

Announcements

 Dowell Eugenio tells me that all requests for lab section changes for students that were in Sections AE and AF have been resolved except for requests for the popular Section AD



Announcements

- Lab section changes for everyone should show up in MyUW
 - * See Jayson Curry in MGH 470 for add codes/overload codes

2



Announements

- Very important:
 - * Attend your lab sections this week
 - * If you missed a lab, attend the drop-in lab Friday morning at 10am
- All lab assignments are due Mondays at 5pm!
- Turn in to Catalyst Collect-It

3



An Assignment

- Assignment 1 is a treasure hunt
 - * Find the FIT100 web page
 - * Locate Assignment 1
 - * Print it out
 - * Using the syllabus, answer the questions
 - * Turn it in Friday at lecture

If you're here hoping to register for FIT100 when someone drops, do assignment 1.

4



Terms of Endearment

Using the right word speeds learning and helps getting help

© Lawrence Snyder 2004



Announcements

- Course Web site:
- http://www.cs.washington.edu/edu cation/courses/100

6



Le Mot Juste

mot juste/mo zoost/ (Fr.) most appropriate word, expression

Learning *le mot juste*, the right word for something, aids us in two ways:

- * Help Learning ... our brains seem to anchor concepts to words & phrases
- * Getting Help ... asking "tech support" for help or using online **HELP** requires us to describe the problem precisely

7



Terms

Probably familiar terms ...

- * screen saver
- * monitor
- * pixel
- * RGB
- * motherboard
- * [micro]processor
- * [RAM]memory

8



Software/Hardware

Hardware refers to physical devices; software refers to programs, the instructions directing a computer

- * The main difference is: hardware cannot be changed, while the software can be modified
- * The same hardware (computer) runs different software (applications)

9



A *mnemonic* is any memory aid

* In IT we try to avoid remembering or memorizing, but sometimes we must ... mnemonics can help

A mnemonic for periods and epochs in geology

Mnemonic

Camels Cambrian often Ordovician sit Silurian down Devonian carefully. Possibly their Carboniferous Permian Triassic joints creak. Jurassic Cretaceous Perhaps, Paleocene early Focene oiling Oligocene might Miocene Pliocene prevent premature Pleistocene

rusting. Recent



Terms

Definitions for "tangible" parts of IT -- RGB, pixel,... -- are found in glossaries

- A glossary is in the back of FIT
- Online glossaries are handy ... locate one
- A useful study aid is to start a document where you store the definitions of the new words you encounter -- later in the term we will show how to set up a DB for them

... the "intangible" words of IT are even more important



To Abstract

abstract = extract or remove something
"Beppo abstracted the statue as Holmes,

- 'Beppo abstracted the statue as Holmes, LeStrade and I watched"
- * In FIT100 abstracting will usually involve removing the core idea or process from a specific situation -- fables
 - The "thing removed" is an abstraction
- * Humans abstract core ideas, principles, rules, themes, etc. naturally

12



Imagine a Story ...

"In Kim's chem class the professor assigned challenge problems worth extra credit, but each week Kim couldn't do them and asked for help. The teacher said, 'Don't give up, attempt the problem again each day.' Kim followed the advice and was eventually able to solve the problems."

Abstracting from the situation: A good problem-solving technique is to return later to a problem.

- · Some aspects are relevant
- · Some aspects are irrelevant



To Generalize

generalize v. infer a rule

- * suppose you notice that faucets
 - turn to the left to turn the water on, and
 - turn to the right to turn the water off
- * to infer that all faucets do so is to generalize

Are there other examples?

* Other knobs, screws, nuts/bolts, ...



Operationally Attuned

Noticing how devices operate simplifies their use

Observation: Computers give feedback when they are working

So, if you think you're waiting for the computer but there is no feedback, it's waiting for you

One of the most effective habits new user can adopt is to be operationally attune



The Speed of Change

Consider running a mile ...

- * How fast can anyone run a mile?
 - In 1999 Hakim El Guerrouj ran it in 3:43.13
- * Compare with Roger Bannister
- In 1954 Bannister ran a mile in 3.59.4

* Express speed as a rate:

Bannister's rate = 15.04 mph El Guerrouj's rate = 16.27 mph

• In 45 years the mile run got 7% faster



A Speed Comparison

- Compared to normal people ...
 - * How fast can you run a mile?
 - Healthy people in their twenties ... ~7:30
 - * That is, El Guerrouj is twice as fast as us
 - * As a rate, 7:30 is 8 mph
- El Guerrouj is about a factor-of-2 faster than normal people ...

A factor-of-2 is a good rule for human strength



One More Factor

How fast do computers run? Measure +

- * Univac I ran 100,000 adds/sec in 1954
- * My IBM runs about 500,000,000 adds
 - A factor-of-5,000 improvement
- * ASCI Red ran 2,100,000,000,000 adds in 1999
 - A factor-of-21 Million improvement

Can we comprehend such speeds or factors of improvement???



Factors Precisely

A factor of improvement is different than a percent improvement ...

- factor = new_rate/old_rate
- percent = 100 x (new_rate-old_rate)/old_rate
- Expressing an improvement by its factor is easier, esp. for large changes
 - El Guerrouj's 7% improvement over Bannister is a 1.07 factor of improvement

Indy 500: 1911 Harroun 74.59mph; 2002 Castroneves 166.5mph



Analytical Approach

One reason to notice the factors of improvement is to recognize scale

- The time for the mile run has improved
- Maximum adds per second has improved
- * But the difference in scale is dramatic
 - A factor-of-1.07 for the mile run
 - A factor-of-21,000,000 for additions

Getting information is easy with IT, but we need analysis to understand the significance

20



Summarizing

It is essential to learn the vocabulary of a new field

- * Words of tangible aspects of IT have definitions in glossaries
- * Words for the intangible are key
 - Abstract
 - Generalize
 - Operationally Attuned
- * Being analytical is key to understanding