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# The "8 Queens" problem

- Consider the problem of trying to place 8 queens on a chess board such that no queen can attack another queen.
  - What are the "choices"?
  - How do we "make" or "un-make" a choice?
  - How do we know when to stop?



# Naive algorithm

- for (each square on board):
  - Place a queen there.
  - Try to place the rest of the queens.
  - Un-place the queen.

- How large is the solution space for this algorithm?
  - 64 \* 63 \* 62 \* ...



# Better algorithm idea

- Observation: In a working solution, exactly 1 queen must appear in each 1 row and in each column.
  - Redefine a "choice" to be valid placement of a queen in a particular column.
  - How large is the solution space now?
    8 \* 8 \* 8 \* ...





• Suppose we have a Board class with these methods:

Method/Constructor	Description
public <b>Board</b> (int size)	construct empty board
<pre>public boolean isSafe(int row, int column)</pre>	true <b>if queen can be</b> <b>safely placed here</b>
public void <b>place</b> (int row, int column)	place queen here
public void <b>remove</b> (int row, int column)	remove queen from here
<pre>public String toString()</pre>	text display of board

- Write a method solveQueens that accepts a Board as a parameter and tries to place 8 queens on it safely.
  - Your method should stop exploring if it finds a solution.

#### **Exercise solution**

// Searches for a solution to the 8 queens problem
// with this board, reporting the first result found.
public static void solveQueens(Board board) {

```
if (solveQueens(board, 1)) {
    System.out.println("One solution is as follows:");
    System.out.println(board);
} else {
```

```
System.out.println("No solution found.");
```

}

### Exercise solution, cont'd.

```
// Recursively searches for a solution to 8 queens on this
// board, starting with the given column, returning true if a
// solution is found and storing that solution in the board.
// PRE: queens have been safely placed in columns 1 to (col-1)
public static boolean solveQueens (Board board, int col) {
    if (col > board.size()) {
        return true; // base case: all columns are placed
    } else {
        // recursive case: place a queen in this column
        for (int row = 1; row <= board.size(); row++) {</pre>
            if (board.isSafe(row, col)) {
                board.place(row, col); // choose
                if (explore(board, col + 1)) { // explore
                    return true; // solution found
                b.remove(row, col);
                                                 // un-choose
            }
        return false; // no solution found
```

# **Graphical User Interfaces**

- Involve large numbers of interacting objects and classes
  - Highly framework-dependent
- Path of code execution unknown
  - Users can interact with widgets in any order
  - Event-driven
- In Java, AWT vs. Swing; GUI builders vs. writing by hand

# Swing Framework

Great case study in OO design



# **Composite Layout**



Draw out desired result



Divide into regions



Figure out appropriate layout managers and components