

# FIT 100 Bugs vs. Faults

When the car doesn't start because of a dead battery, figuring out the problem uses debugging skills ... however, finding the dead battery is not technically debugging - it's "fault identification".

□ When the error is a failing component of a correct design, it is a fault ... when the battery is fixed, the car runs

- □ When the error is a failure of the design, it is a bug
- When dealing with complex computer software and technologies, the chances are extremely high that the error is a bug

□ In other words, you've most likely made a reasoning error

+ 2000-2001 Lie

# FIT 100 To Debug is to Think Abstractly

- \* Debugging is a process that improves with practice.
- \* Helps you trace what is going wrong with the program at hand
- ✤ An effective way to proceed is to... □ Think about what you know ... the facts □ Consider what should be true ... the assumptions Formulate a test hypothesis ... gather evidence
   Work intelligently ... assess if you're making progress
- Think about how great it feels to find the problem that stumped everyone else! © Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington

FIT 100 Guidelines for Debugging

- There is no one sure way to debug. Every situation is ٠ different...but there are some guidelines you can follow
- 1. Make sure the error is reproducible in other words, make it happen again
  - "Transient errors" can occur
  - $\hfill\square$  The error may have been caused by a state or configuration that was unknowingly set .. Get a "clean" instance of the bug
  - □ When reproducing the error, try to work with or create a minimal version of the system or program with the bug Copy a chunk of HTML and look at it by itself

right 2000-2001. Univ

rsity of Washing

### FIT 100 Guidelines : Check the obvious!

- Check for obvious problems

   Make sure that what you entered is what is required
   Are there substitution mistakes? O-0 or 1-1 or 1-1

  - Has anything been changed recently?
     Or, do you just THINK you changed something?
  - □ When there are multiple inputs, does the order matter?
  - □ The chances are small that the problem is obvious but always start with this as a process of elimination

## FIT 100 Guidelines : Isolate the error

- Isolate the problem Most likely the error is in a specific place in the system/program, so sections that are "correct" should be removed from consideration

  - Verifying that parts you think are correct really ARE correct is essential
    - Are you SURE you don't have to end a tag, or enclose a value in quotes?

© Copyright 2000-2001. University of Washington

### FIT 100 Guidelines : Step through the process

- Ok, you've isolated the error now what? Reason through the process start-to-finish, predicting what should be computed and then verifying that is has been
  - □ If your prediction doesn't match an observation, then move inwards and further isolate the problem
    - The process was OK prior to this step
    - The process was incorrect after this step
  - Look at the inputs and reason through the step
  - □ If the bug isn't found, continue applying the guidelines

© Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington

# Error Cuidelines : Assess Objectively S. It often will happen that you check everything out and find it to be OK, but the bug is still there DON'T become frustrated!!!! Instead, evaluate your progress objectively Are you making a wrong assumption Are you misinterpreting the data input or output? Have you made a wrong prediction/deduction?

FIT 100	► The basic 2 x 2 table in HTML has the following scheme:		
Debugging Example: Building an HTML Table	<tr> <td>This is Row 1, Cell 1</td> <td>This is Row 1, Cell 2</td> </tr> Row 1 spec	This is Row 1, Cell 1	This is Row 1, Cell 2
This is Row 1, Cell 1	This is Row 1, Cell 2		
	<tr> <td>This is Row 2, Cell 1</td> <td>This is Row 2, Cell 2</td> Row 2 spec </tr>	This is Row 2, Cell 1	This is Row 2, Cell 2
This is Row 2, Cell 1	This is Row 2, Cell 2		
© Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington			

 This is Row 1, Cell 1 This is Row 1, Cell 2  
This is Row 2, Cell 1 This is Row 2, Cell 2

FIT 100NBA Players Table: First a	ttempt	
	nba.html	
<table border="2" cellpadding="3" width="80%"></table>		
<tr bgcolor="#33CCFF"></tr>		
<td>Name</td>	Name	
<td>Team</td>	Team	
<td>Photo</td>	Photo	
<td>Michael Jordan</td>	Michael Jordan	
<td>Chicago Bulls</td>	Chicago Bulls	
<td<img bird"="" src="jordan&gt;&lt;/TD&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;TD&gt;Larry Bird&lt;/TD&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;TD&gt;Boston Celtics&lt;/TD&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;TD&lt;IMG SRC="></td<img>		
<tr><td>Dennis Rodman</td></tr>	Dennis Rodman	
Dennis Rodman		
<td>Chicago Bulls</td>	Chicago Bulls	
<td <img="" align="center" src="worm jpg"></td>		
⊲/TR>		

 © Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington |Γ

# FIT 100 Steps

- ✤ Is the bug reproducible? ...reconstruct web page
- ✤ Check the "obvious" stuff … locate the NBA photos
- Isolate the problem ... analyze the page what's wrong?
- Reason through the process
   Think about what should be happening (what you should see)
   Make predictions and check if they occur
- Assess your progress objectively (don't freak out!!!!)
   What do you need to know or find out?
   Are there other things you can do?
   Don't get frustrated (I know it's easy to do!)

© Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washington

# FIT 100 Coming up...

- ♦ Read through Lab 6 □ There are readings AND helpful web pages in the lab
- ✤ For Friday Lecture □ Read Chapter 9 in the FIT course pack
- And of course, for Friday....
   □ Project 1, Part 1 due
   □ Read the Project description for turn-in instructions
   □ A suggestion:
   □ Don't use your freebie on this one-you'll need it later
- ♦ Office Hours all this week to help you out!!!!!!!
   □ See web page

Copyright 2000-2001, University of Washi