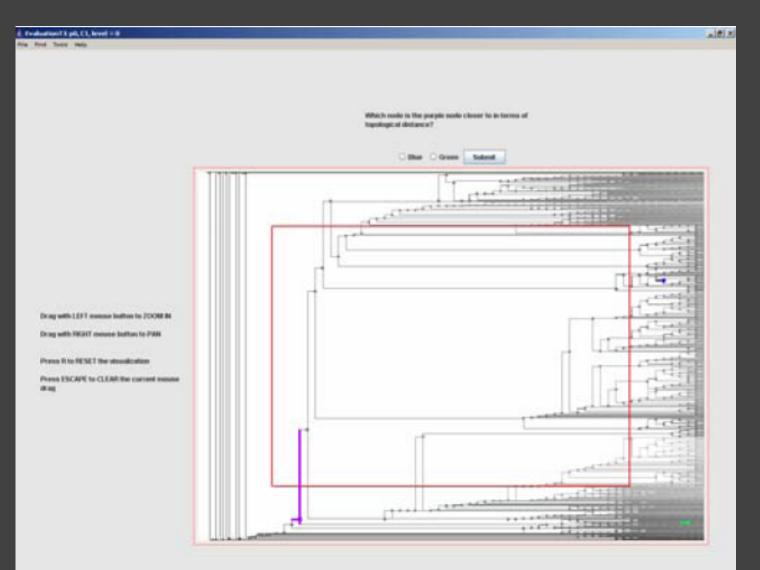
Experiment

Compare performance in 4 conditions:

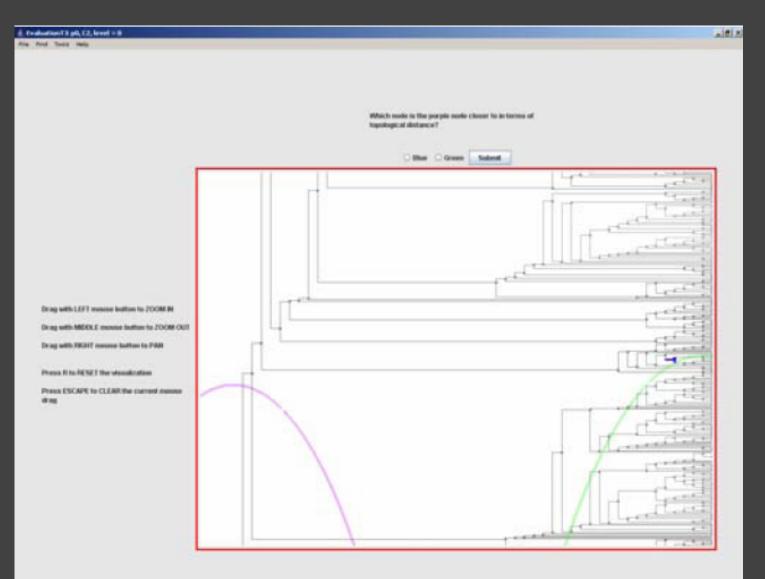
- 1. Pan & Zoom (no overview)
- 2. Pan & Zoom (with overview)
- 3. Rubber Sheet (no overview)
- 4. Rubber Sheet (with overview)

40 subjects (24F/16M), between 18-39 years old. Right-handed, normal vision. Between-subjects design.

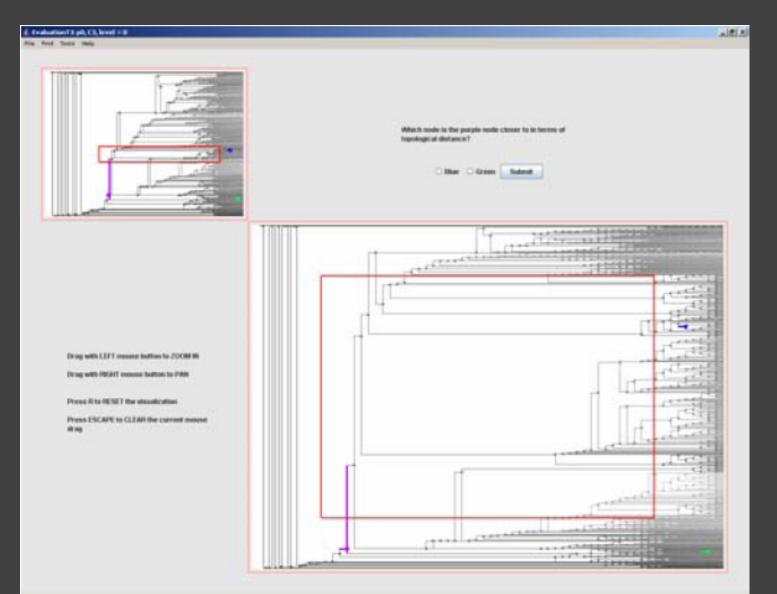
1. Rubber Sheet / No Overview



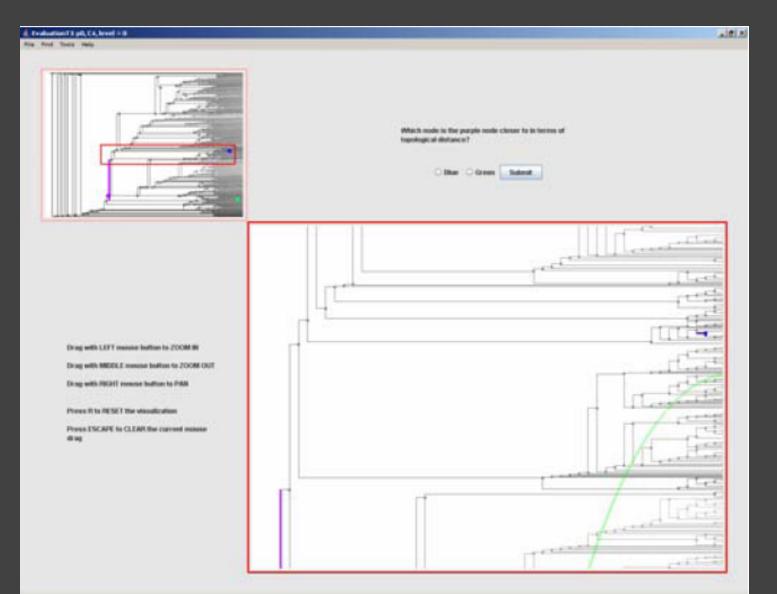
2. Pan & Zoom / No Overview



3. Rubber Sheet / Overview



4. Pan & Zoom / Overview



Hypotheses

- 1. RSN interfaces perform better than PZN interfaces independently of the presence or absence of an overview.
- 2. For RSN, the presence of an overview does not result in better performance.
- **3.** For PZN, the presence of an overview results in better performance.

Results: H1 False

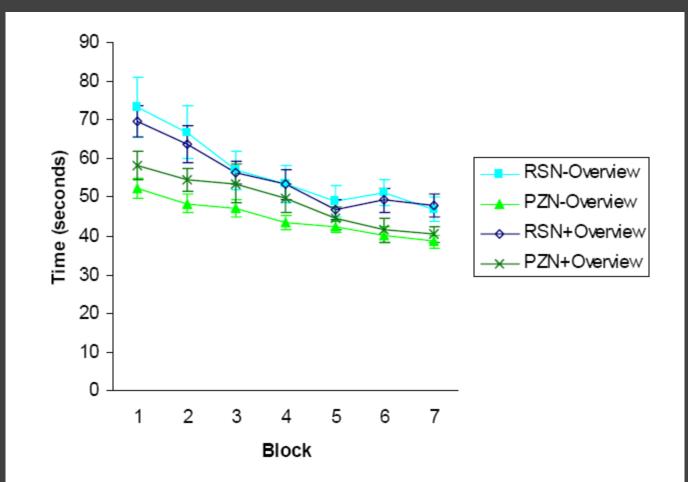


Figure 7: Mean completion times per trial for each interface by block in seconds (N=40).

Results: H2 True, H3 False

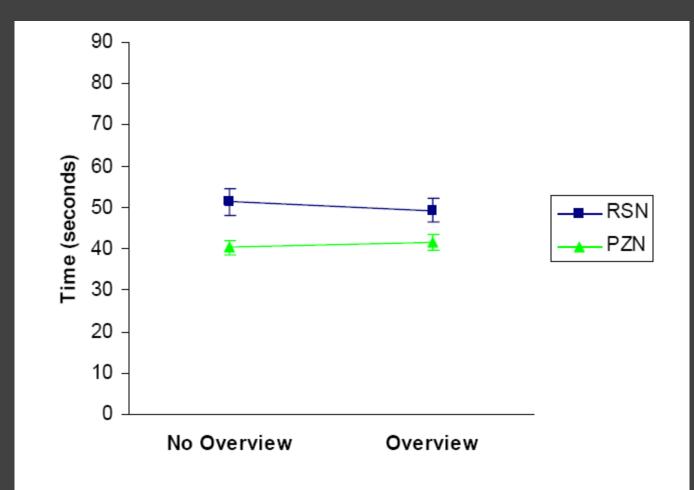


Figure 9: Block 7 mean per-trial completion times in seconds by navigation technique with and without an overview.

Results

R1. Pan & Zoom had lower completion times, navigation actions, resets, and reported mental demand.

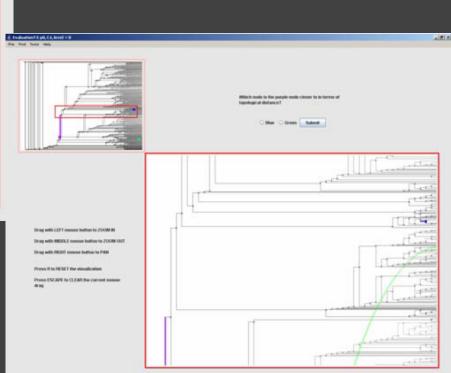
R2. Overview has no significant impact on rubber sheet navigation, though it was reported to reduce physical demand.

R3. Overview has no significant impact on pan & zoom navigation, though it was reported to reduce physical demand.

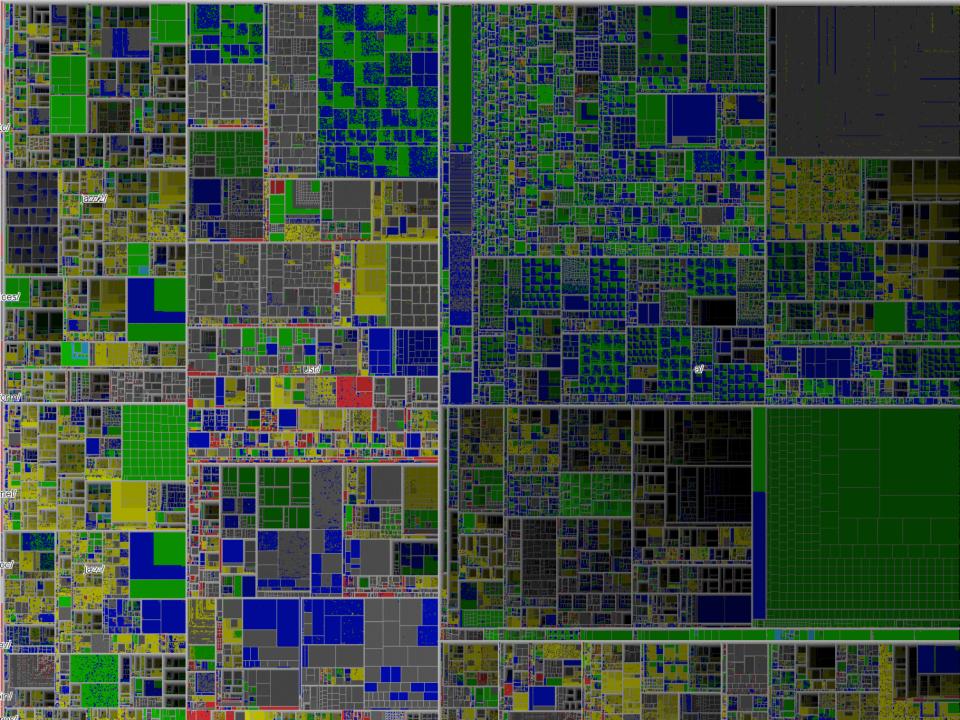
Thoughts?

Evaluation II (pd), C3, level = 0	the second s	الثلم
	Wash much is the paragin multi-closer to in terms of translaged distances?	
Drag with LETT ansare ballion to COOM II Drag with ILETT ansare ballion to PMM Press Ris 45/2011 the strandardson Press Ris 45/2011 to CLEAR the second assess drag		

Does this generalize for overview displays?



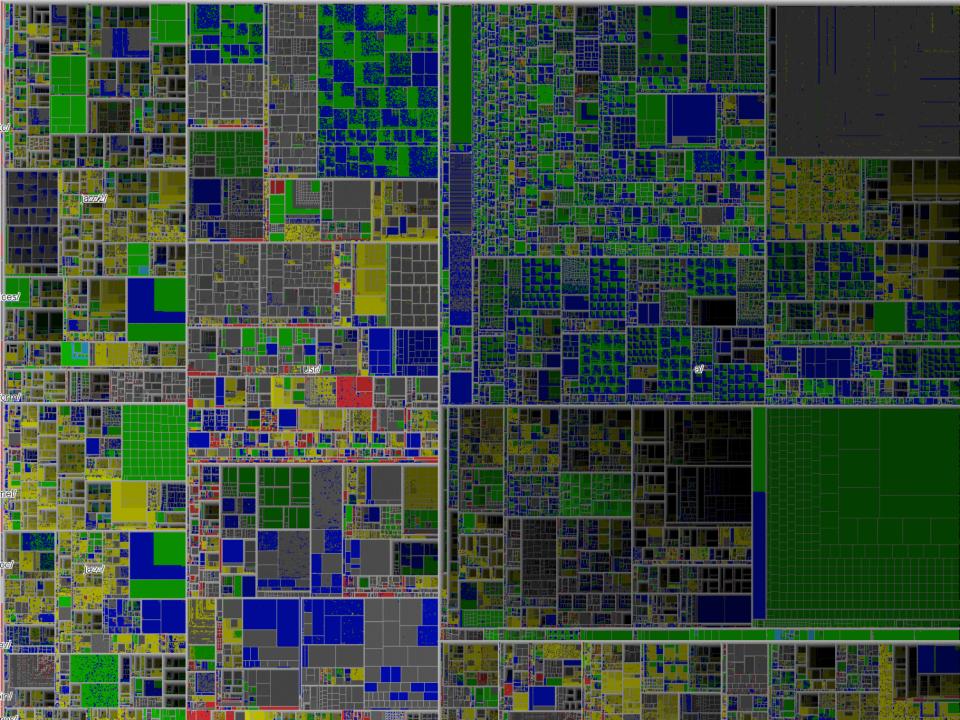
Data Density

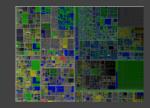


Data Density = $\frac{(\text{# entries in data})}{(\text{area of graphic})}$

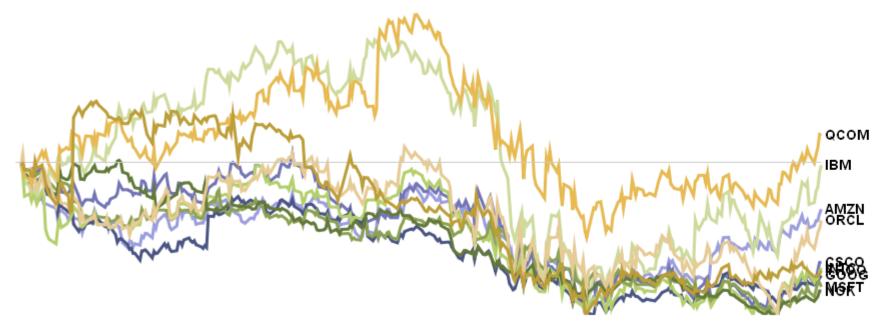
"Graphical excellence... gives to the viewer the greatest number of ideas in the shortest time with the least ink in the smallest space"

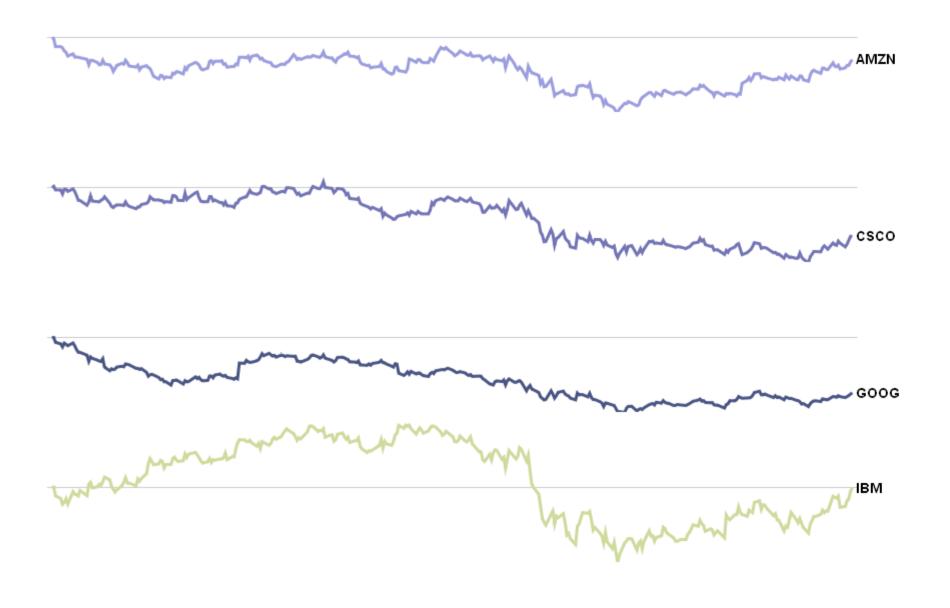
[Tufte 83]

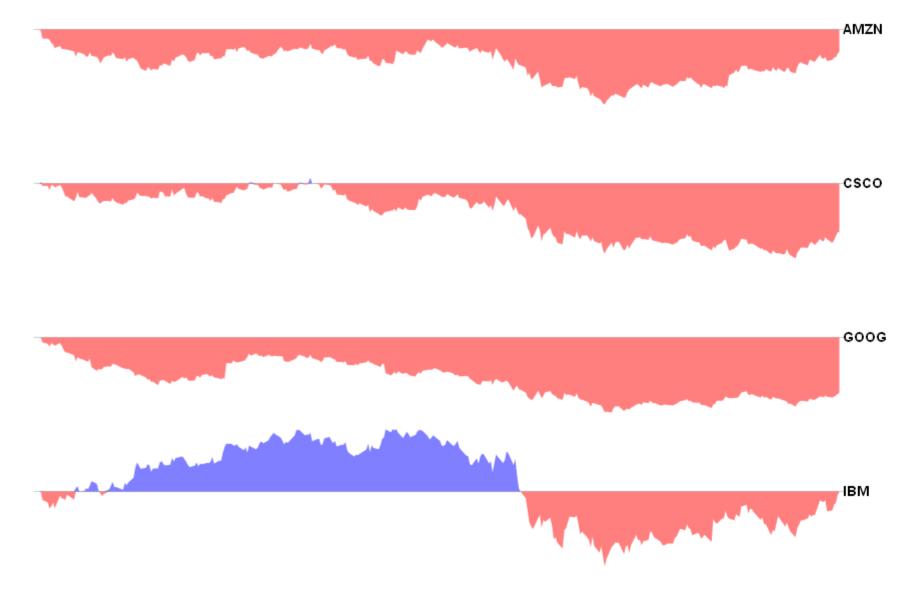


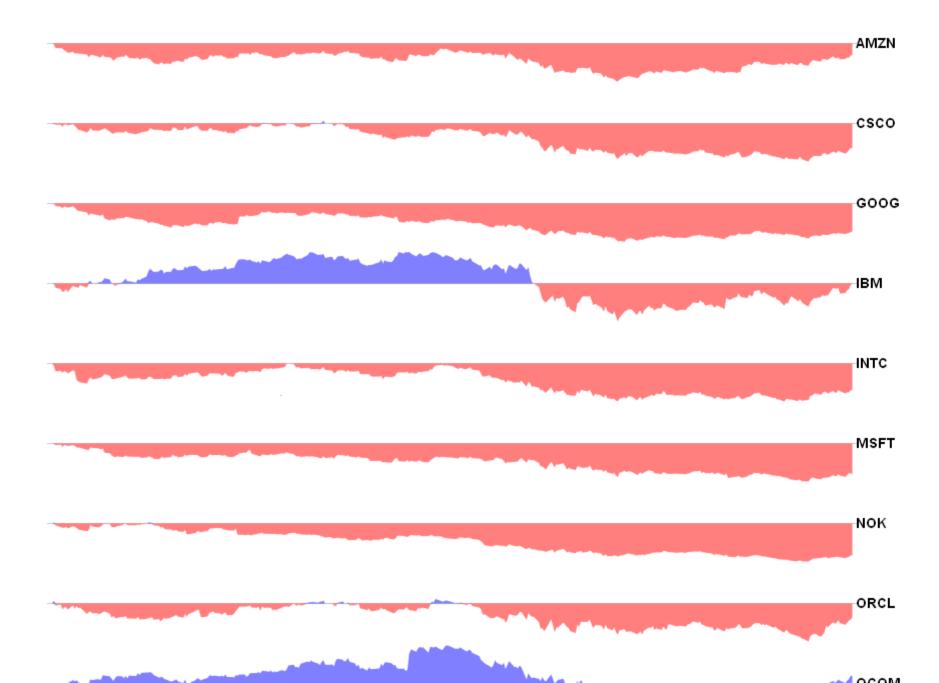


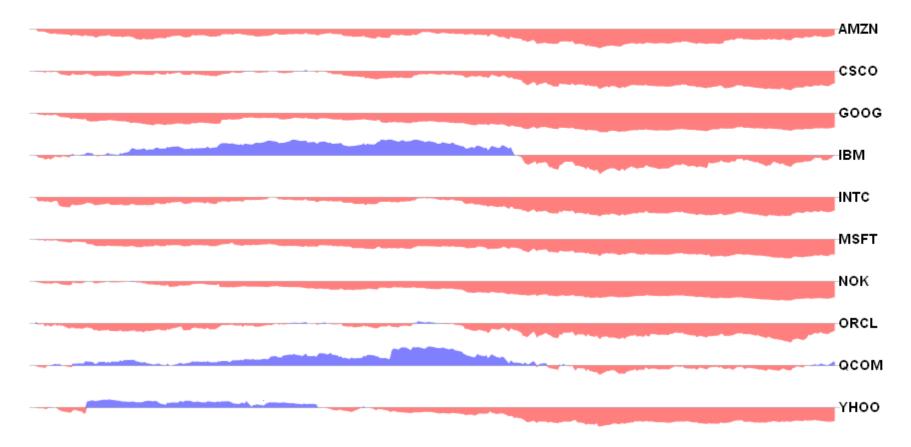
AMZN

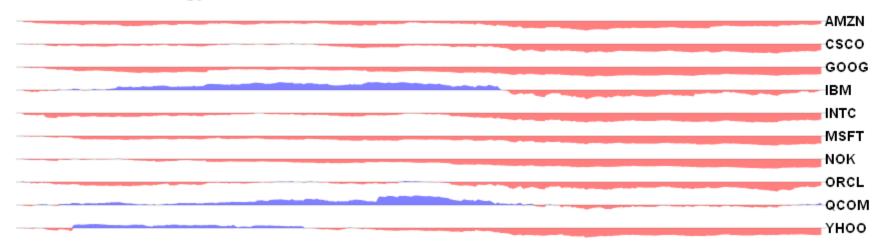


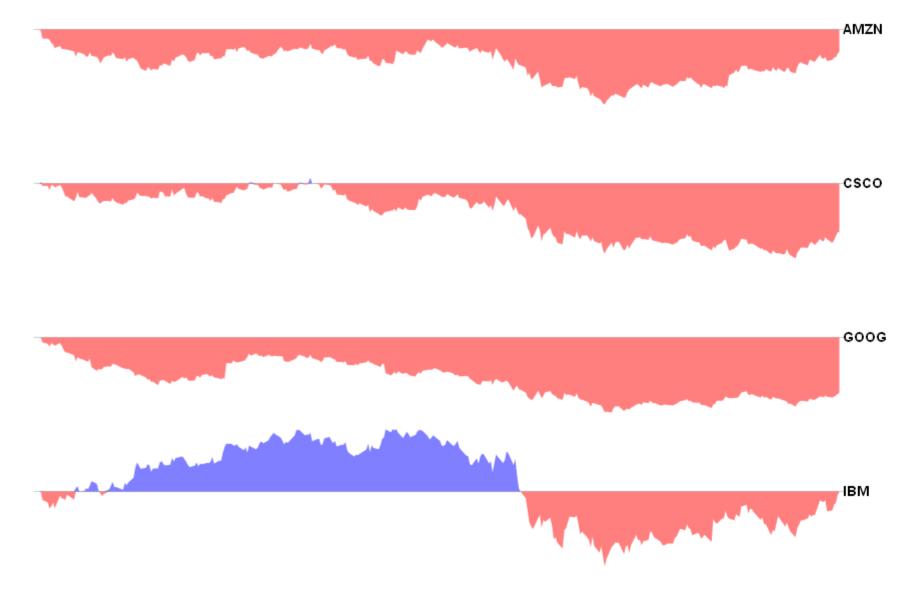


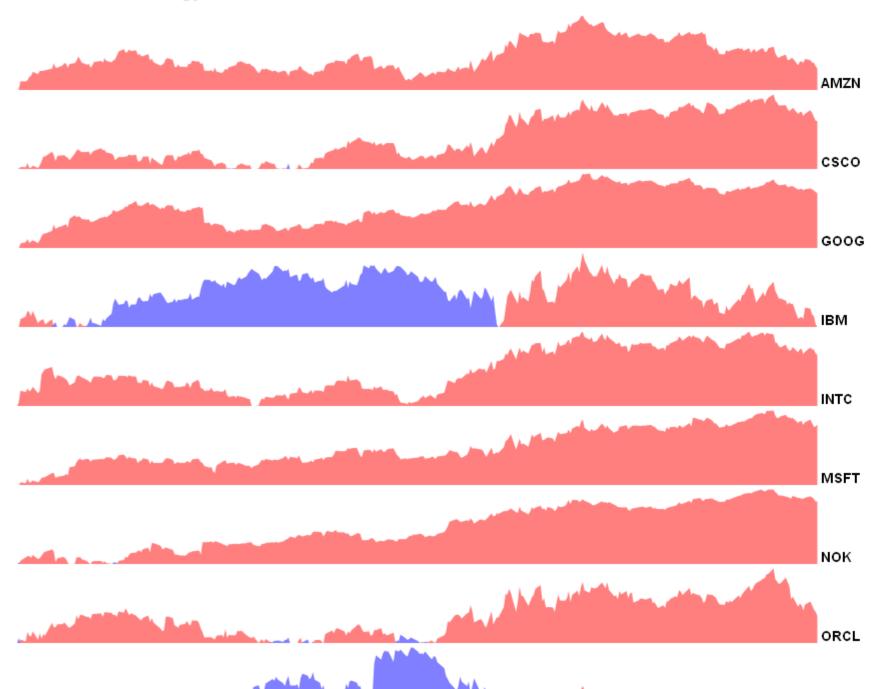


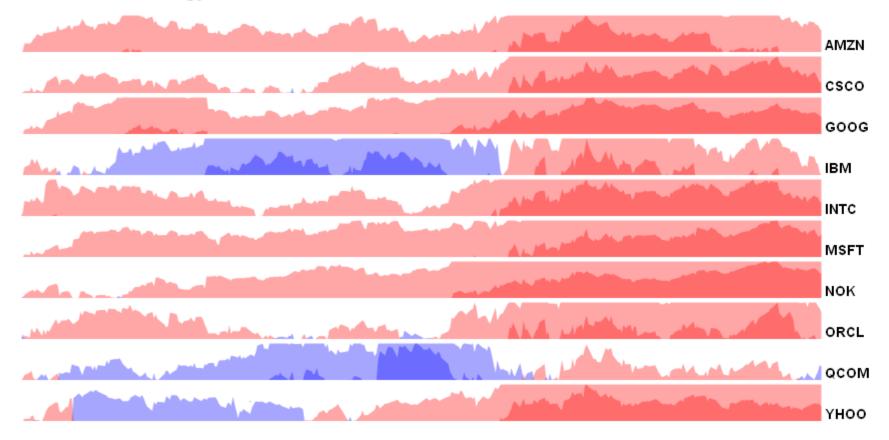




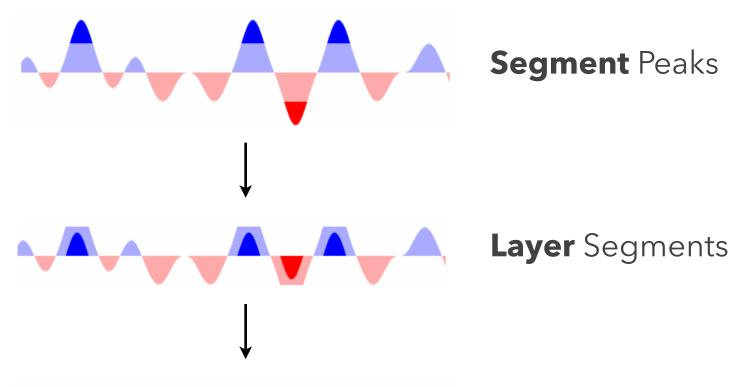






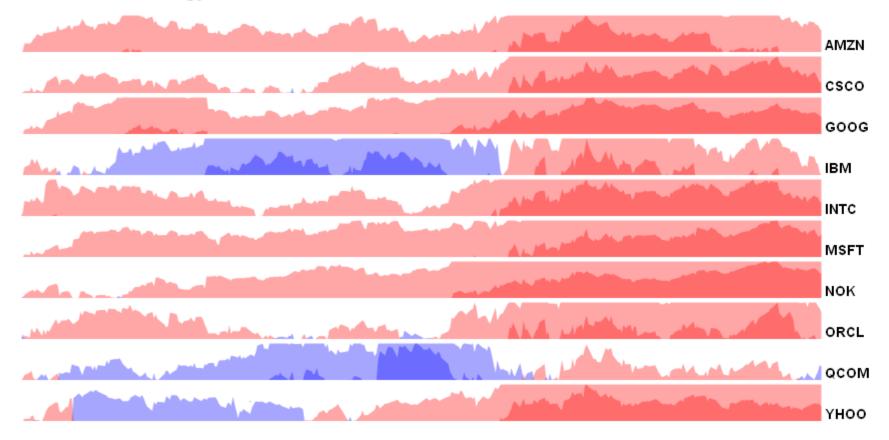


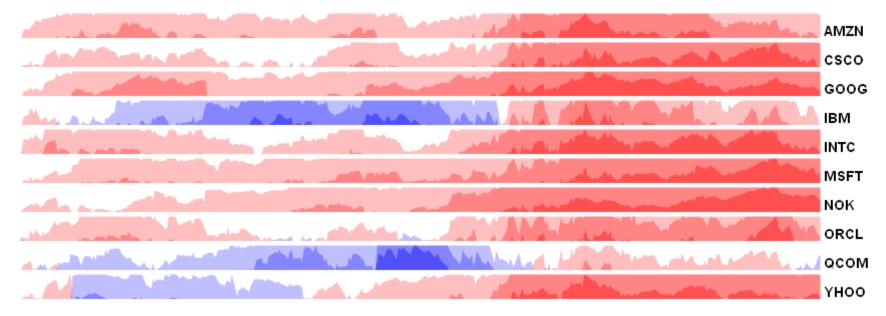
Horizon Graphs

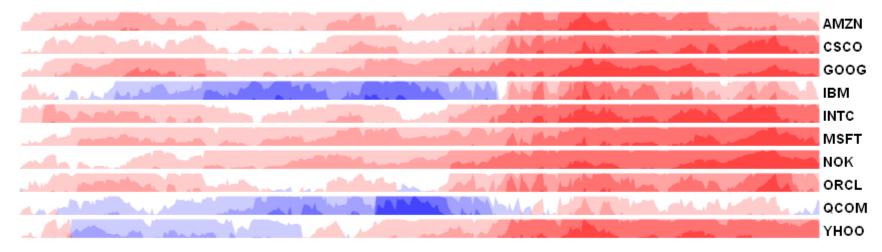


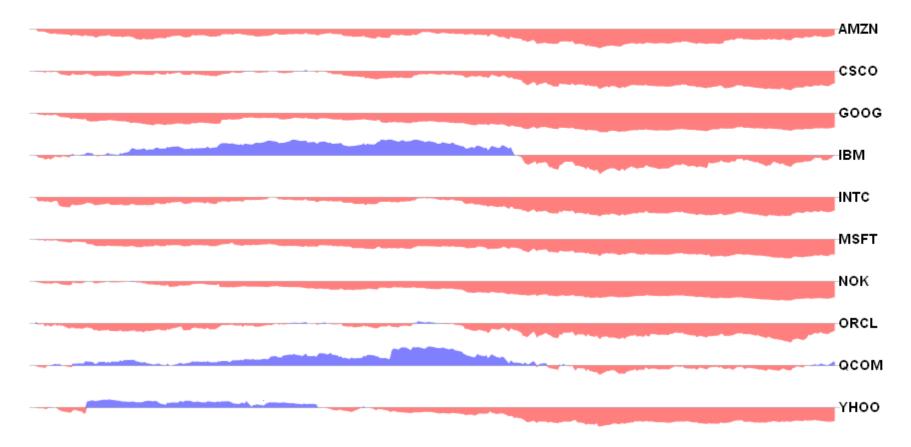


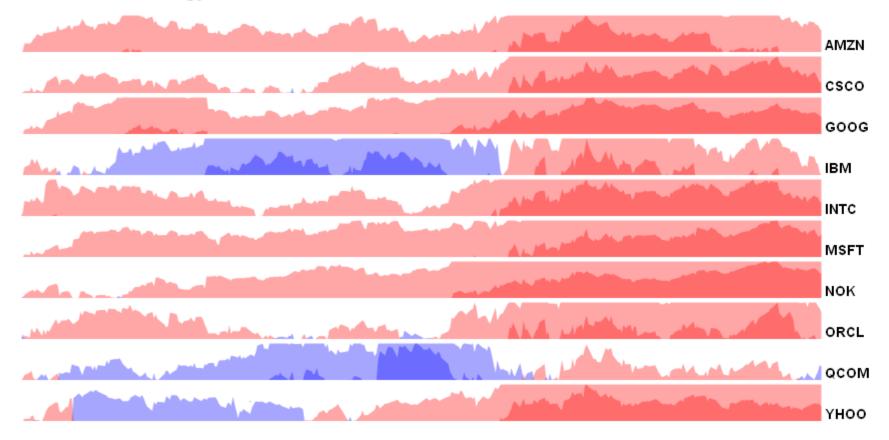
Mirror Negative Values

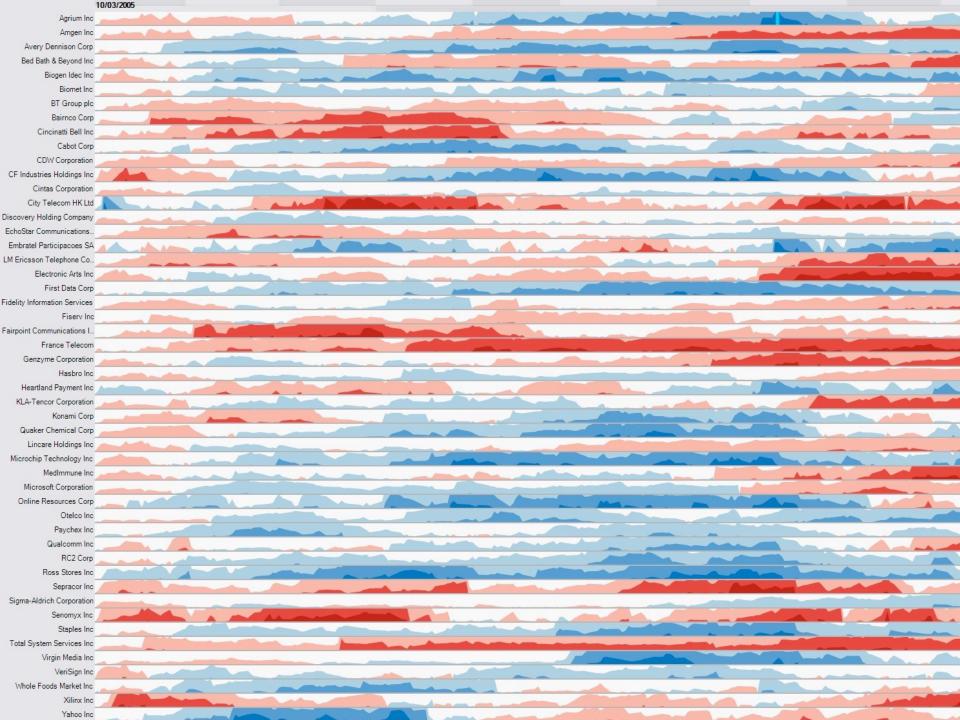








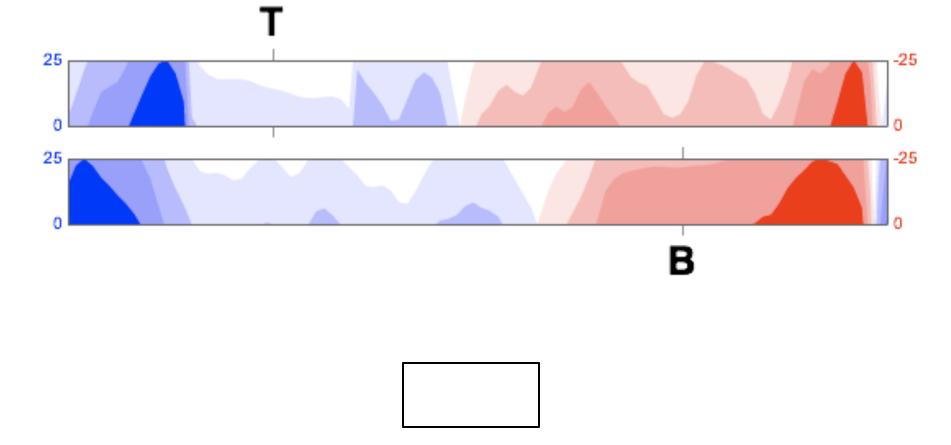




Experiment: Chart Type & Size

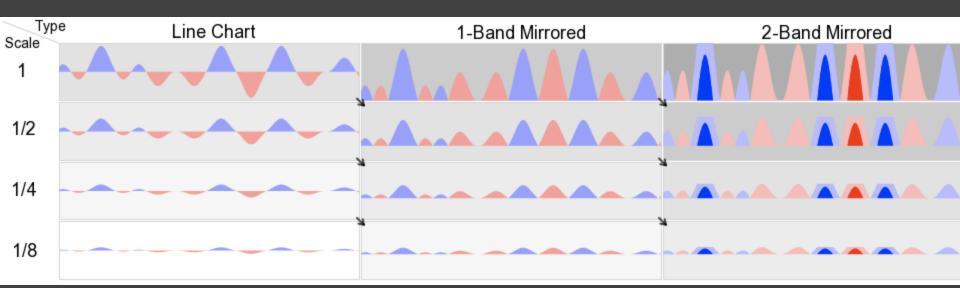
Q1: How do mirroring and layering affect estimation time and accuracy compared to line charts?

Q2: How does chart size affect estimation time and accuracy?



Estimate the difference between T and B (0-200) to within 5 values.

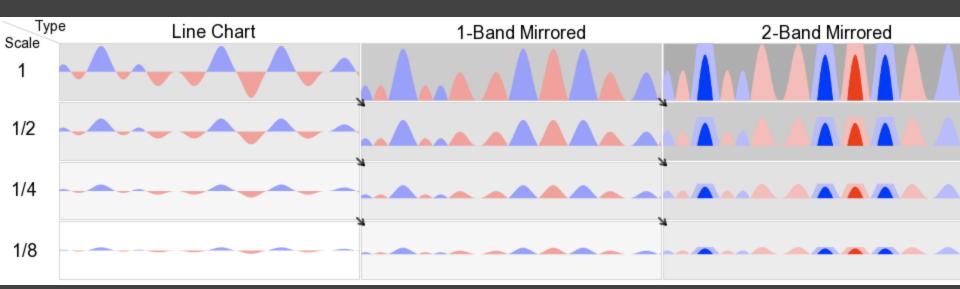
Experiment Design



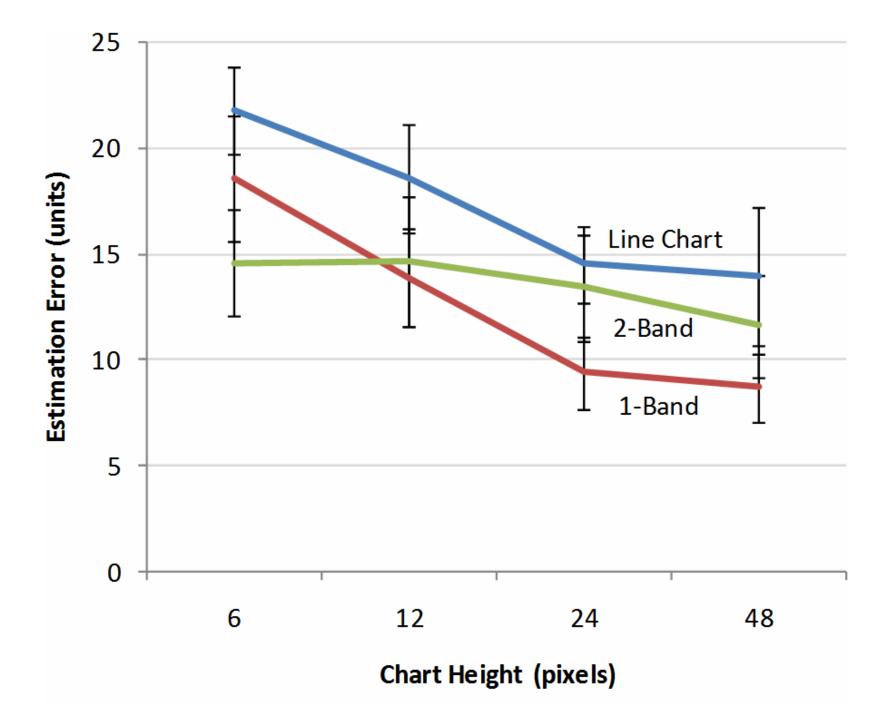
3 (chart type) x 4 (size) within-subjects design

- \cdot N = 30 (17 male, 13 female), undergrads
- 14.1 inch LCD display, 1024 x 768 resolution
- At scale = 1, chart is 13.9 x 1.35 cm (48 px)

Experiment Design

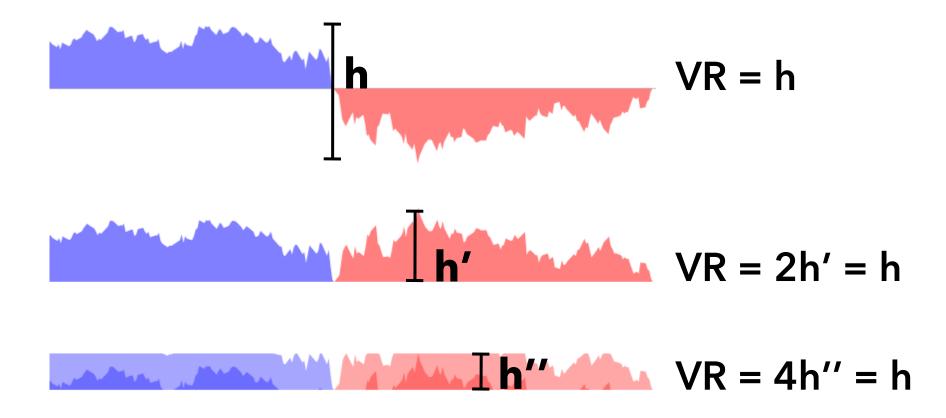


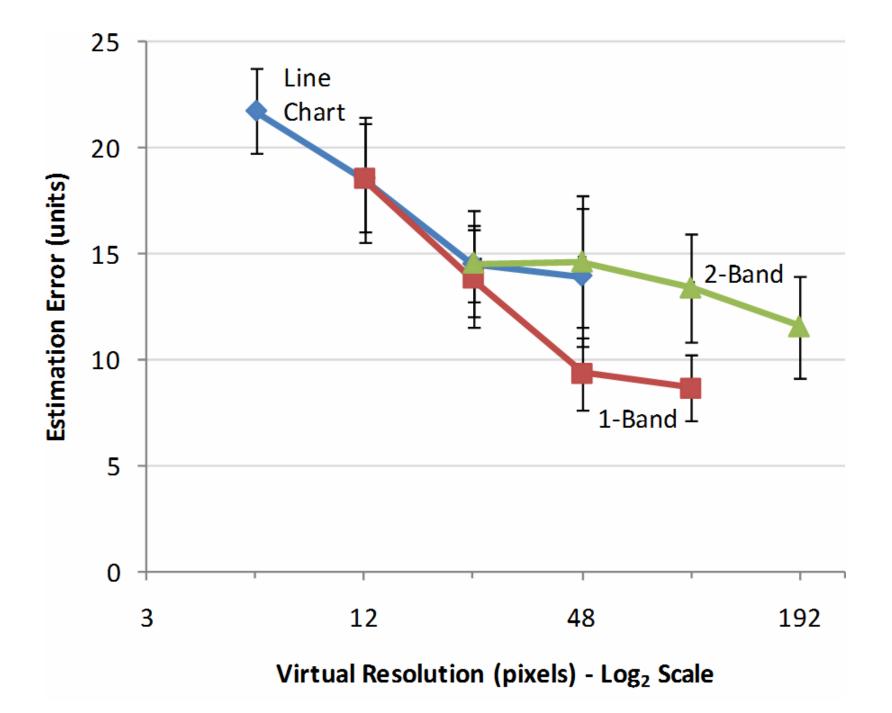
3 (type) x 4 (size) within-subjects design N = 30 (17 male, 13 female), undergrads 2 (type) x 3 (size:1/8, 1/12, 1/24) follow-up N = 8 (6 male, 2 female), engineering grads

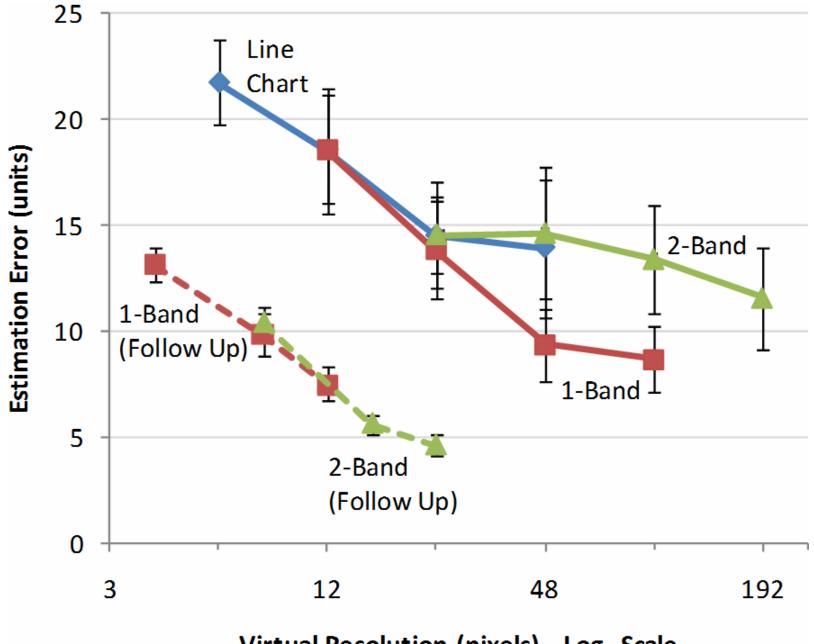


Virtual Resolution (VR)

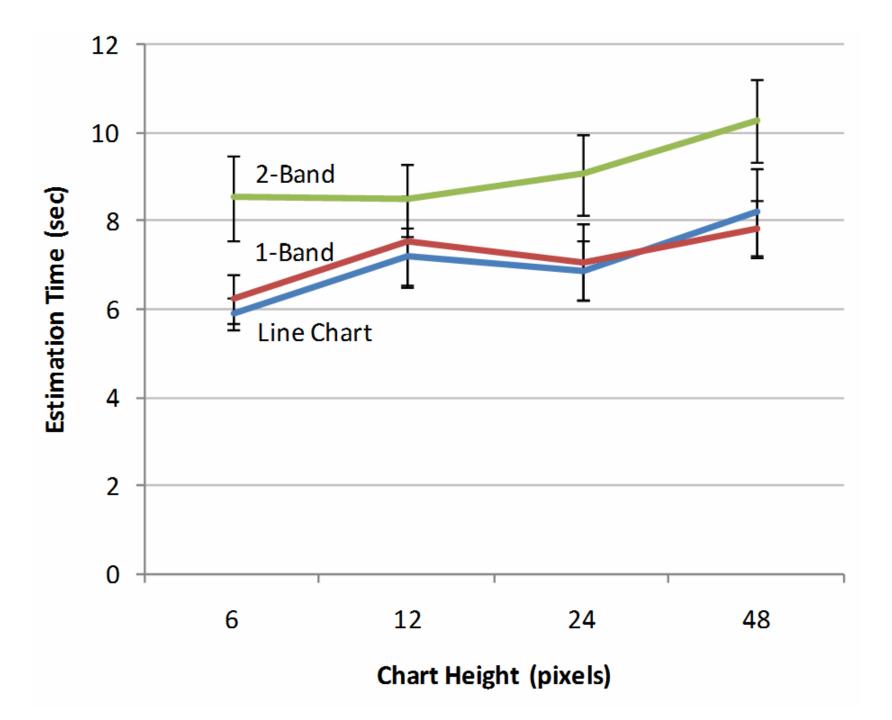
The un-mirrored, un-layered height of a chart







Virtual Resolution (pixels) - Log₂ Scale



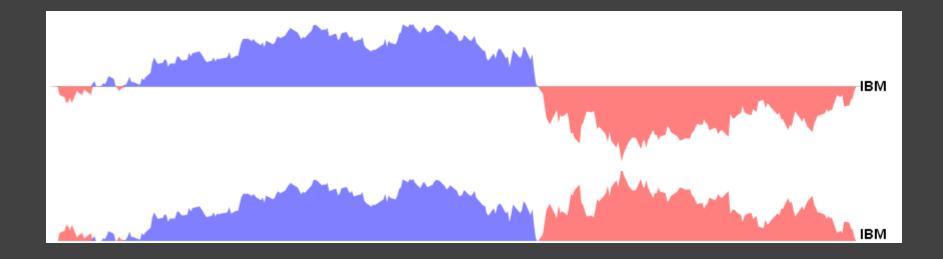
Experiment Results

Q1: 2-band horizon graph (but not mirrored graph) has higher baseline estimation time and error.

Q2: Estimation error increases as the *virtual resolution* decreases. Estimation time decreases as the *physical height* decreases.

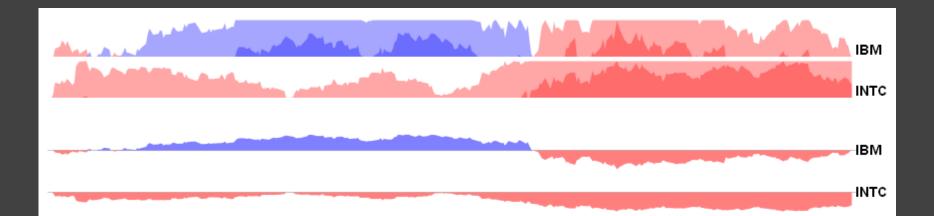
Design Guidelines

Mirroring does not hamper perception



Design Guidelines

Mirroring does not hamper perception Layered bands beneficial for smaller charts 2-band mirror charts more accurate for heights under 6.8mm (24 pixels @ 1024x768) Predict benefits for 3 bands under 1.7mm (6 px)



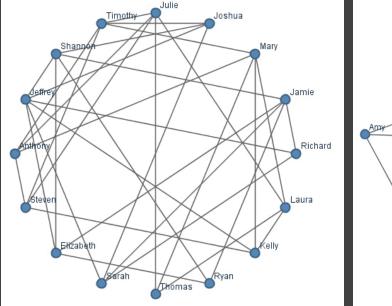
Design Guidelines

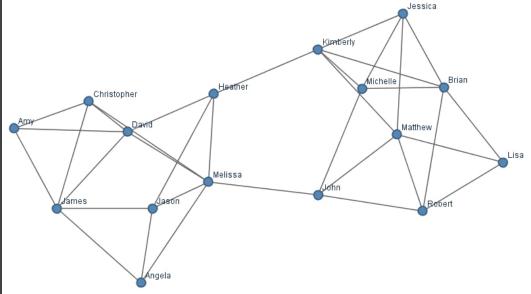
Mirroring does not hamper perception Layered bands beneficial for smaller charts **Optimal chart sizing** Sweet spots in time/error curves 6.8mm (24 px) for line chart & mirrored chart 3.4mm (12 px) for 2-band horizon graph

FOLLOW-UP QUESTION: What other **tasks** and performance measures should one test?

Perceptual Organization of Node-Link Diagrams

Perceptual Organization of Graphs





Circular

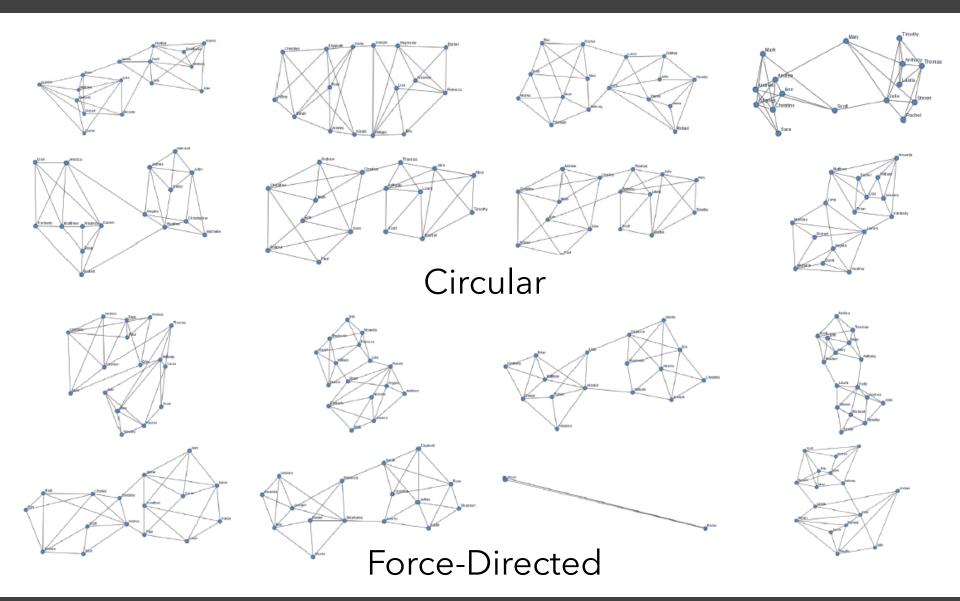
Force-Directed

Experiment Design

Factors

Circular or Force-Directed Seed Layout # of Between-Cluster Edges ("masking") All graphs had two primary clusters

Measures # of Edge Crossings Average Edge Length Average Node Distance within or between clusters



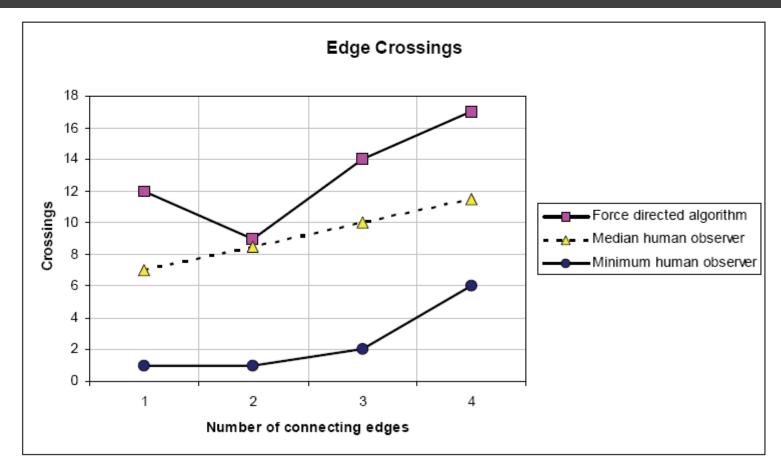


Figure 4. Edge Crossings. Human observers produced graph layouts with fewer edge crossings than the force-directed graph algorithm.

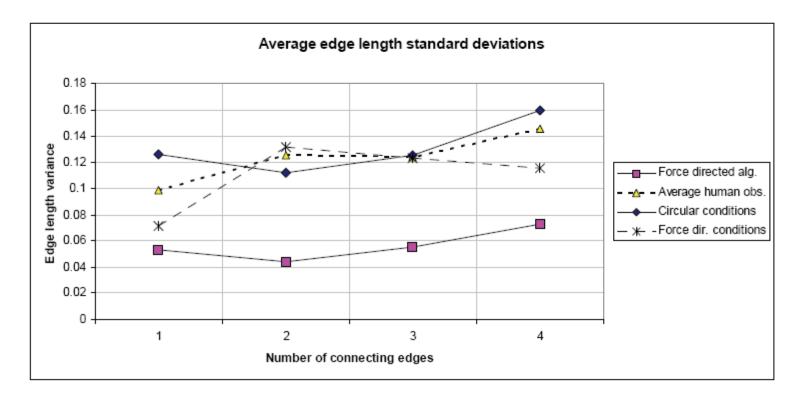


Figure 5. Edge Length Distribution. Human observers did not focus on maintaining equal edge length as much as the force directed algorithm.

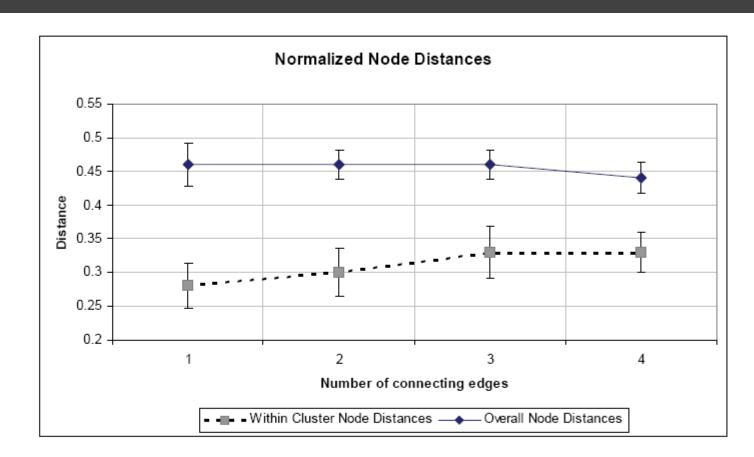


Figure 7. Cluster Extraction. For all levels of masking, the distance between nodes within a cluster is significantly smaller than the overall inter-node distance, demonstrating perceptual grouping. Error bars show 95% confidence intervals

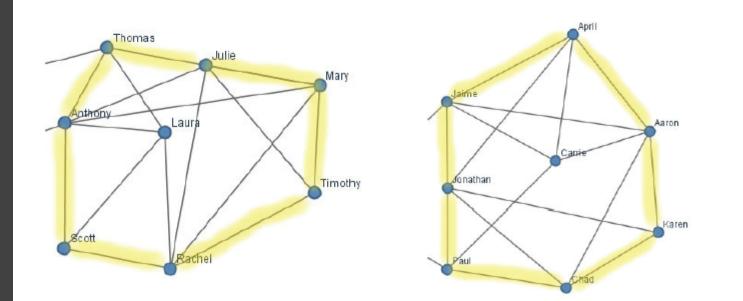


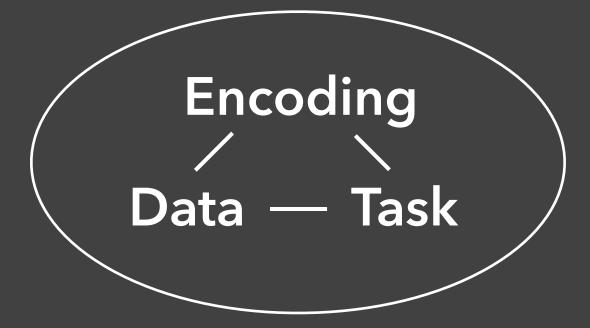
Figure 9. Cluster Hulls. Two examples of user-generated layouts where cluster edges formed a hull enclosing the cluster, organizing it into a single perceptual group.

Summary

Design and analyze visualization techniques in context of real-world use.

Time/error analyses can be insightful, but they don't provide a complete picture.

Performance measures may be more suited to serious analysis than casual use?



Users & Domain

Administrivia

Final Project Deliverables

Demonstration Video (<= 2 min)
Due on YouTube & Canvas by midnight Wed 3/9.
Final Project Showcase
We will show demo videos in class, Thu 3/10.
Interactive Web Page & GitHub Repo
All materials online by EOD Mon 3/14.

Read assignment description for more!

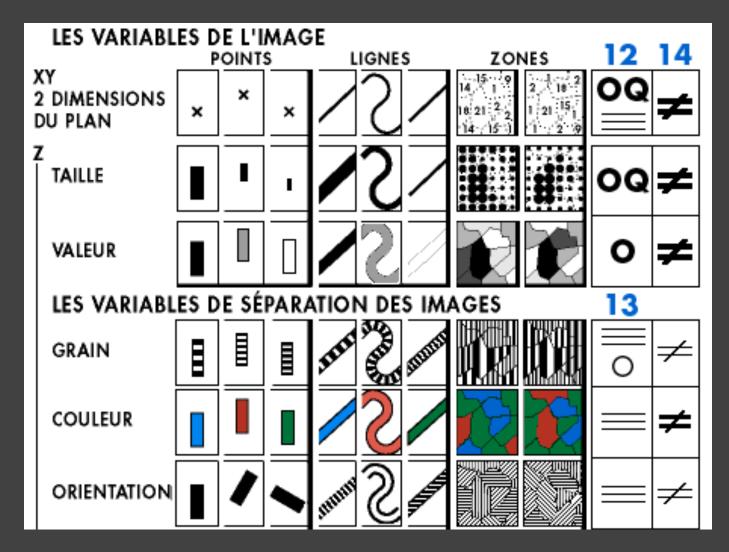
Course Evaluation

Official course evaluation, due by 3/13 Your opinion is valued!

https://uw.iasystem.org/survey/253739

Course Summary

Data and Image Models

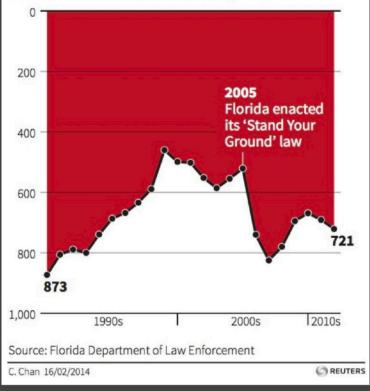


Sémiologie Graphique [Bertin 67]

Deception & Ethics

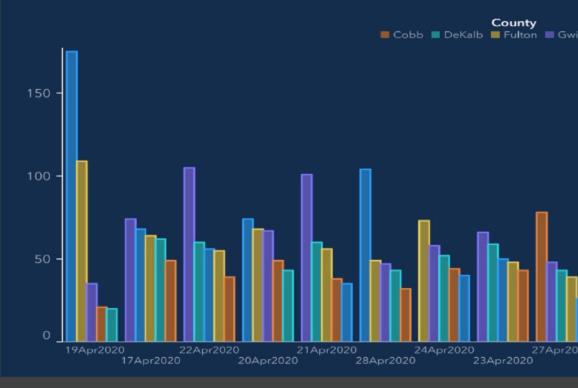
Gun deaths in Florida

Number of murders committed using firearms



Top 5 Counties with the Greatest Number of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases

The chart below represents the most impacted counties over the past 15 days represents the number of deaths and hospitalizations in each of those impacted



Visualization Design

Sales of SlicersDicers Compared to Sales of Other Products SlicerDicers' Sales Compared to Other Products July - December, 2011 vs. RoundTuits vs. NervousNellies 300% 300% \$650,000 250% 250% Monthly 200% AhNuts 200% \$600,000 150% 150% Slicers-\$550,000 100% Dicers 50% 50% NervousNellies \$500,000 0% 0% vs. Thingamagigs vs. Whatchamacallits \$450,000 300% 300% RingaDingies 250% 250% \$400,000 200% 200% \$350,000 150% 150% RoundTuits 100% 100% \$300,000 50% 50% 036 0% \$250,000 SlicerDicers vs. AhNuts vs. WileyWidgets 300% 300% \$200,000 250% 250% SweetNuthins \$150,000 200% 200% 150% 150% \$100,000 100% 100% ThingamaGigs 50% 50% \$50,000 0% \$0 vs. RingaDingies vs. SweetNuthins August Whatchamacallits 300% 300% July October November September December 250% 250% 200% 200% WileyWidgets 150% 150% 100% 100% 50% 50%

Problematic design

Redesign

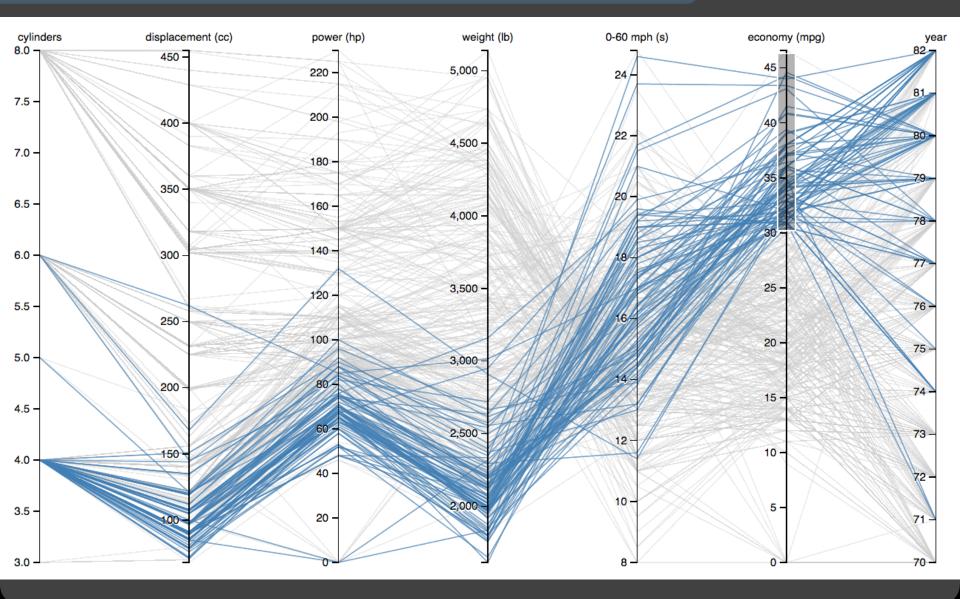
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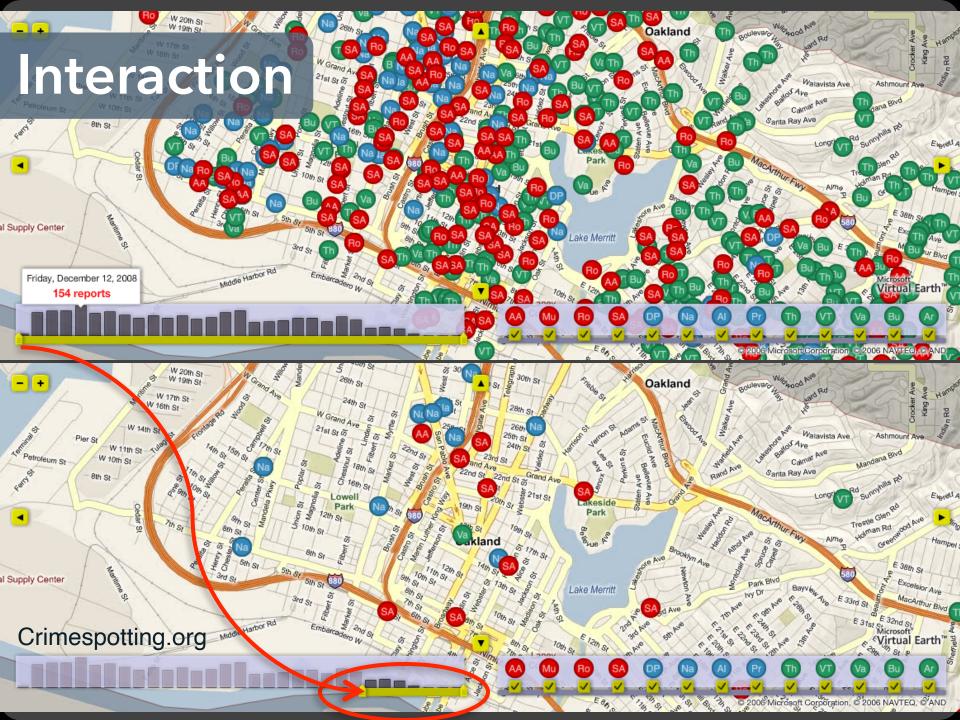
Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

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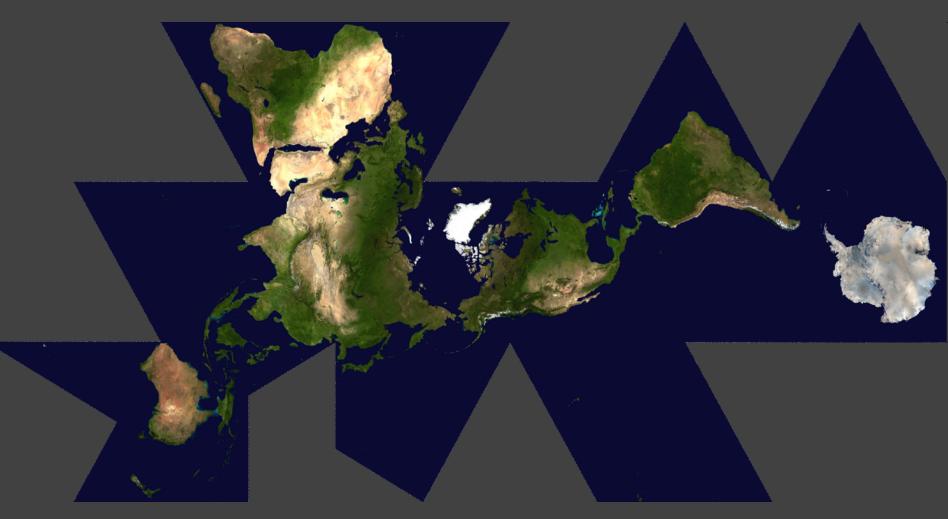
Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

Exploratory Data Analysis

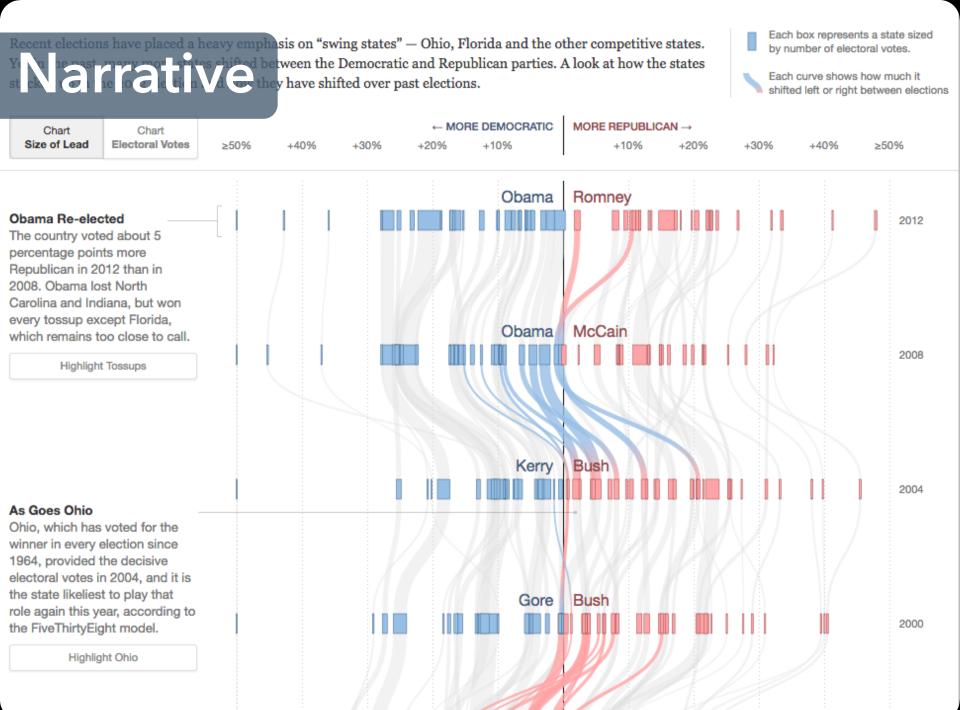




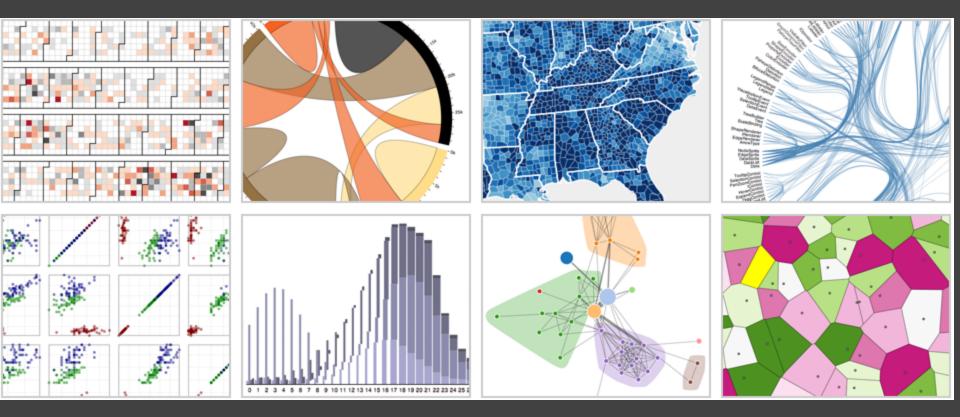




Dymaxion Maps [Fuller 46]

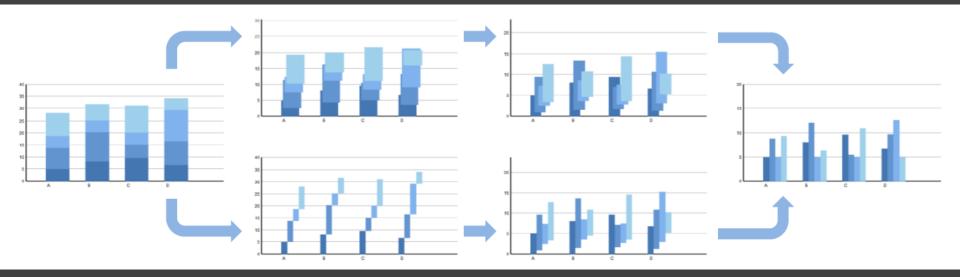


Visualization Software



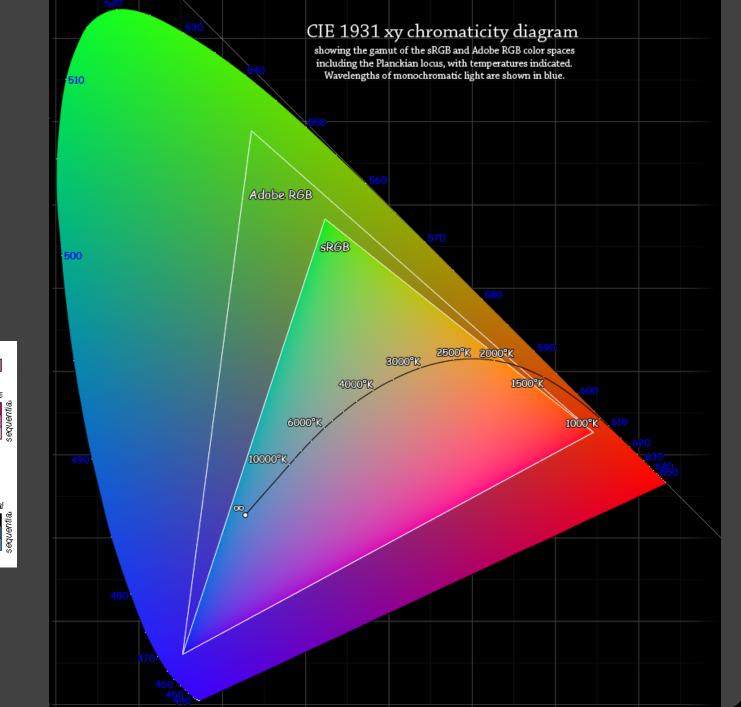
D3: Data-Driven Documents

Animation



Animated transitions in statistical data graphics [Heer & Robertson 07]

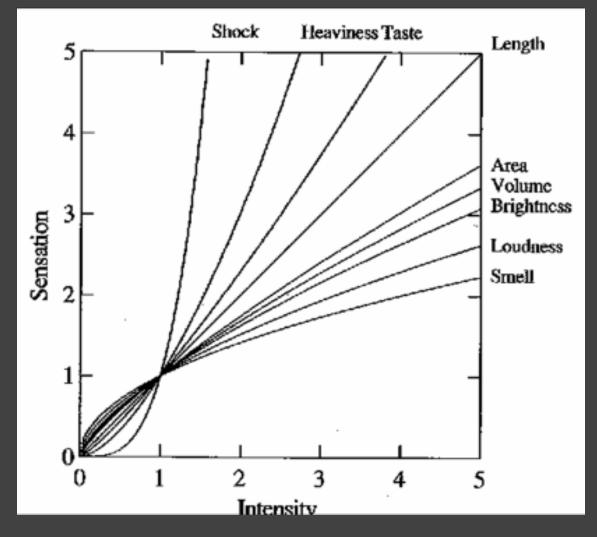
Color



qualitative У П ŝ n TEA TFA qualitative diverging binary -1 0 +1 ΤE А diverging seque -10+1 1 1 -1 0 +1 diverging sequential diverging +10 -10 -1 0 +1 255075

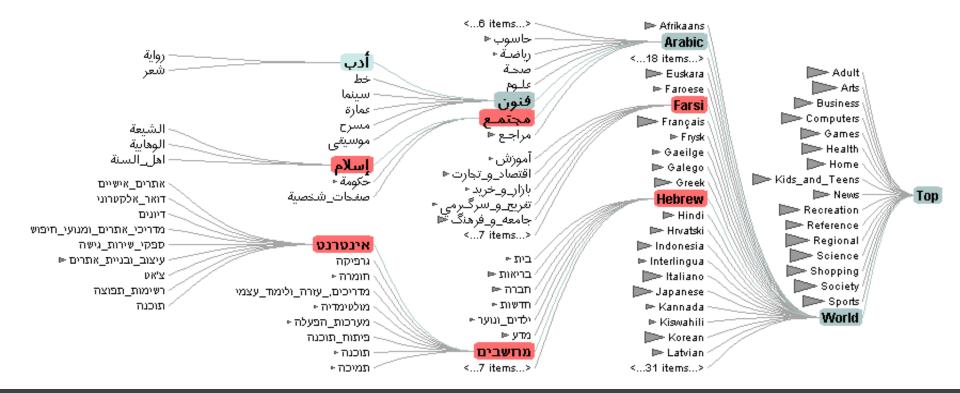
Color Brewer

Graphical Perception



The psychophysics of sensory function [Stevens 61]

Hierarchies

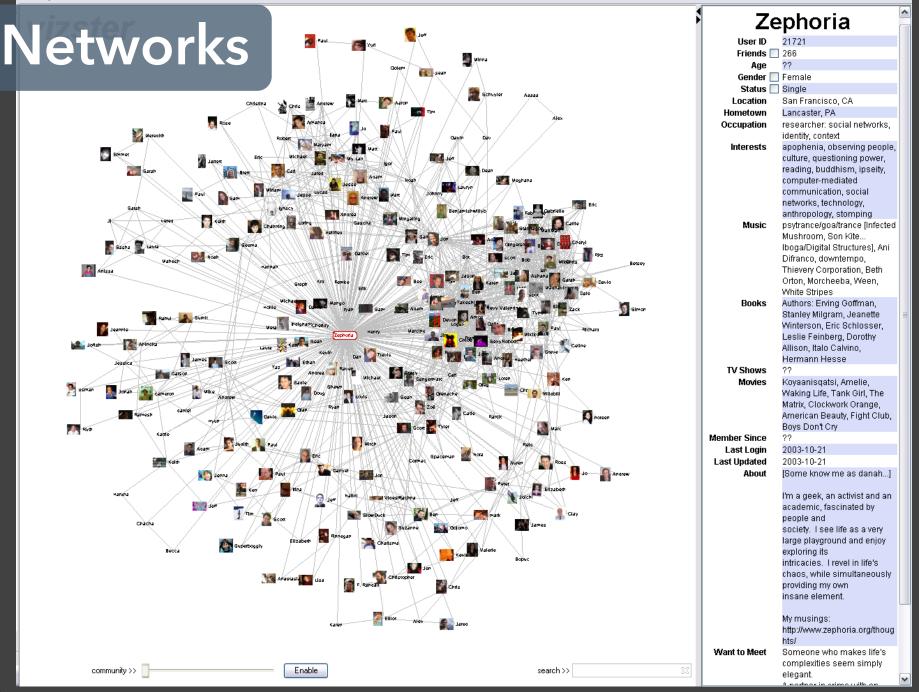


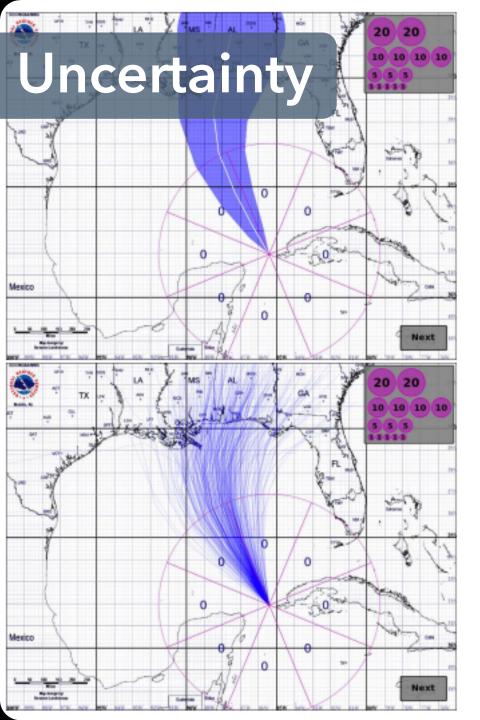
Degree-Of-Interest Trees [Heer & Card 04]

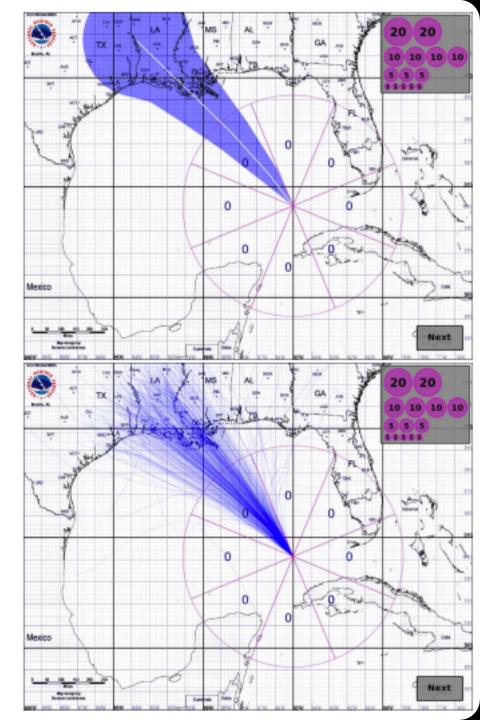
👙 Vizster

File Options Tools







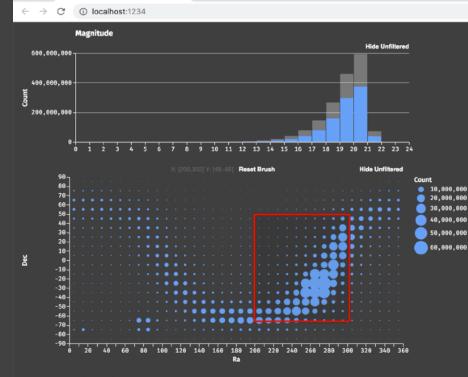


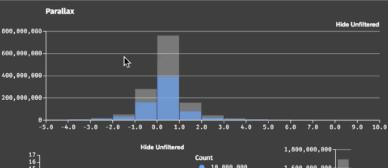
Scalability

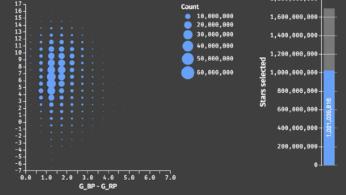
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🔍 🛑 Explore GAIA in Falcon with Ma 🗙

☆ 🍙 :

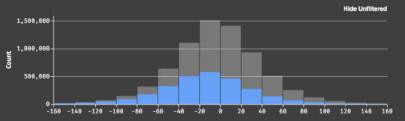






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Radial Velocity



1.7 B stars. 1.2 TB of data.Visualizations running in-browser.

Powered by Falcon 0.13.

The Future of Visualization

Where is more work required?

What emerging technologies and societal trends will impact visualization design?

What did you find most difficult in creating visualizations and designing techniques?

Thank You!