FIT100

Test Your Tech

Crackers and cookies are:

- A. Bytes to share with friends.
- B. The best minor league baseball team of all time and their cheerleaders.
- C. Hackers who attempt to break a program (crackers) and data stored on your computer by a Web server (cookies).



Test Your Tech

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Announcements

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- Friday is our last lecture
- No final next week
- No quiz this week
- Deadline: before 10pm On Tuesday, December 11
 - * Labs 13 and 14
 - * Extra Credit Labs: 10, 12, 15, and 16
 - * Extra Credit Papers
 - * Project 3



Announcements

- Special Lab next week (optional)
 - * Tuesday, December 11, 2:00 5:00 pm
 - * Location: MGH 430
 - Computer classroom with 35 computers
 - Drop-in with specific questions
 - Get help with project 3
 - D.A., Dave, and Sam



Privacy

ACLU: Pizza Palace
http://aclu.org/pizza/images/screen.swf



Database

- Primary Keys and Unique IDs
 - * <u>http://uweoconnect.extn.washington.e</u> <u>du/primarykeysuniqueidsdslfit7/</u>







Encryption

 <u>http://uweoconnect.extn.washingto</u> n.edu/encryptiondslfit7/







Encryption Issue

Traditionally, encryption technology has been "breakable" with effort

- Breakable codes let law enforcement and governments watch criminals and spies
- Codes are good enough for the honest



















What Makes RSA Work?

Though the numbers get huge,

computer can handle them quickly

- These codes are strong because breaking them needs s, which needs p, q, which means factoring $K_{\!r}$
- Factoring is computationally tough -- best methods are only somewhat better than grammar school, "try all small primes"
- Picking 129 digit key, means no computer can factor it ... so the code is unbreakable



RSA Challenge

After inventing their scheme (1977), RSA challenged people to break it

- Their first key was broken in 1994 using 1000 computers over 8 months
- Their secret message: THE MAGIC WORDS ARE SQUEAMISH OSSIFRAGE

Doomed? No. There are many other 129 digit keys, or if people get nervous make 200 digit keys or more ... breaking gets harder very fast; encrypt/decrypt doesn't



Is Strong Encryption Smart

Should we allow people to use strong encryption? Or should only breakable codes be legal?

- It hampers law enforcement and security
- Most criminals reveal plans in other ways
- PKC exists and is known, so build in escape -- Trap door
- -- Key Escrow
- But are these schemes really secure?