

# CSE 143 Midterm Cheat Sheet

## Linked Lists

Below is an example of a method that could be added to the `LinkedList` class to compute the sum of the list:

```
public int sum() {
    int sum = 0;
    ListNode current = front;
    while (current != null) {
        sum += current.data;
        current = current.next;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

## Iterator<E> Methods

*(An object that lets you examine the contents of any collection)*

<code>hasNext()</code>	returns <code>true</code> if there are more elements to be read from collection
<code>next()</code>	reads and returns the next element from the collection
<code>remove()</code>	removes the last element returned by <code>next</code> from the collection

## List<E> Methods

*(An ordered sequence of values)*

<code>add(value)</code>	appends value at end of list
<code>add(index, value)</code>	inserts given value at given index, shifting subsequent values right
<code>clear()</code>	removes all elements of the list
<code>indexOf(value)</code>	returns first index where given value is found in list (-1 if not found)
<code>get(index)</code>	returns the value at given index
<code>remove(index)</code>	removes/returns value at given index, shifting subsequent values left
<code>set(index, value)</code>	replaces value at given index with given value
<code>size()</code>	returns the number of elements in list
<code>addAll(collection)</code>	adds all elements from the given collection to the end of the list
<code>contains(value)</code>	returns <code>true</code> if the given value is found somewhere in this list
<code>remove(value)</code>	finds and removes the given value from this list
<code>removeAll(list)</code>	removes any elements found in the given collection from this list
<code>iterator()</code>	returns an object used to examine the contents of the list

## Set<E> Methods

*(A fast-searchable set of unique values)*

<code>add(value)</code>	adds the given value to the set
<code>contains(value)</code>	returns <code>true</code> if the given value is found in the set
<code>remove(value)</code>	removes the given value from the set
<code>clear()</code>	removes all elements of the set
<code>size()</code>	returns the number of elements in the set
<code>isEmpty()</code>	returns <code>true</code> if the set's size is 0
<code>addAll(collection)</code>	adds all elements from the given collection to the set
<code>containsAll(collection)</code>	returns <code>true</code> if set contains every element from given collection
<code>removeAll(collection)</code>	removes any elements found in the given collection from this set
<code>retainAll(collection)</code>	removes any elements <i>not</i> found in the given collection from this set
<code>iterator()</code>	returns an object used to examine the contents of the set

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## Map<K, V> Methods

*(A fast mapping between a set of keys and a set of values)*

<code>put (key, value)</code>	adds a mapping from the given key to the given value
<code>get (key)</code>	returns the value mapped to the given key (null if none)
<code>containsKey (key)</code>	returns true if the map contains a mapping for the given key
<code>remove (key)</code>	removes any existing mapping for the given key
<code>clear ()</code>	removes all key/value pairs from the map
<code>size ()</code>	returns the number of key/value pairs in the map
<code>isEmpty ()</code>	returns true if the map's size is 0
<code>keySet ()</code>	returns a Set of all keys in the map
<code>values ()</code>	returns a Collection of all values in the map
<code>putAll (map)</code>	adds all key/value pairs from the given map to this map

## Point Methods

*(an object for storing integer x/y coordinates)*

<code>Point (x, y)</code>	constructs a new point with given x/y coordinates
<code>Point ()</code>	constructs a new point with coordinates (0, 0)
<code>getX ()</code>	returns the x-coordinate of this point
<code>getY ()</code>	returns the y-coordinate of this point
<code>translate (dx, dy)</code>	translates the coordinates by the given amount

## String Methods

*(An object for storing a sequence of characters)*

<code>length ()</code>	returns the number of characters in the string
<code>charAt (index)</code>	returns the character at a specific index
<code>compareTo (other)</code>	returns how this string compares to the other (-1 if less, 0 if equal, 1 if greater)
<code>equals (other)</code>	returns true if this string equals the other
<code>toUpperCase ()</code>	returns a new string with all uppercase letters
<code>toLowerCase ()</code>	returns a new string with all lowercase letters
<code>startsWith (other)</code>	returns true if this string starts with the given text
<code>substring (start, stop)</code>	returns a new string composed of character from start index (inclusive) to stop index (exclusive)

## Random Methods

<code>nextBoolean ()</code>	random true/false result
<code>nextDouble ()</code>	random real number between 0.0 and 1.0
<code>nextInt ()</code>	random integer
<code>nextInt (max)</code>	random integer between 0 and max

## Collections Implementations

<code>List&lt;E&gt;</code>	<code>ArrayList&lt;E&gt;</code> and <code>LinkedList&lt;E&gt;</code>
<code>Set&lt;E&gt;</code>	<code>HashSet&lt;E&gt;</code> and <code>TreeSet&lt;E&gt;</code> (values ordered)
<code>Map&lt;K, V&gt;</code>	<code>HashMap&lt;K, V&gt;</code> and <code>TreeMap&lt;K, V&gt;</code> (keys ordered)