SECTION 1:
VERSION CONTROL + ECLIPSE

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slides borrowed and adapted from Alex Mariakis and CSE 390a

OUTLINE

- **Version control**

- **IDEs – Eclipse**
- **Debugging**

WHAT IS VERSION CONTROL?

- **Also known as source control/revision control**
- **System for tracking changes to code**
  - Software for developing software
- **Essential for managing projects**
  - See a history of changes
  - Revert back to an older version
  - Merge changes from multiple sources
- **We'll be talking about Subversion, but there are alternatives**
  - ✓ Git, Mercurial, CVS
 - ✗ Email, Dropbox, USB sticks

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VERSION CONTROL ORGANIZATION

A *repository* stores the master copy of the project
  - Someone creates the repo for a new project
  - Then nobody touches this copy directly
  - Lives on a server everyone can access

Each person *checks out* her own *working copy*
  - Makes a local copy of the repo
  - You'll always work off of this copy
  - The version control system syncs the repo and working copy (with your help)
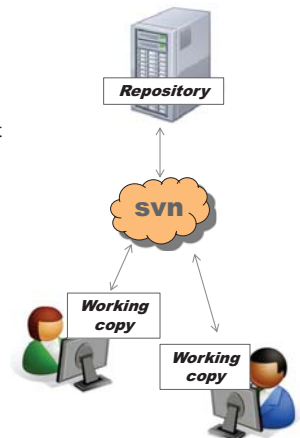
REPOSITORY

- **Can create the repository anywhere**
  - Can be on the same computer that you're going to work on, which might be ok for a personal project where you just want rollback protection

- **But, usually you want the repository to be robust:**
  - On a computer that's up and running 24/7
    - Everyone always has access to the project
  - On a computer that has a redundant file system
    - No more worries about that hard disk crash wiping away your project!

- **We'll use attu! (attu.cs.washington.edu)**

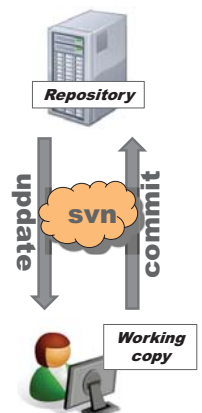
VERSION CONTROL COMMON ACTIONS

Most common commands:

Commit / checkin
  - integrate changes *from* your working copy *into* the repository

Update
  - integrate changes *into* your working copy *from* the repository

VERSION CONTROL COMMON ACTIONS (CONT.)
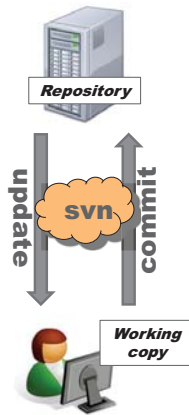
More common commands:

Add, delete

- add or delete a file in the repository
- just putting a new file in your working copy does not add it to the repo!

Revert

- wipe out your local changes to a file

Resolve, diff, merge

- handle a conflict – two users editing the same code

Repository

update | svn | commit

Working copy

HOW TO USE SUBVERSION

1. **Eclipse plugin: Subclipse**
2. **GUI interface: TortoiseSVN, NautilusSVN**
3. **Command line: PuTTY**

THIS QUARTER

- **We distribute starter code by adding it to your repo**
- **You will code in Eclipse**
- **You turn in your files by adding them to the repo and committing your changes**
- **You will validate your homework by SSHing onto attu and running an Ant build file**

DEMO!

http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse331/14au/tools/versioncontrol.html

WHAT IS ECLIPSE?

- **Integrated development environment (IDE)**
- **Allows for software development from start to finish**
  - Type code with syntax highlighting, warnings, etc.
  - Run code straight through or with breakpoints (debug)
  - Break code
- **Mainly used for Java**
  - Supports C, C++, JavaScript, PHP, Python, Ruby, etc.
- **Alternatives**
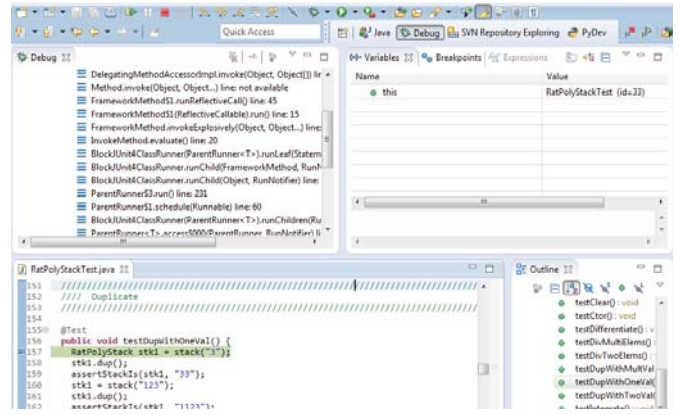 - NetBeans, Visual Studio, IntelliJIDEA

ECLIPSE SHORTCUTS

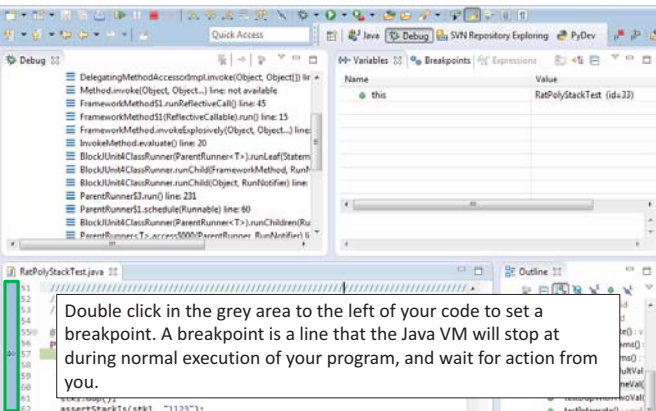| Shortcut	Purpose
Ctrl + D	Delete an entire line
Alt + Shift + R	Refactor (rename)
Ctrl + Shift + O	Clean up imports
Ctrl + /	Toggle comment
Ctrl + Shift + F	Make my code look nice ☺

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

- **System.out.println() works for debugging…**
  - It's quick
  - It's dirty
  - Everyone knows how to do it
- **…but there are drawbacks**
  - What if I'm printing something that's null?
  - What if I want to look at something that can't easily be printed (e.g., what does my binary search tree look like now)?
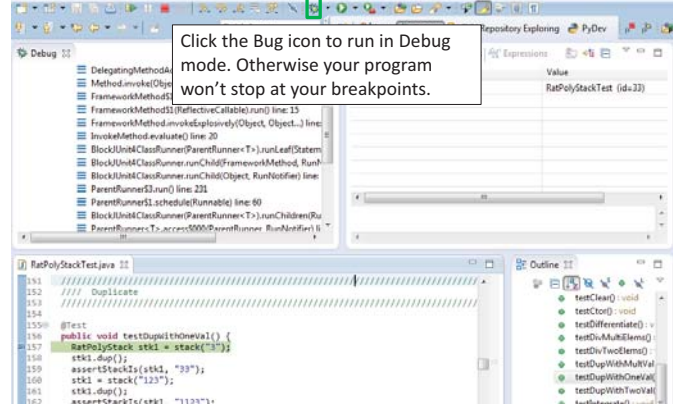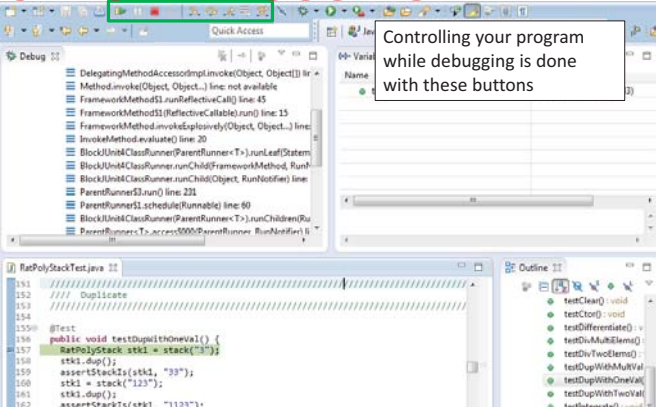- **Eclipse's debugger is powerful…if you know how to use it**
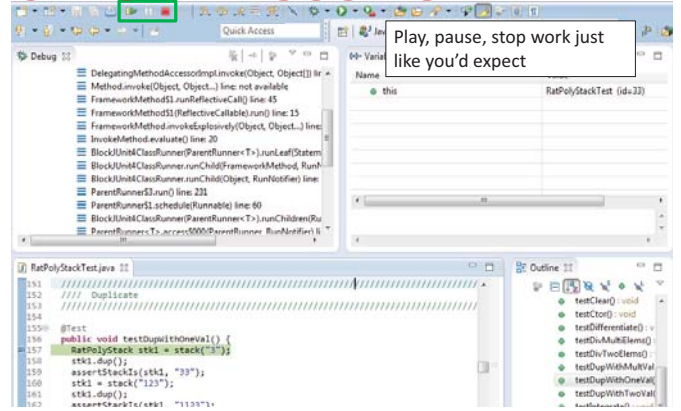
ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Double click in the grey area to left of your code to set a breakpoint. A breakpoint is a line that the Java VM will stop at during normal execution of your program, and wait for action from you.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Click the Bug icon to run in Debug mode. Otherwise your program won't stop at your breakpoints.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Controlling your program while debugging is done with these buttons

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Play, pause, stop work just like you'd expect
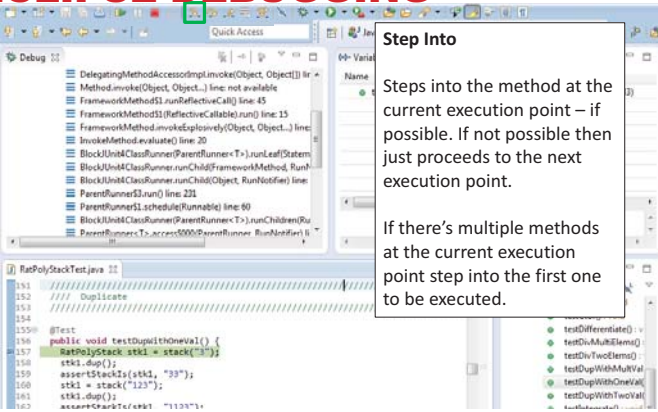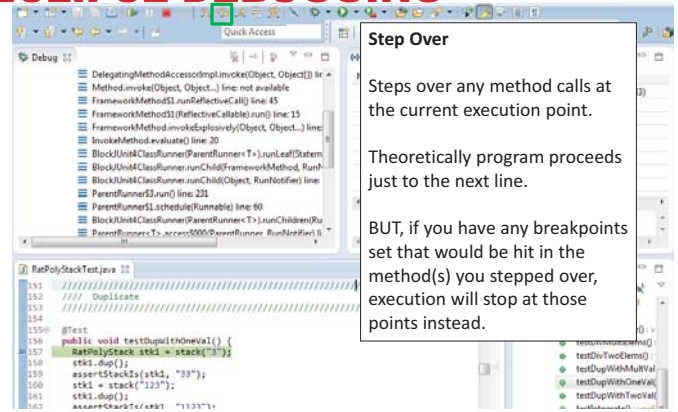
ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Step Into

Steps into the method at the current execution point – if possible. If not possible then just proceeds to the next execution point.

If there's multiple methods at the current execution point step into the first one to be executed.
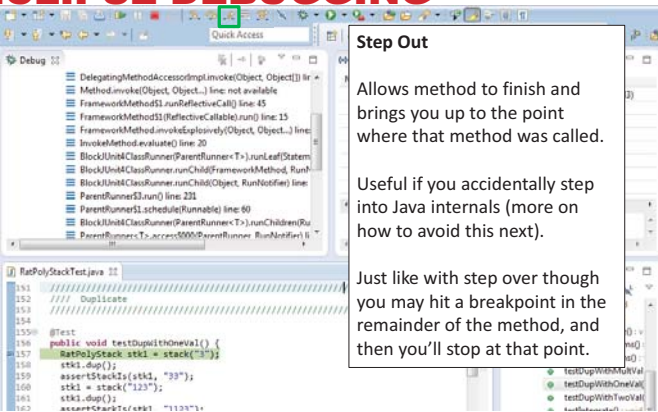
ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Step Over

Steps over any method calls at the current execution point.

Theoretically program proceeds just to the next line.

BUT, if you have any breakpoints set that would be hit in the method(s) you stepped over, execution will stop at those points instead.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING
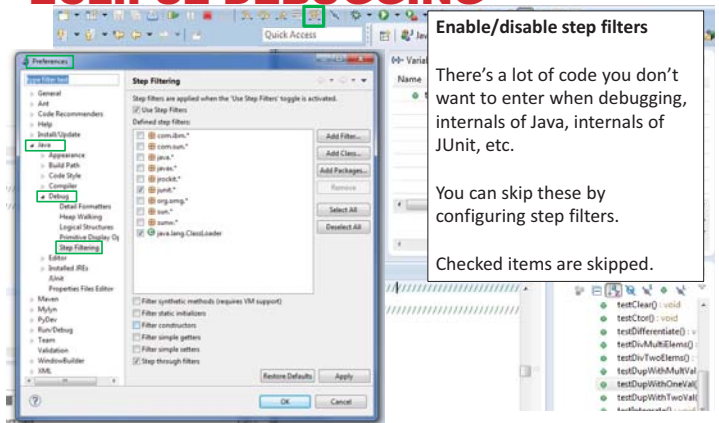
Step Out

Allows method to finish and brings you up to the point where that method was called.

Useful if you accidentally step into Java internals (more on how to avoid this next).

Just like with step over though you may hit a breakpoint in the remainder of the method, and then you'll stop at that point.
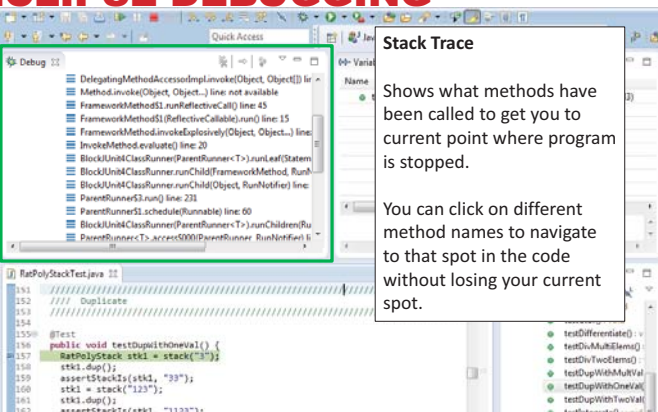
ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Enable/disable step filters

There's a lot of code you don't want to enter when debugging, internals of Java, internals of JUnit, etc.

You can skip these by configuring step filters.

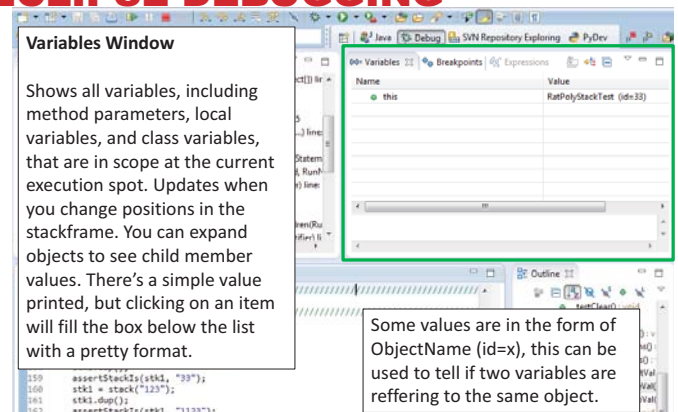Checked items are skipped.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Stack Trace

Shows what methods have been called to get you to current point where program is stopped.

You can click on different method names to navigate to that spot in the code without losing your current spot.

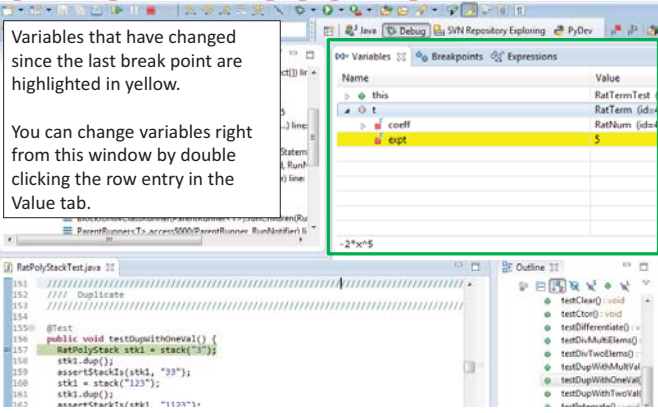# ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Variables Window

Shows all variables, including method parameters, local variables, and class variables, that are in scope at the current execution spot. Updates when you change positions in the stackframe. You can expand objects to see child member values. There's a simple value printed, but clicking on an item will fill the box below the list with a pretty format.

Some values are in the form of ObjectName (id=x), this can be used to tell if two variables are reffering to the same object.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

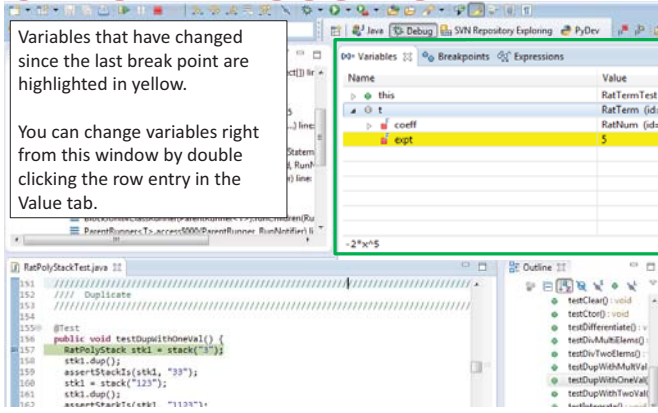Variables that have changed since the last break point are highlighted in yellow.
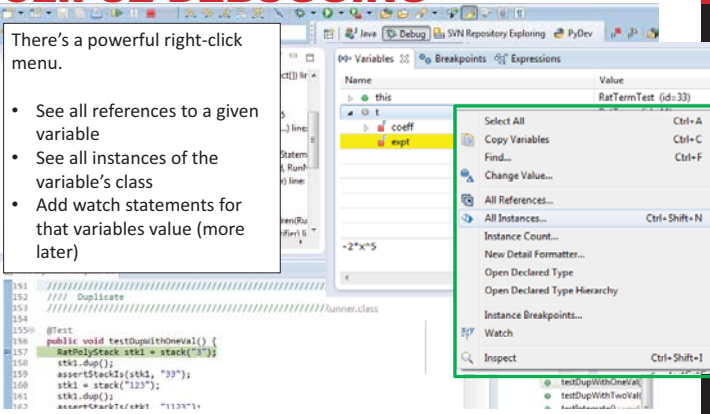
You can change variables right from this window by double clicking the row entry in the Value tab.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

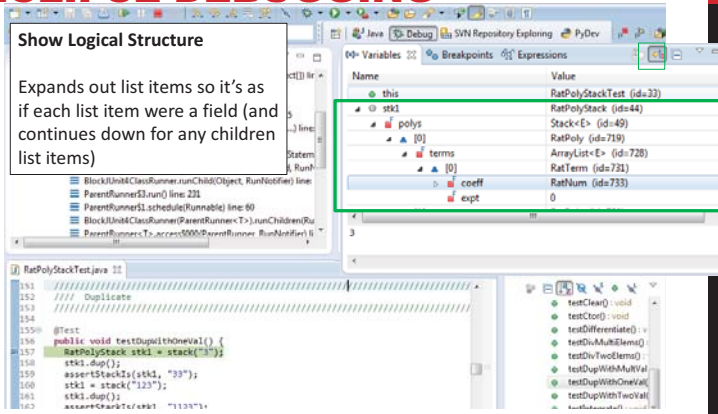# ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

There's a powerful right-click menu.

- See all references to a given variable
- See all instances of the variable's class
- Add watch statements for that variables value (more later)

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Show Logical Structure

Expands out list items so it's as if each list item were a field (and continues down for any children list items)
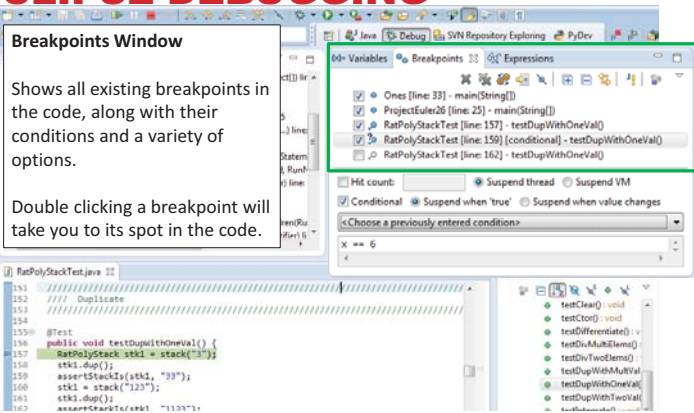

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Breakpoints Window

Shows all existing breakpoints in the code, along with their conditions and a variety of options.

Double clicking a breakpoint will take you to its spot in the code.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Enabled/Disabled Breakpoints

Breakpoints can be temporarily disabled by clicking the checkbox next to the breakpoint. This means it won't stop program execution until re-enabled.

This is useful if you want to hold off testing one thing, but don't want to completely forget about that breakpoint.
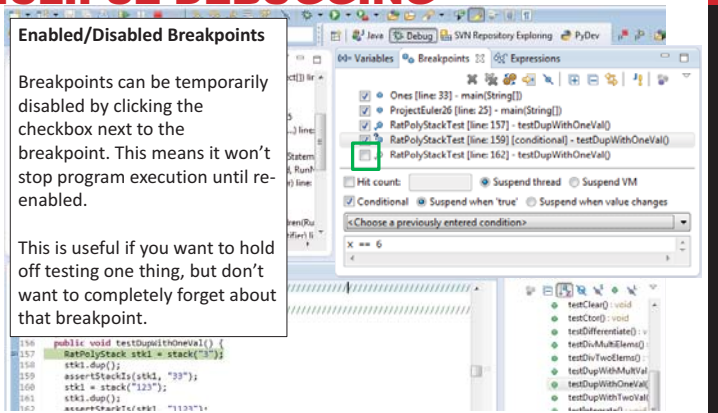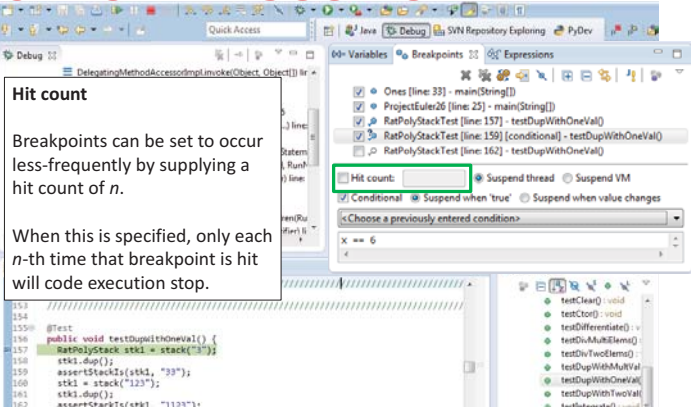
ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Hit count

Breakpoints can be set to occur less-frequently by supplying a hit count of *n*.

When this is specified, only each *n*-th time that breakpoint is hit will code execution stop.
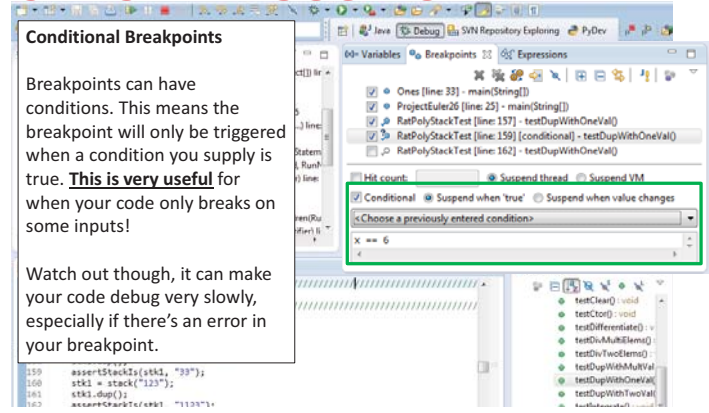

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Conditional Breakpoints

Breakpoints can have conditions. This means the breakpoint will only be triggered when a condition you supply is true. **This is very useful** for when your code only breaks on some inputs!

Watch out though, it can make your code debug very slowly, especially if there's an error in your breakpoint.
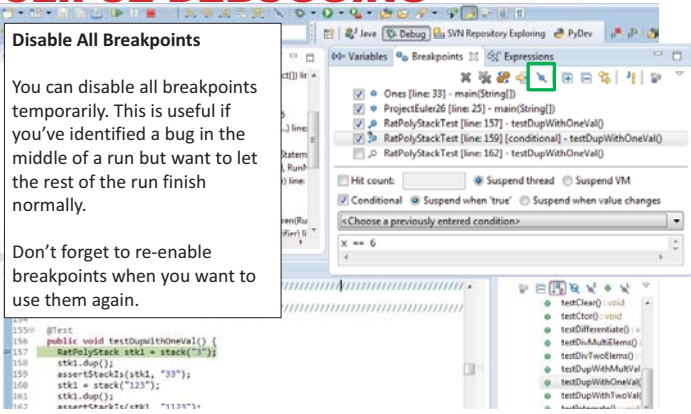

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Disable All Breakpoints

You can disable all breakpoints temporarily. This is useful if you've identified a bug in the middle of a run but want to let the rest of the run finish normally.
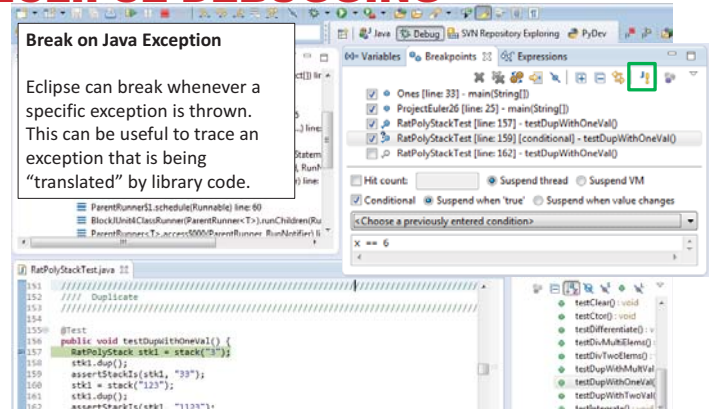
Don't forget to re-enable breakpoints when you want to use them again.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Break on Java Exception

Eclipse can break whenever a specific exception is thrown. This can be useful to trace an exception that is being "translated" by library code.
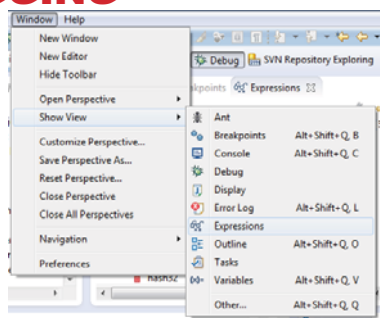

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Expressions Window

Used to show the results of custom expressions you provide, and can change any time.
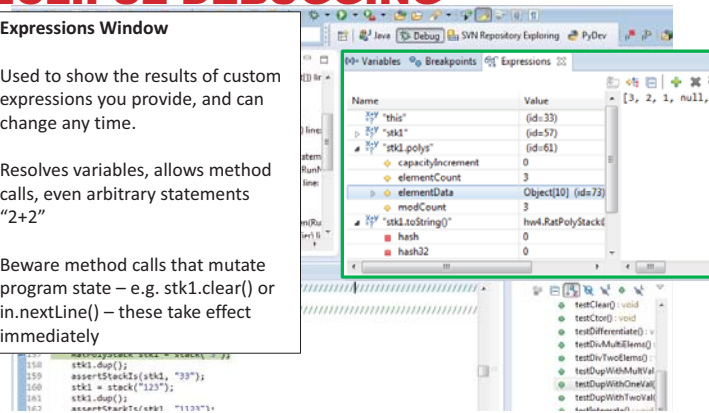
Not shown by default but highly recommended.

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Expressions Window

Used to show the results of custom expressions you provide, and can change any time.

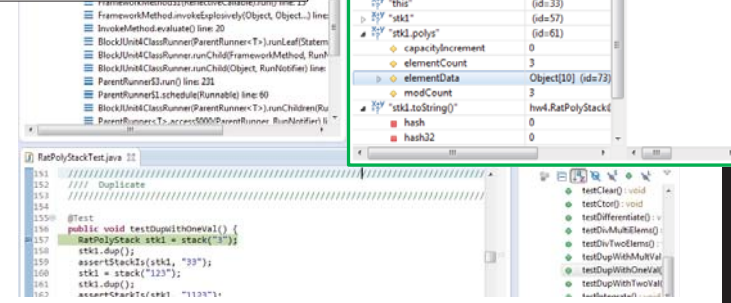Resolves variables, allows method calls, even arbitrary statements "2+2"

Beware method calls that mutate program state – e.g. stk1.clear() or in.nextLine() – these take effect immediately

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

Expressions Window

These persist across projects, so clear out old ones as necessary.

Demo 2!!

ECLIPSE DEBUGGING

- **The debugger is awesome, but not perfect**
  - Not well-suited for time-dependent code
  - Recursion can get messy
- **Technically, we talked about a "breakpoint debugger"**
  - Allows you to stop execution and examine variables
  - Useful for stepping through and visualizing code
  - There are other approaches to debugging that don't involve a debugger