

CSE 401 Intro Compilers

Final Review

(post-Midterm)

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Slides by Chambers, Eggers, Notkin, Ruzzo, Snyder and others
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Interpret vs. compile

- Tradeoffs
- Run-time and compile-time
- Advantages of one over the other
- Basic structure of an interpreter

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Jobs of a compiler (backend)

- Representation and placement of run-time values
- Generate machine code
- Optimization

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Compile- vs Run-Time

- procedures vs activation record/stack frame
- scope vs environment
- symbol table vs stack frame
- variable vs memory/stack/register location
- lexically enclosing scope vs static link
- caller vs dynamic link

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Run Time Storage

- Representation of data - scalars, aggregates
- memory areas: static, stack (lifo), heap
- layout of stack frame: formals, locals, links, etc.
- calling conventions – handling registers, return values, etc.
- parameter passing modes:
call-by-value vs call-by-reference vs ...

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Parameter passing

- Call-by-value, call-by-reference, etc.
- The mechanisms
- The consequences of the mechanisms on programming language design and on programs

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Intermediate Code Gen

- Structure of code generation, and benefits of that structure
- Intermediate vs. target code generation (temps, machine (in)dependence, ...)
- 3-address code: what and why
- Generation of IR from AST:
l- vs r-value, exprs, assign, arrays, ...
- Short circuit code

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Target Code Gen

- Instruction selection (RISC/CISC)
- Register allocation
- Impact of basic architectural features

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Optimization

- Deduce as much as possible at compile time about run time bindings, values, control flow,...
- Use it to:
 - Simplify/specialize unnecessarily general code
 - Reorder code
 - Exploit target machine
- Scope:
 - Peephole
 - Local
 - Global (intra-procedural)
 - Inter-procedural

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Examples

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Activation records

- Distinguish from symbol tables
- What goes in them
- Static/dynamic links
 - What they are, why they are, and how they are managed

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Implementation of optimization

- Analyses
 - live variable analysis
- Control and data flow graph representations
 - What and why
- Iterative dataflow analysis

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