

MIDTERM REVIEW

Abstraction Functions

- Internal (like the representation invariant)
- Client doesn't need this!
- Can be used to show code correctness when combined with spec and rep invariant
- Maps concrete representation to abstract value

Abstraction Functions

- AF: $R \Rightarrow A$
- R : Set of objects
 - Consists of fields in the class; concrete, code
- A: Set of abstract objects
 - What the object means; abstract, conceptual
- AF:
 - References internal code representation
 - Can contain calculations, etc that the client doesn't care about

Abstraction Functions

```
public class Line {  
    private Point start;  
    private Point end;  
    ... }
```

```
// AF(r) = line l such that  
// l.start = r.start  
// l.end = r.end
```

Abstraction Functions

```
/**  
 * Card represents an immutable playing card.  
 * @specfield suit: {Clubs,Diamonds,Hearts,Spades}  
 * @specfield value: {Ace,2,...,Jack,Queen,King}  
 */  
  
public class Card {  
    private int index;  
    ...  
}  
    // suit = S(index div 13)  
    // where S(0)=Clubs, S(1)=Diamonds, ...  
    // value = V(index mod 13)  
    // where V(1)=Ace, V(2)=2, ...,  
    // V(12)=Queen, V(0)=King
```

Specification strength

- Stronger specification is:
 - Easier or harder for the client to use?
 - Easier or harder for the implementer to specify?
- To weaken a specification, you can:
 - Strengthen or weaken the preconditions?
 - Strengthen or weaken the postconditions?

Documentation

```
class IntegerSet {  
    private List<Integer> set = new  
LinkedList<Integer>();  
  
    public boolean contains(int x) {  
        int index = set.indexOf(x);  
        if (index != -1) {  
            set.remove(index);      @requires?  
            set.add(0, x);         @modifies?  
        }                          @effects?  
        return index != -1;        @return?  
    }                            @throws?  
}  
}
```

Backwards Reasoning

$$\{ (x * y) * y^{n-1} = b \} \Rightarrow \{ x * y^n = b \}$$

$x = x * y;$

$$\{ x * y^{n-1} = b \}$$

$n = n - 1;$

$$\{ x * y^n = b \}$$

Forwards Reasoning

{ $|x| > 2$ }

$x = x * 2;$

{ $|x| > 4$ }

$x = x - 1;$

{ $x > 3 \mid x < -5$ }

CoinPile Class

```
class CoinPile {  
    private List<Integer> coins;  
    public CoinPile() {  
        coins = new ArrayList<Integer>();  
    }  
  
    ... // many more methods for adding and  
    // removing coins, computing change, etc.  
}
```

CoinPile Class

```
class CoinPile {  
    private List<Integer> coins;  
    public CoinPile() {  
        coins = new ArrayList<Integer>();  
    }  
    ... // many  
    removing co  
}
```

@specfield pennies: int
@specfield nickels: int
@specfield dimes: int
@specfield quarters: int

adding and
change, etc.

- Representation invariant?
- Abstraction function?

CoinPile Class, cont'd

@returns a list of coins with one coin of value n for each coin in this with value n (i.e., the list of coins in this)

```
public List<Integer> getCoins() {  
    return new ArrayList<Integer>(coins);  
}
```

Representation exposure?