

### Announcements

Chapter 6 for todayChapter 7 for Friday



### Announcement

- New Drop-In Lab added
  - \* Wednesdays, 1:30-2:30 (MGH 044)
  - \* All the other drop-in labs are in MGH 430:
    - Monday 4:30-5:20pm
    - Wednesday 10:30-12:20pm
  - See our course Web site's home page for more details
- Any student can go to anyone's office hours



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### PROJECT 1A



### Project 1—Details on Web

### Topics can range from science fiction to the National Inquirer!

- Another sphinx found amidst Lunar ruins of old civilization
- \* New human gene found
- \* Eiffel Tower moved to Seattle
- \* Dolphin dictionary developed and tested: first address by the Queen Dolphin
- \* 12-year-old quarterback leads Huskies to third national title!



# Project 1—Details on Web

- Subtlety? No!
  - \* Content should move from serious to absurd, ridiculous, or hilarious
    - First glance: serious
    - Anyone who reads it thoroughly should realize that the site is a hoax
- Label the site as a hoax or bogus
  - \* Logo
  - \* Disclaimer



### Project 1

 Include copyright information for all photos and other content
 \* See instructions for more details



### Turn In Steps

- Publish your page by uploading to the Web server
- Copy your Project1A files into a Project1B folder
- Submit your Word or .txt with project URL in Catalyst Collect It
- Do not touch anything in your 1A folder after the deadline
   We will check
  - \* Until grading is complete the timestamps



Applied to Web publishing
WWW AND INTERNET
KNOWLEDGE

# 6533

### Questions

- Over the next six weeks, think about
   \* What is Dante and where is it?
  - \* Where are your Web files stored?
  - \* What is the Students server?
  - \* How does Students relate to what is in your SSH File Transfer window?
  - \* What does "local" mean?
  - \* What does "remote" mean?



# Debugging & Troubleshooting

"To err is human, but it takes a computer to really foul things up"

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### Precision: The High Standards of IT



- Precision in Everyday Life
  - Many people say "oh" rather than zero when giving a phone number
  - The listener makes the mental conversion because he knows phone numbers are numeric
  - Computer does not know that unless it has been programmed to know it



### Exactly How Accurate Is "Precise?"

- Modem or database software can be programmed to make "oh" to zero corrections automatically because all digits will always be numbers
- In e-mail programs, both letters and numbers are allowed, so the computer can't be programmed to auto-correct. Users have to be careful



### Lexical Structures

- Field Inputs: Information entered into boxes/forms on screen
  - Governed by *lexical structures* (rules about the legal form, or syntax, for input fields)
    - May limit symbols that can appear in specific positions, length of entry, etc.
    - May also be *loose*, allowing any sequence of symbols of any length



### Debugging: What's the Problem?

- Debugging: The method of figuring out why a process or system doesn't work properly
  - \* Usually learned from experience
- Debugging in Everyday Life: People troubleshoot problems such as why their cars don't start
  - Usually involve working system with broken or worn-out part
- Debugging in Information Technology:
  - \* Working system might have wrong data or wrong configuration information or
  - \* There might be a logical design error
  - \* We will always begin by assuming a correct, working

7-15 system



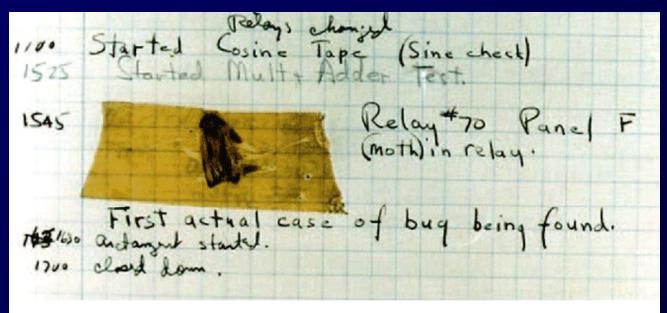


Figure 7.1 The Harvard Mark II logbook noting "First actual case of bug being found."



### Animation

 Debugging HTML

 http://courses.washington.edu/benefit/ FIT100/Lessons/Lesson3/graphics/htmld eBug.swf



### Whose Problem Is It?

- When we debug an information system, we are always part of the problem
  - \* We give the commands and the input
    - Operator or pilot error
  - \* Only other possible cause is broken system
- People don't knowingly make errors
  - \* We may think we did everything right because we misunderstand the system



### Using the Computer to Debug

- A computer can't debug itself
- We can't debug it directly, either
- Error is internal to the computer
  - \* To get information about the error, we have to ask the computer what data it stored, etc.
- With faulty software we cannot fix, try to bypass error with alternative approach (*workaround*)



# **Dialog About Debugging**

- Debugging is solving a mystery
   \* Whatdunit vs. whodunit
- Ask purposeful questions like:
  - \* Do I need more clues?
  - \* Are my clues reliable?
  - \* What is a theory to explain the problem?
- Better than aimlessly "trying stuff"



# Debugging (cont'd)

- Steps to follow:
  - 1. Check that the error is reproducible
  - 2. Make sure you know what the problem is
    - If no mailing labels come out of printer, problem may be with printer or with program sending labels to printer or file containing addresses
  - 3. Check all the "obvious" sources of error
  - 4. Isolate the problem
    - Divide operation into those parts that are working and those that are not working
    - Think objectively—ask yourself if you've made a wrong assumption, etc.

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### **Debugging Recap**

- Make sure you can reproduce the error
- Determine exactly what the problem is
- Eliminate "obvious" causes (Is it plugged in?)
- Divide the process, separating out the parts that work from the part that doesn't (isolate the problem)
- When you reach a dead end, reassess your information; then step through the process again
- As you work through, make predictions about what should happen and verify that they are
   7-23 fulfilled



### Butterflies And Bugs: A Case Study

- Imagine we've developed a simple HTML page
- Following is our goal page:



### Our Goal Page:

#### $\Theta \bigcirc \Theta$

Butterflies

### **Endangered Butterflies**

#### Nabokov's Blues Threatened

Vladimir Nabokov, the famous Russian-American author of *Lolita*, was also a lepidopterist. He studied and named butterflies known as **Blues**. In his novel *Pnin* Nabokov wrote:

A score of small butterflies, all of one kind, were settled on a damp patch of sand, their wings erect and closed, showing their pale undersides with dark dots and tiny orange-rimmed peacock spots along the hindwing margins; one of Pnin's shed rubbers disturbed some of them and revealing the celestial hue of their upper surface, they fluttered around like blue snowflakes before settling again.

This butterfly, Karner's Blue, named by Nabokov, is among several threatened with extinction. More here.

Picture	Name	Scientific Name	Home	Threat
	Karner Blue	Lycaeides melissa samuelis	USA	Fire suppression in pine barrens limiting food plant, Lupine
and the second se	Andean Blue	Pseudolucia andina	Chile	Rabbits eating its food plant, Astragalus
A CONTRACTOR OF	Southern Blue	Pseudolucia sibylla	Argentina- Chile border	Livestock grazing its food plant, Adesmia

Blues At Risk

#### Figure 7.2 The intended Web page.



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Butterflies

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?	Andean Blue	Pseudolucia andina		Rabbits eating its food plant, Astragalus
?	Southern Blue	Pseudolucia sibylla	Argentina-Chile border	Livestock grazing its food plant, Adesmia
There we	and a second anoming the part	e. For more informatio	on, choose Activity from the Window menu.	)•

Blues At Risk

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Figure 7.3 The Butterflies page displayed by the Safari browser.



### The Actual Display in IE:

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End	angered B	utterflie	es	
labo	kov's <mark>Blues</mark> T	hreatened	t i	
ladimir amed b	Nabokov, the famous utterflies known as Bl	Russian-Americ ues. In his nove	can author of <i>Lolita</i> , was also a lepido el <i>Pnin</i> Nabokov wrote:	opterist. He studied and
			re settled on a damp patch of sand, th	
heir upp	g margins; one of Pnin per surface, they flutter erfly, Karner's Blue, na	<i>'s shed rubbers ed around like b</i> amed by Naboke	ork dots and tiny orange-rimmed peace disturbed some of them and revealing blue snowflakes before settling again. ov, is among several threatened with Blues At Risk	g the celestial hue of
heir upp	n margins; one of Pnin per surface, they flutter	<i>'s shed rubbers ed around like b</i> amed by Naboke	disturbed some of them and revealing blue snowflakes before settling again. ov, is among several threatened with	g the celestial hue of
<i>heir upp</i> heir upp his butt	<i>g margins; one of Pnin ber surface, they flutter</i> erfly, Karner's Blue, na Lycaeides melissa	<i>'s shed rubbers ed around like b</i> amed by Naboke	disturbed some of them and revealing blue snowflakes before settling again. ov, is among several threatened with Blues At Risk Fire suppression in pine barrens	g the celestial hue of

#### 7-27

Figure 7.4 The Butterflies page displayed by the Internet Explorer browser.



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Butterflies

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R	Andean Blue	Pseudolucia andina	Chile	Rabbits eating its food plant, A stragalus
	Southern Blue	Pseudolucia sibylla	Argentina-Chile border	Livestock grazing its food plant, A desmia

**Blues At Risk** 

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Figure 7.5 The Butterflies page displayed by the Firefox browser.



- Displaying the page in Safari and Mozilla also produces errors
  - \* Test in multiple browsers!
- We can study the HTML very closely and "brain out" where the error is
- We will use the debugging strategy



- First, be sure we can re-create the error
  - \* Reload the page
  - \* In this case, the results are the same
- Next, determine the problem exactly
  - \* Look at the displayed page and determine where the errors occur
  - Since there are multiple errors on different parts of the page, assume they are caused by different mistakes in the HTML
    - Try to fix first/top error on page first; save and refresh browser



### The HTML for Our Page

<html>

<head> <title>Butterflies</title>

</head>

<body><font face="Helvetica">

<hl> Endangered Butterflies</hl>

<h2>Nabokov's <font color="blue">Blues</font> Threatened</h2> Vladimir Nabokov, the famous Russian-American author of <i>Lolita</i>, was also a lepidopterist. He studied and named butterflies known as <b><font color=blue>Blues </font></b>. In his novel <i>Pnin</i> Nabokov wrote:

<i>A score of small butterflies, all of one kind, were settled on a damp patch of sand, their wings erect and closed, showing their pale undersides with dark dots and tiny orange-rimmed peacock spots along the hindwing margins; one of Pnin's shed rubbers disturbed some of them and revealing the celestial hue of their upper surface, they fluttered around like blue snowflakes before settling again. </i>

threatened with extinction.
<ahref="http://www.libraries.psu.edu/nabokov/endan2.htm"> More
here.</a>

<caption><b><font color=blue">Blues</font> At Risk </b> </caption>

Picture

Name

Scientific Name

HomeThreat

<ing src="lmeli.jpg"/>

Karner Blue

<i>Lycaeides melissa samuelis</i>

USA

Fire suppression in pine barrens limiting food plant, Lupine

img src="pandi.jpg"/>

Andean Blue

<i>Pseudolucia andina</i>

Chile

Rabbits eating its food plant, Astragalus<img src="psiby.jpg"/>

Southern Blue

<i>Pseudolucia sibylla</i>

Argentina-Chile border

Livestock grazing its food plant, Adesmia

</font>

</body> </html>

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- Next, eliminate the obvious
  - \* In HTML, most common error is forgetting to close a tag
    - For example: <b> with no closing </b> tage
  - \* Make sure all quotes match (open and close)
    - In this case, the word Blues appears in red on the page. Why?

<caption><b><font color=blue">Blues</font>

- Missing opening quotation mark around the attribute value "blue"
- \* Why is the "More here" link not highlighted?
  - Space missing between <a and href</li>
- 7-32



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Butterflies

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**Blues At Risk** 

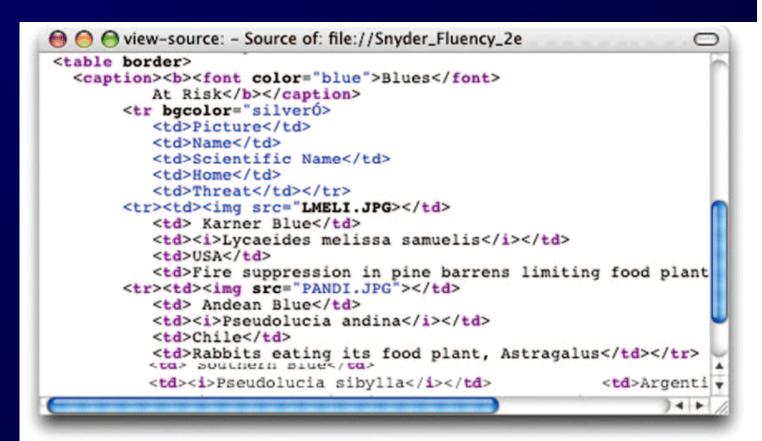
There were 3 errors opening the page. For more information, choose Activity from the Window menu.

Figure 7.9 The Butterflies page after correcting the heading color.



- Divide up the process
  - \* Separate the parts of the system that work from the parts that do not
    - First row of the table
    - Browsers and debugging systems for HTML can give us a color-coded version of the HTML, showing how it's being interpreted (for example, Notepad++)
      - View (page) source
    - We see the entire heading line is colored blue as if it's an attribute
    - The problem turns out to be a fancy quote that the browser cannot interpret





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Figure 7.8 The Source View displayed by the Firefox browser for the start of



- Reassess
  - \* The pictures are still not displaying
  - \* We find that the image tags are well structured and the browser is interpreting them correctly
  - \* What is the problem?
    - To check that the images are ok, display in another document
    - To check that the JPEG specification is ok, put another image file in the document
    - Check the exact file name for the image, including capitalization
      - In this case, we find the filename extension is .jpeg, not .jpg as we have been using



- Unnecessary changes:
  - During the debugging process, we made some unnecessary changes due to wrong conjectures about the error
  - Making unnecessary changes is typical in debugging
    - Sometimes we even make the situation worse by introducing new errors



- Hiding other errors:
  - \* At first we thought we had three errors—bad caption, missing link, busted table
  - Because there were two things wrong with the table (messed up heading line and wrong file names specified) there were actually four errors
  - Because it is common for one error to hide another, always suspect there is more than one error



- Viewing the source:
  - \* Most effective technique in our debugging was the View Source feature
  - In general, one of the most powerful debugging techniques is to find ways for the computer to tell us the meaning of the information it stores or the commands it executes
- Little errors, big problems:
  - The errors in the HTML code were tiny, but they had serious effects
  - \* We must be extremely precise



### No Printer Output: A Classic Scenario

- Most systems we use, we don't create
- The software is very complicated. How do we troubleshoot a system we don't understand?
- Generally, software has been extensively tested before we come in contact with it
  - \* Standard operations are likely to be bug-free
- To illustrate debugging a system without understanding it, consider a common problem: You try to print a document and nothing comes out of the printer

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# Applying the Debugging Strategy

- Apply the debugging strategy:
  - \* Reproduce the error, understand the problem, check the obvious causes
  - \* Check the printer's control panel, the paper, the cartridges, cable connection, file to be printed, installation of printer driver, whether others can print (if it's a shared printer) and whether you can print a different document
    - Simple, quick checks
  - \* If this does not solve the problem, press on



### Pressing On

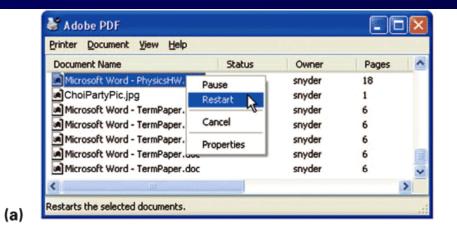
- Try to isolate the problem:
  - \* Configuration is correct because you've printed before
  - \* Try printing a simple document
    - Same problem
  - \* Think through the probable process
    - If the computer couldn't send the data to the printer, wouldn't it give a message to plug in the printer?
    - Look around for the stranded files
      - In the printing monitor's files, you find a list of files you've tried to print recently
      - Start > Printers and Faxes



### The Print Queue

- You've found the print queue
- Computer's settings may tell it to "queue" converted files rather than printing them immediately
  - \* Pause Printing
- You may never know how this occurred, but you can still fix it by re-configuring the driver
  - \* Unclick Pause Printing or click Resume Printing





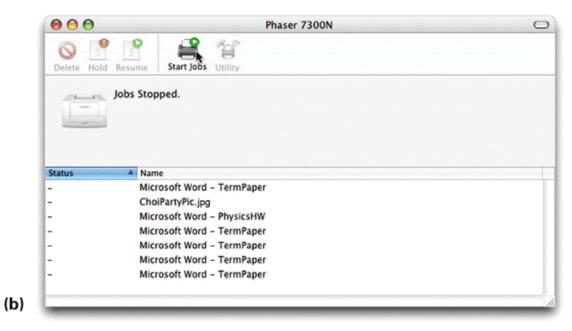
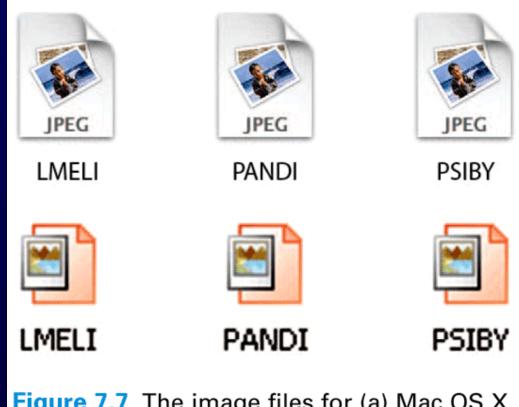


Figure 7.11 Printer queues for (a) Windows and (b) Mac operating systems.





**Figure 7.7** The image files for (a) Mac OS X and (b) Windows.



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Butterflies

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**Blues At Risk** 

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Figure 7.10 The table from the Butterflies page after revising with a new file.