One handout up front!

CSE 331
Software Design & Implementation

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Lecture 0 – Course Introduction
Course staff

• Lecturer:
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Ask us for help!
Welcome!

• We have 10 weeks to move to a level well above novice programmer:
  – Larger programs
  – Principled, systematic programming: What does it mean to get it right? How do we know when we get there? What are best practices for doing this?
  – Effective use of languages and tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, JavaDoc, svn
  • The principles are ultimately more important than the details
    – (Yeah, right…)
Main topic: Managing complexity

- Abstraction and specification
  - Procedural, data, control flow
  - Why they are useful and how to use them
- Writing, understanding, and reasoning about code
  - The examples are in Java, but the issues are more general
  - Object-oriented programming
- Program design and documentation
  - What makes a design good or bad (example: modularity)
  - The process of design and design tools
- Pragmatic considerations
  - Testing
  - Debugging and defensive programming
  - Managing software projects
The goal of system building

• To create a correctly functioning artifact!
• All other matters are secondary
  – Many of them are *essential* to producing a correct system
• We insist that you learn to create correct systems
  – This is hard (but fun and rewarding!)
Why is building good software hard?

• Large software systems are enormously complex
  – Millions of “moving parts”
• People expect software to be malleable
  – After all, it’s “only software”
  – Software mitigates the deficiencies of other components
• We are always trying to do new things with software
  – Relevant experience often missing

• Software engineering is about:
  – Managing complexity
  – Managing change
  – Coping with potential defects
    • Customers, developers, environment, software
Programming is hard

• It is surprisingly difficult to specify, design, implement, test, debug, and maintain even a simple program
• CSE 331 will challenge you
• If you are having trouble, *think* before you act
  – Then, look for help
• We strive to create assignments that are reasonable if you apply the techniques taught in class…
  … but likely hard to do in a brute-force manner
Prerequisites

- Knowing Java is a prerequisite
  - We assume you have mastered 142 and 143

Examples:
- Sharing:
  - Distinction between == and equals()
  - Aliasing (multiple references to the same object)
- Subtyping
  - Varieties: classes, interfaces
  - Inheritance and overriding
- Object-oriented dispatch:
  - Expressions have a compile-time type
  - Objects/values have a run-time type
Logistics

• 3 lectures/week + 1 section
  – You are responsible for what happens, even if you skip a day (but contact us if it is an emergency)
• All course materials are on the web (often after class): but **TAKE NOTES!**
• Communications:
  – Discussion board (not Delphic oracle)
    • Post/reply and it’ll keep track of your new stuff
  – Mailing list: messages from course staff to everyone (you are subscribed if you are enrolled; you are responsible for messages sent to the list)
Requirements

• Primarily programming assignments but some written problem sets, approximately weekly (55%)
• 1 midterm (15%), 1 final (25%)
• 5% online quizzes, exercises, citizenship, etc.
• Collaboration: individual work unless announced otherwise; never look at or show your code to others
• Extra credit: when available, small effect on your grade if you do it – no effect if you don’t

• We reserve the right to adjust percentages as the quarter evolves to reflect the workload
Academic Integrity

• Policy on the course web. Read it!
• Do your own work – always explain any unconventional action on your part
• I trust you completely
• I have no sympathy for trust violations – nor should you
• Honest work is the most important feature of a university (or engineering, or business). It shows respect for your colleagues and yourself.
Deadlines

• Turn things in on time!
• But things happen, so …
  – You have 4 late days for the quarter
  – No more than 2 per assignment
  – Counted in 24 hour chunks (5 min = 24 hours late)
  – If group projects, can only use if both partners
    have late days and both partners are charged
• That’s it. No other extensions (but contact instructor if you are hospitalized)
• Advice: Save late days for the end of quarter when
  you (might) really need them
Resources – Books

Required (assigned readings, some online quizzes) – every serious programmer should read these
- Pragmatic Programmer, Hunt & Thomas
- Effective Java 2nd ed, Bloch

Decent “Java book” if you want one
- Core Java Vol I, Horstmann
You have homework!

- Exercise 0, due online by 10 am Wednesday

- Write (don’t run!) an algorithm to rearrange the elements in an array
  - And argue that your solution is correct!

- No late submissions accepted on exercises or quizzes (only larger homework / programming assignments)
Work to do!

• If you’re still trying to add the course, please sign the info sheet before leaving today

• Fill in the Office Hours Doodle on the web site
  – We’re trying to get an idea what would be most useful

• Post an answer to the welcome message on the discussion list (get catalyst to track new postings for you)

• Exercise 0 due by 10 am Wed.

• So let’s get going…