| Functions |
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| Chapter 20 |
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Computing A Person's Body Mass Index

- A person's body mass index (BMI) is computed as follows (units are in inches and pounds):
BMI $=\frac{\text { weight }}{\text { height }^{2}} \times 703$
- Write a program to compute the BMI (via popup boxes) for the following two profiles:

Person 1: 62.5 inches, 130.5 pounds
Person 2: 58.5 inches, 90 pounds

## Solution

var height1 = 62.5;
var weight1 = 130.5;
var bmil = weight1 / (height1 * height1) * 703;
alert("1. BMI = [" + bmi1 + "]");
var height2 = 58.5;
var weight2 = 90;
var bmi2 = weight2 / (height2 * height2) * 703;
alert("2. BMI = [" + bmi2 + "]");

- What if we wanted to add another person's profile?

Observation: Code is a little repetitive.

- Just copy and paste with a few changes?


## In Search Of A Black Box

- What if there were a "black box" that computed the BMI such that if you gave the black box a height and a weight, it would give you back a BMI?
- Suppose the black box was called computeBMI.
- Computing the BMI of one person could look like the following
var height1 = 62.5;
var weight1 = 130.5;
var bmi1 = computeBMI (height1, weight1);
alert("1. BMI = [" + bmi1 + "]");
- What are the advantages of having such a black box?
- Code will be easier to understand as complex computations are hidden in the black box
- Computations can be re-used by invoking the name of the black box.

```
Solution?
    Repetitive code is prone to copy-paste errors.
var height1 = 62.5;
var weight1 = 130.5;
var bmi1 = weight1 / (height1 * height1) * 703;
alert("1. BMI = [" + bmi1 + "]");
var height2 = 58.5;
var weight2 = 90;
var bmi2 = weight2 / (height2 * height2) * 703;
alert("2. BMI = [" + bmi2 + "]");
```



## Black Box



## Using Functions

- To use a function:

1. declare it (create the black box)

- Write a group of statements and give it a name.

2. call it (use the black box)

- Tell our program to execute the statements in the function.


## Calling Functions

- Calling a function, general syntax:
<function name> (<parameters>);
- Example:
soundAlarm("We're out of cookies!");


## Declaring Functions That Do Not Return

- Declaring a function that does not return a value, general syntax:
function <identifier> (<parameter list>) \{ <statement(s)>
\}
- Example:
function soundAlarm(message) \{
alert (message);
alert("I repeat: " + message);
\}


## Exercise

- Write the computeBMI function.
- Solution:
function computeBMI (height, weight) \{
return weight / (height * height) * 703;
\}
- Rewrite the BMI solution to use this function.

```
Writing Functions That Return A Value
- Declaring a function that returns a value, general syntax:
    function <identifier> (<parameter list>) {
        <statement(s)>
        return <expression>;
    }
        value of this expression is
        the output of this function
- Example:
    function computePay(hours, payRate) {
    var taxRate = 0.1;
    var grossPay = hours * payRate;
    return grossPay - taxRate * grossPay;
    }
```


## Writing Functions That Return A Value

```
- Declaring a function that returns a value, general syntax: function <identifier> (<parameter list>) \{
```

```
return <expression>;
\}
value of this expression is
the output of this function
- Example:
function computePay(hours, payRate) \{
var taxRate = 0.1;
return grossPay - taxRate * grossPay; \}
```

oblivion. The following line of code is useless on its own:
computePay (10, 8);
What To Do With The Return Value?

- Use it right away
alert("IOU: " + computePay (10, 8));
- Store it in a variable for later use
var myPay = computePay(10, 8);
- If you ignore the return value, it gets lost into


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[^0]:    Calling Function With Multiple Parameters

    - When calling a function with multiple parameters, list the parameters in the same order that they were written in the function declaration
    - Function declaration:
    function computeBMI (height, weight) (
    return weight / (height * height) * 703;
    \}
    - Suppose the following variables have been declared: var patientHeight = 70.5;
    var patientWeight = 170;
    - Function call
    var bmi = computeBMI (patientHeight, patientWeight);
    var bmi $=$ computeBMI (patientWeight, patientHeight);

