Recurrences Solutions

Happening Happening Happening

Consider the following code:

```
f(n) {
 1
       if (n <= 1) {
 2
 3
          return 0;
 4
       }
 5
       int result = 0;
 6
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 7
          for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {</pre>
 8
9
              result += j;
10
11
          }
12
       }
       return f(n/2) + result + f(n/2);
13
14 }
```

(a) Find a recurrence for the time complexity of f(n).

Solution:

We look at the three separate cases (base case, non-recursive work, recursive work):

- $\bullet\,$ The base case is $\mathcal{O}(1),$ because we only do a return statement
- The non-recursive work is $\mathcal{O}(1)$ for the assignments and if tests and $=\sum_{i=0}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ for the for loops.
- The recursive work is 2T(n/2).

Putting these together, we get:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 1 \\ 2T(n/2) + \frac{n(n+1)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) Find a Big- \mathcal{O} bound for your recurrence.

Solution:

The recursion tree has lg(n) height, and each level of the tree does $\left(\frac{n^2}{2^i}\right)$ work.

Note that the total work is then $n^2 \sum_{i=0}^{\lg(n)} \left(\frac{1}{2^i}\right) = n^2 \sum_{i=0}^{\lg(n)} \left(\frac{1}{2^i}\right) < n^2 \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2^i}\right) = \frac{n^2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} \in \mathcal{O}(n^2).$ So, $T(n) \in \mathcal{O}(n^2).$