## Homework 05: Solutions

Due date: Wednesday, 08/01 at 11:59 pm Instructions:

Submit a typed or neatly handwritten scan of your responses on Canvas in PDF format.
Note: you will need to submit a separate PDF per each section.

## 1. Pseudocode to Merge Two Sorted Arrays

Write a pseudocode for the Merge procedure that is used in Merge Sort. In other words, given two sorted arrays left and right (each containing comparable elements like integers or strings) as input, the method must output a sorted array that contains all elements of left and right. The following properties must be satisfied by your algorithm:
(a) If left is of length $n$ and right is of length $m$, then the runtime of the method must be $O(n+m)$.
(b) The input arrays left and right should remain unmodified.
(c) The algorithm must be stable. In other words, if elements of the same rank are present in both left and right, then the output array must have the element from left preceding the element from right. If multiple elements of the same array are of equal rank, they must appear in the output in the same order that they are in the input.

## Solution:

```
public int[] Merge(int[] A, int[] B, int len1, int len2){
    int[] C = new int[len1+len2];
    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    int k=0;
    while(i < len1 || j<len2){
            if(i<len1 && j<len2){
                        if(A[i]<= B[j]){
                        C[k] = A[i];
                        k++;
                        i++;
            }
            else{
                C[k] = B[j];
                k++;
                    j++;
                        }
            }
            else if(i < len1){
                        C[k] = A[i];
            k++;
            i++;
            }
            else{
            C[k] = B[i];
            k++;
            j++;
        }
    }
```

```
return C;
}
```


## 2. Modeling as Graphs

Alice is throwing a party and invites her friends Bob, Claire, and Dan. Bob is only friends with Alice. Dan and Claire are friends. Dan brings along his friend Eve to the party, and Eve is not friends with Alice, Bob, or Claire.
(a) Model the friendship relationships as a graph. Party-goers are vertices, and edges are friendships. For simplicity, you can label the vertices by A,B,C,D, and E, in which A denotes Alice, B denotes Bob and so on.
(b) Write down the adjacency matrix of the above graph. ( use $A \rightarrow 0, B \rightarrow 1$, etc.)
(c) Write down the adjacency list of the above graph. ( use $A \rightarrow 0, B \rightarrow 1$, etc.)
(d) Which vertex has the highest degree (give the person's name)? Which has the lowest? What are the degrees of these vertices? What does vertex degree tell you about the person that vertex represents?

## Solution:

(a)

(b)
$\left[\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0\end{array}\right]$
(c)

(d) Alice and Dan are the highest degree vertices with degree 3 each. This means they have the most friends at the party. Eve and Bob are the lowest degree vertices with degree 1 each. This means that they have the fewest friends at the party.

